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Roche

FY 2019 results

London, 30 January 2020



## Group

Severin Schwan
Chief Executive Officer





## 2019 performance





Targets for 2019		FY 2019	
Group sales growth <sup>1</sup>	High-single digit (raised during the year)	+9%	<b>✓</b>
Core EPS growth <sup>1</sup>	Broadly in line with sales growth	+13%	<b>✓</b>
Dividend outlook	Further increase dividend in Swiss francs <sup>2</sup>	CHF 9.00	<b>~</b>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At constant exchange rates (CER); <sup>2</sup> 2019 dividend as proposed by the Board of Directors





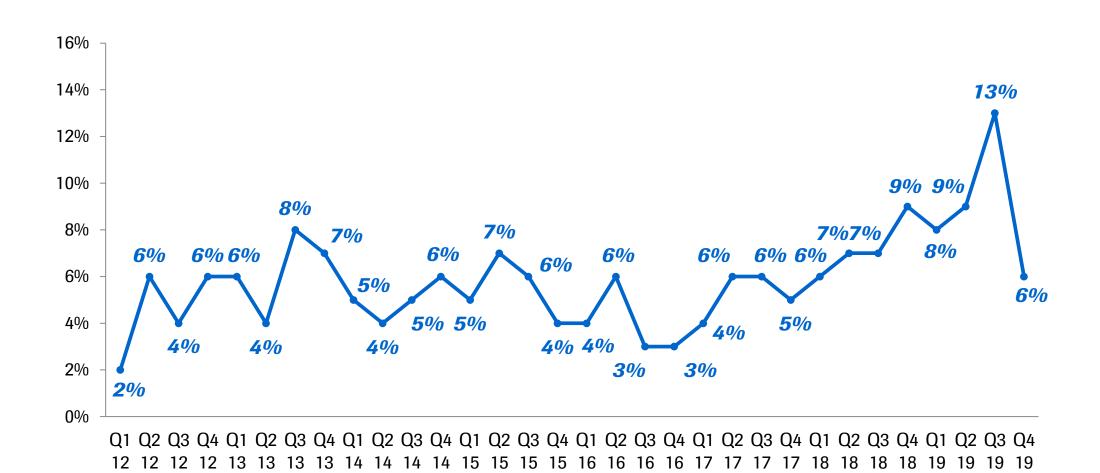
	2019	2018	Change in %	
	CHFbn	CHFbn	CHF	CER
Pharmaceuticals Division	48.5	44.0	10	11
Diagnostics Division	12.9	12.9	1	3
Roche Group	61.5	56.8	8	9

CER=Constant Exchange Rates 7





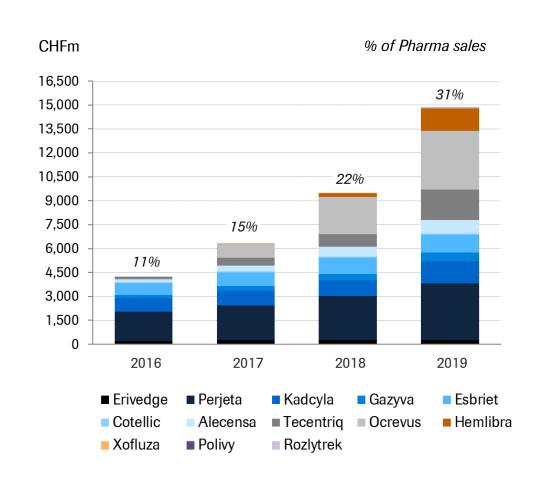
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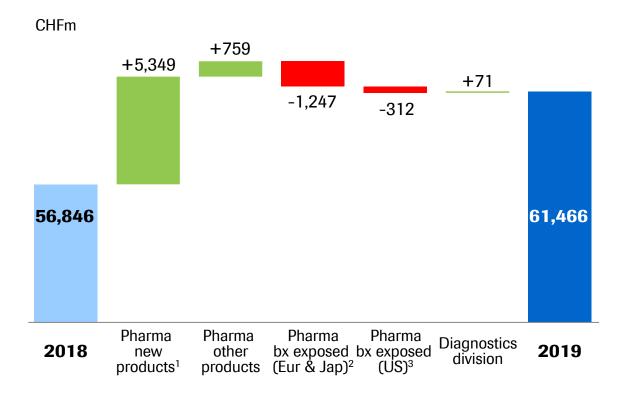


At constant exchange rates (CER)

### **New products with strong momentum**

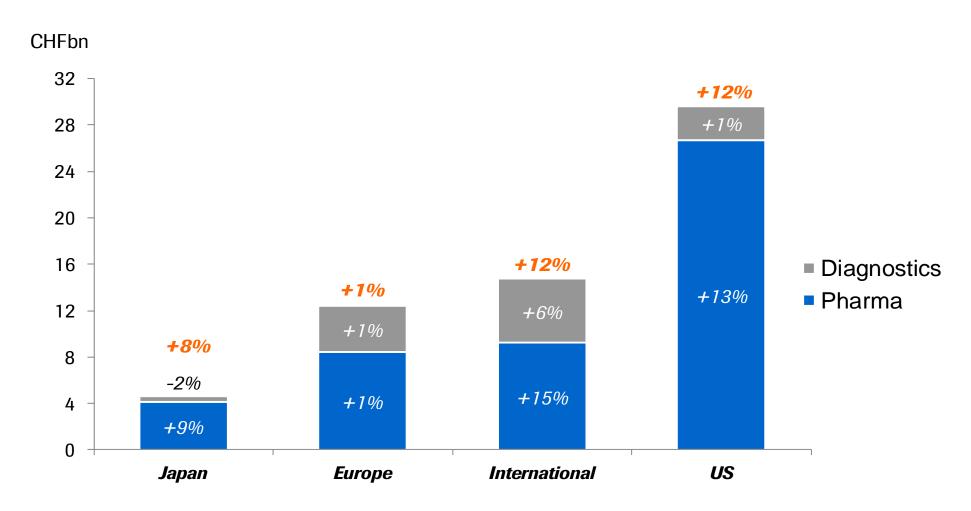








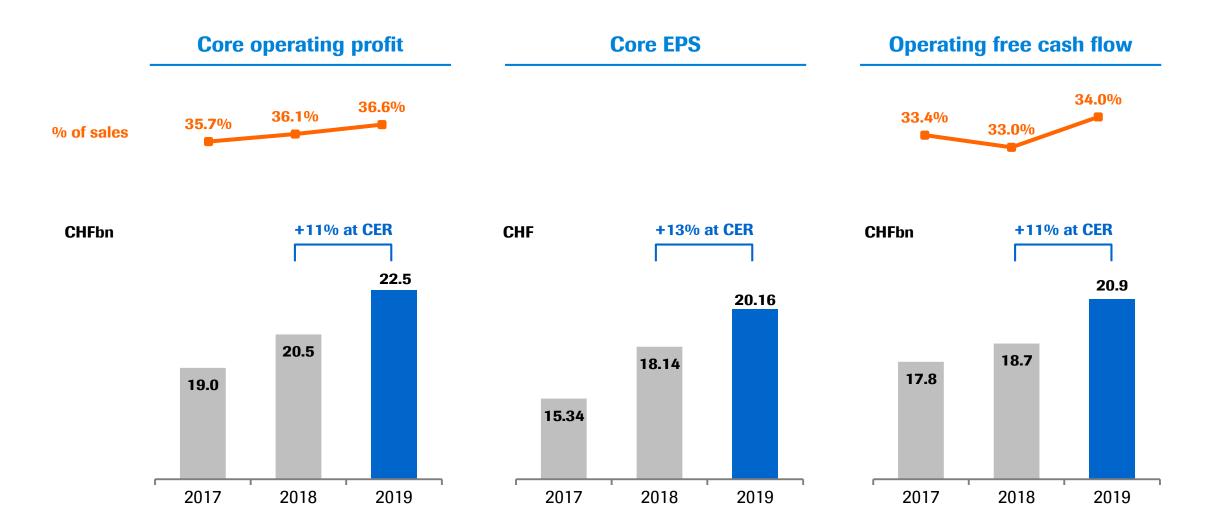
# 2019: Strong sales growth in US, International and Japan *Europe back to growth*



At constant exchange rates (CER)







CER=Constant Exchange Rates

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## Roche significantly advancing patient care BTD's and BDD's reflecting the quality of our research

### Breakthrough Therapy Designations (BTD)

Year I	Molecule	Indication	
C	Cotellic	Histiocytic neoplasms	
2019	Bazyva	Lupus nephritis	
2019	lenclexta + Gazyva	1L unfit CLL	
	Kadcyla	Adjuvant HER2+ BC	
S	SPK-8011	Hemophilia A	
s	atralizumab	NMOSD	
λ	<i>Kolair</i>	Food allergies	
2018 7	ecentriq + Avastin	1L HCC	
H	lemlibra	Hemophilia A non-inhibitors	
F	Rozlytrek	NTRK+ solid tumors	
<i>.</i>	palovaptan	Autism spectrum disorders	
F	Polivy + BR	R/R DLBCL	
2017 L	/enclexta + LDAC	1L unfit AML	
2017	<i>lelboraf</i>	BRAF-mutated ECD	
Rituxan		Pemphigus vulgaris	
S	SPK-9001	Hemophilia B	
F	lctemra	Giant cell arteritis	
2016 A	Mecensa	1L ALK+ NSCLC	
	Ocrevus	PPMS	
L	/enclexta + HMA	1L unfit AML	
	/enclexta + Rituxan	R/R CLL	
F	lctemra	Systemic sclerosis	
2015 -	ecentriq	NSCLC	
	/enclexta	R/R CLL 17p del	
<i>F</i>	lemlibra	Hemophilia A inhibitors	
L	uxturna	RPE65 mutation-associated retinal dystrophy	
2014	sbriet	IPF	
	ucentis	Diabetic retinopathy	
	ecentriq	Bladder	
2013	<i>llecensa</i>	2L ALK+ NSCLC	
	Bazyva	1L CLL	

### Real Time Oncology Reviews (RTOR)

Year	Device	Intended use
2020	Tecentriq + Avastin	1L HCC
2019	Venclexta + Gazyva	1L unfit CLL
	Kadcyla	Adjuvant HER2+ BC

#### Breakthrough Device Designations (BDD)

Year	Device	Intended use
	Elecsys β-Amyloid + p-Tau Cerebro Spinal Fluid assays	AD: PET concordance AD: Progression
	sFlt + PLGF	Preeclampsia: rule-out within 1w
2018	FACT CDx (liquid biopsy assay)	70 oncogenes + MSI + bTMB
	cobas EBV	EBV in transplant patients
	cobas BKV	BKV in transplant patients
	CoaguChek Direct-X	Patients on Factor Xa

## 2019: A year of achievements – unprecedented pipeline progress



Key positive pivotal data			
Tecentriq + Avastin	1L HCC (IMbrave150)		
Tecentriq + chemo	1L mUC (IMvigor130)		
Tecentriq + Zelboraf + Cotellic	1L BRAF+ Melanoma (IMspire150)		
Tecentriq (monotherapy)	1L PDL1+ NSCLC (IMpower 110)		
Herceptin + Perjeta FDC	HER2+ eBC (FeDeriCa)		
Gazyva + Venclexta	1L unfit CLL (CLL14)		
risdiplam	SMA type 2/3 (SUNFISH)		

Advancing 4 molecules into pivotal		
Gazyva	Lupus Nephritis	
GDC-0077 (Pl3Ki)	1L HR+ mBC	
<b>GDC-9545 (SERDi)</b> 1L HR+ mBC		
tiragolumab (anti-TIGIT) 1L SCLC		

Key regulatory filings		
satralizumab	NMOSD	
risdiplam	SMA type 1/2/3	
Gazyva + Venclexta	1L unfit CLL	
Xofluza	High-risk influenza	
Key approvals		
Rozlytrek	ROS1+ NSCLC	
Rozlytrek	NTRK+ pan tumor	
Polivy	R/R DLBCL	
Tecentriq + chemo	1L PD-L1+ TNBC	
Tecentriq + chemo	1L SCLC	
Kadcyla	Adj. HER2+ BC	
Gazyva + Venclexta	1L unfit CLL	

Key Diagnostics news flow		
Instruments/ Devices	Launch of cobas pro integrated solutions in the US driving future serum work area growth	
Tests/ Assays	Significant menu expansion across multiple platforms	
Software	Launch of NAVIFY Tumor Board V2 and NAVIFY Apps for clinical decision support	



### **Recent deals and partnerships**

## Adding new technologies and driving personalized healthcare

#### **Adding new technologies**



- Acquisition of Spark Therapeutics
- Pioneer of gene therapy, founded in 2013, as a spin off of the Children's Hospital of Philadelphia
- Know-how and capabilities across full value chain, including R&D and manufacturing

#### **Adding new medicines**



- Entered into definitive merger agreement to acquire Promedior
- Ph II trial demonstrated that PRM-151 is the first molecule, when used in combination with current IPF therapies, to show significant clinical benefit over current therapies alone

#### **Adding new diagnostic tests**



- Partnership with Illumina
- Broadens patient access to genomic testing and expanding the reach of Foundation Medicine
- Strengthening Roche's sequencing strategy to accelerate clinical research, streamline workflows, and expand assay menus



## **2019 performance**



## Strong short term news flow Diversifying the late stage pipeline and setting new standards of care

Product	Timing	
risdiplam in SMA	Filed for Type 1/2/3	<b>✓</b>
satralizumab in NMOSD	Filed	<b>/</b>
HTT-ASO in Huntington's	Ph II & III ongoing; filing latest 2022	
Gazyva in lupus nephritis	initiating Ph III	
etrolizumab in UC and Crohn's Disease	filing in UC in 2020	
PDS in nAMD	fully recruited; filing in 2020	
faricimab in DME/nAMD	recruitment ahead of plan; filing in 2021	
Neuroscience Immunology	Ophthalmology Oncology	

Product	Filing date	
Tecentriq in 1L HCC	Filed	<b>✓</b>
Tecentriq in neoadj TNBC	2020	
Tecentriq in adj bladder cancer	2020	X
Tecentriq in 1L melanoma	2020	
Tecentriq in FL ovarian cancer	2020	
idasanutlin in R/R AML	2020	
Perjeta + Herceptin FDC-SC	Filed	<b>✓</b>
ipatasertib 1/2L TNBC	2020	
ipatasertib 1L+ HR+ (chemo treated only)	2020	
ipatasertib in 1L mCRPC	2020	
Polivy in 1L DLBCL	2020/21	
Tecentriq in (neo)adj NSCLC	2021/22	

### 2020 outlook



## Further growing top and bottom line

**Group sales growth**<sup>1</sup>

• Low- to mid-single digit

Core EPS growth<sup>1</sup>

Broadly in line with sales growth

**Dividend outlook** 

• Further increase dividend in Swiss francs

<sup>1</sup> At Constant Exchange Rates (CER)



### **Pharmaceuticals Division**

Bill Anderson CEO Roche Pharmaceuticals





# **2019: Pharmaceuticals Division sales** *Strong growth in US, International and Japan*

	2019	2018	Change	e in %
	CHFm	CHFm	CHF	CER
Pharmaceuticals Division	48,516	43,967	10	11
United States	26,711	23,233	15	13
Europe	8,453	8,693	-3	1
Japan	4,143	3,701	12	9
International	9,209	8,340	10	15

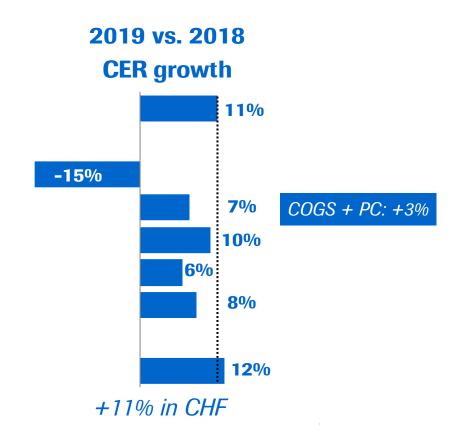
CER=Constant Exchange Rates



## 2019: Pharma core operating profit growth ahead of sales growth Operational efficiencies compensating for Cabilly patent loss

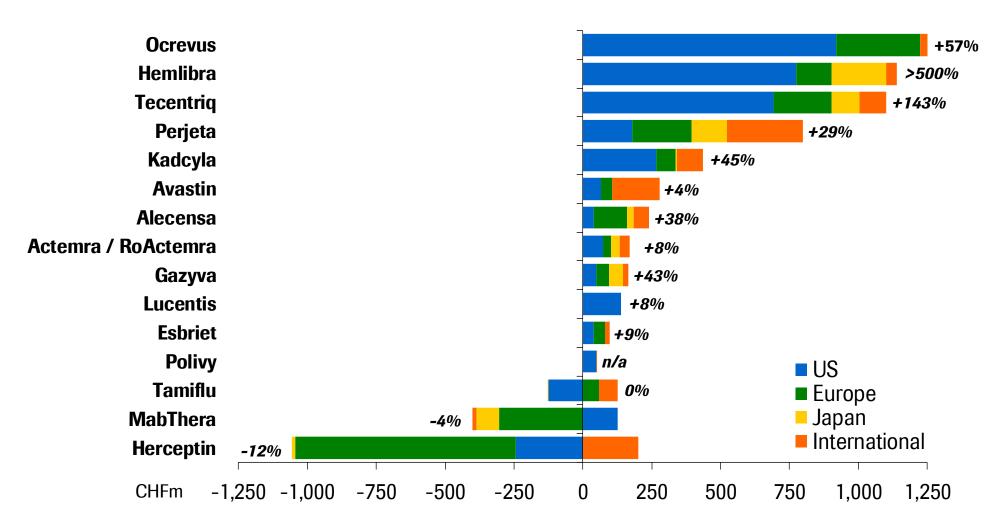
2019 CHFm % sales

Sales	48,516	100
Royalties & other op. inc.	2,198	4.5
Cost of sales	-10,180	-20.9
M & D	-7,604	-15.7
R & D	-10,228	-21.1
G & A	-1,687	-3.5
Core operating profit	21,015	43.3





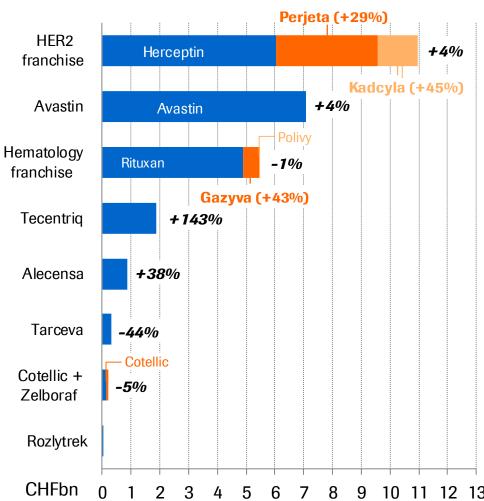












#### **HER2** franchise

Kadcyla and Perjeta with strong global uptake in adj BC

#### **Avastin franchise**

First biosimilar erosion in US and Japan

#### **Hematology franchise**

- Venclexta:\* Strong growth in 1L AML and 1L CLL
- Gazyva: Growth in 1L CLL and 1L FL
- Polivy: Strong US launch in R/R DLBCL

#### **Tecentriq**

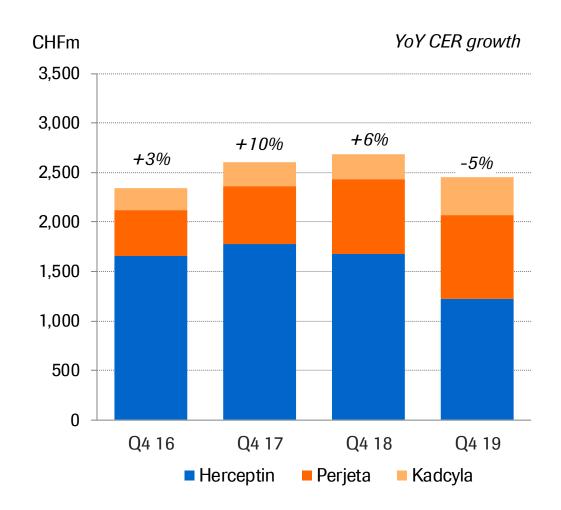
Growth driven by first-in-class launches in 1L SCLC & 1L TNBC

#### **Alecensa**

Market leader in 1L ALK+ NSCLC; NDRL listing in China

## **HER2** franchise: Perjeta + Kadcyla sales exceeding Herceptin sales





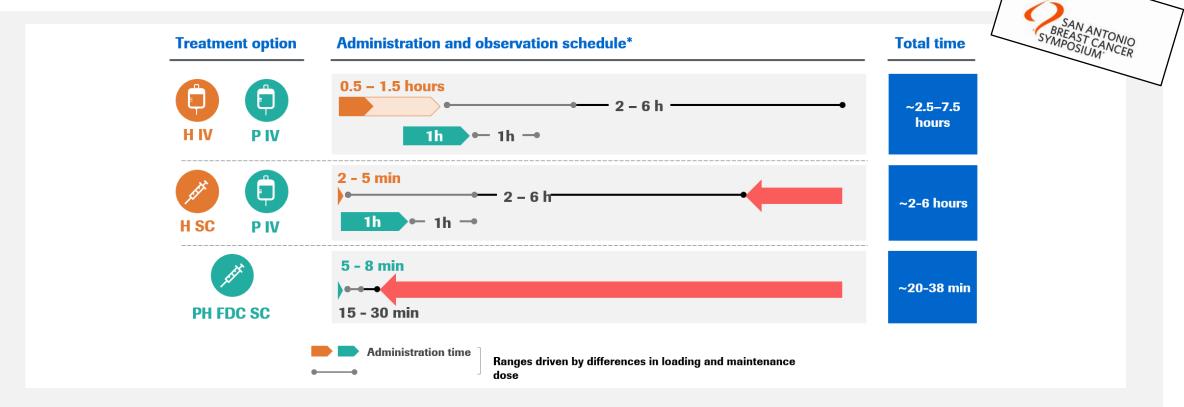
#### **HER2** franchise Q4 update

- Perjeta (+16%): Global growth driven by eBC (APHINITY)
- Kadcyla (+57%): Growth in adjuvant setting for patients with residual disease (KATHERINE); switching as planned
- Herceptin (-24%): Decline due to switching to Kadcyla and biosimilar erosion in the US

- Continued global Perjeta and Kadcyla uptake in eBC including China
- Accelerated Herceptin erosion in the US
- US approval for PH FDC-SC (FeDeriCa)

**HER2** franchise: PH FDC-SC formulation to cut administration time

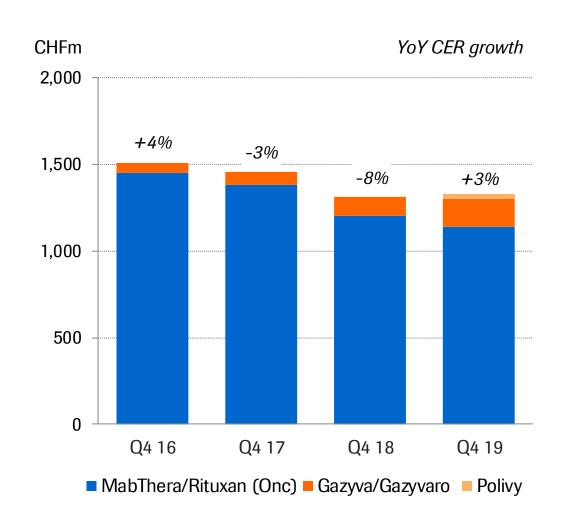
Positive conference feedback on Ph III results



- Positive Ph III (FeDeriCa) results show PH FDC-SC achieves equivalent serum concentrations as IV at cycle 7 in neoadjuvant HER2+ eBC
- P+H FDC-SC administration results in significantly reduced healthcare costs and resource use
- US/EU filed; US launch expected in 2020

## Hematology franchise: Growth from Venclexta, Gazyva and Polivy





#### **Hematology franchise Q4 update**

#### **CD20** franchise

- MabThera/Rituxan (-6%): First biosimilar in the US
- Gazyva (+51%): Growth driven by 1L CLL and 1L FL

#### **Venclexta\***

US: Strong growth driven by 1L unfit AML and 1L CLL

#### **Polivy**

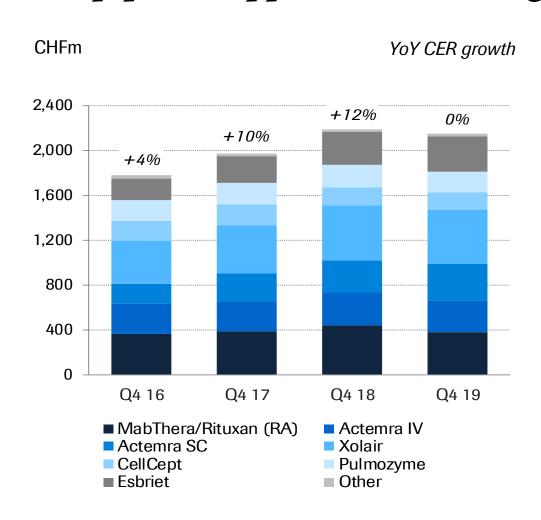
• US: Strong uptake in 3L+ DLBCL and as CAR-T bridging therapy

- Strong growth of new products and Rituxan erosion
- Ph III interim results for Venclexta in 1L unfit AML (Viale-A)
- Ph III results for idasanutlin in R/R AML (MIRROS)
- Updates on the CD20 x CD3 program and Polivy combinations

## Immunology franchise



## New pipeline opportunities emerging



#### **Immunology Q4 update**

#### **Esbriet (+9%)**

• Growth in mild/moderate segments; Remains EU market leader

#### **Actemra (+5%)**

- EU: Remains leader in overall and 1L monotherapy RA
- Growth driven by RA new patient starts and GCA

#### **Xolair (+0%)**

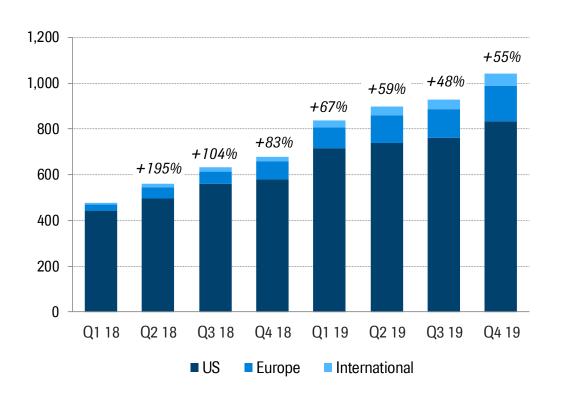
- · Remains leader in biologics asthma market; Growth in CIU
- Nasal polyps filing accepted; Potential launch in 2020

- Ph III results for etrolizumab program in UC
- Ph III initiation of Gazyva in lupus nephritis



## **Neuroscience franchise: Ocrevus in MS** *Market leadership in US expanded with 20% total patient share*<sup>1</sup>





#### **Ocrevus Q4 update**

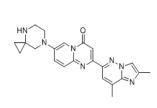
- US driven by continued growth in earlier lines and strong demand from returning patients
- ~40% new and switching patient share
- Strong launches in EU and International

- Moving into earlier lines displacing orals
- Ongoing launches in EU and International



## Neuroscience franchise: Upcoming NME launches in 2020 Defining new standards of care in SMA and NMOSD

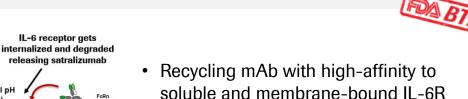
#### Risdiplam in SMA type 1/2/3



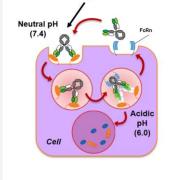
- Oral, systemically available SMN2 splicing modifier
- Durably increases SMN protein both in the CNS and in periphery
- · Excellent efficacy

- Positive Ph III (FIREFISH part 2) results in type 1 patients with excellent efficacy/safety profile;
   Data submitted to AAN in April 2020
- US launch for types 1/2/3 expected in 2020;
   Priority review granted, PDUFA date set for May 24

#### **Satralizumab in NMOSD**



- Convenient SC Q4W dosing at home
- Well tolerated as monotherapy and in combination with immunosuppressants

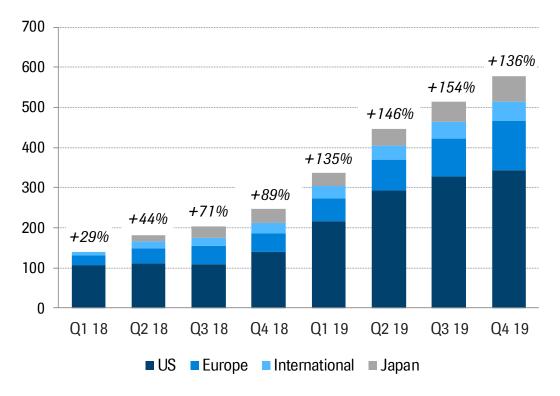


- Robust efficacy, sustained for 144 weeks and with reduced risk of relapse across a broad patient population
- Clinically relevant population reflecting real world patients
- US/EU launch expected in 2020

## Tecentriq overview: Growth driven by first-in-class indications







#### **Tecentriq Q4 update**

#### **Lung franchise (NSCLC, SCLC)**

- US: Growth driven by first-in-class 1L SCLC and 1L NSCLC
- EU: 1L NSCLC & SCLC launches; NPS in 2L NSCLC >30%
- Japan: Strong launch in 1L NSCLC and 1L SCLC

#### **GU** franchise (bladder cancer)

• US/EU: Stable shares in approved indications

#### **Breast franchise (TNBC)**

• US/EU: Growth driven by first-in-class 1L PDL1+ TNBC

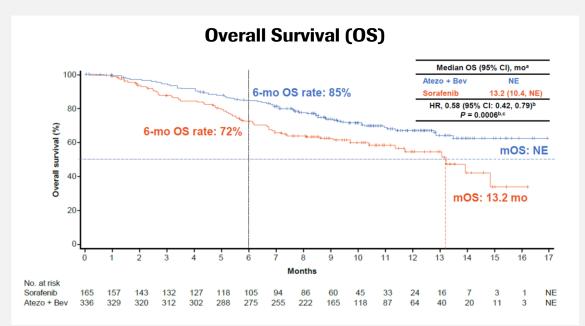
- US/EU/China first-in-class filing/approval in 1L HCC
- First-in-class filing/approval in 1L BRAF+ melanoma
- Ph III results in 1L OC
- First Ph III results of the adjuvant program

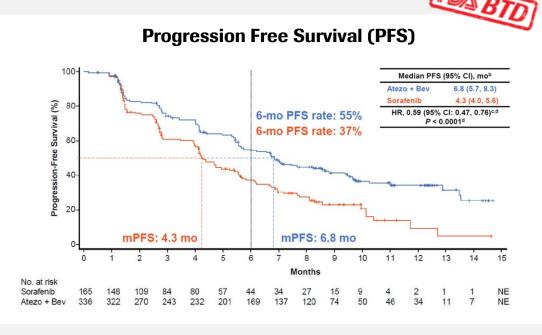
## **Tecentriq + Avastin in 1L HCC**

## Roche

## New SOC in HCC; Real-time oncology review granted

#### Ph III (IMbrave150) results:

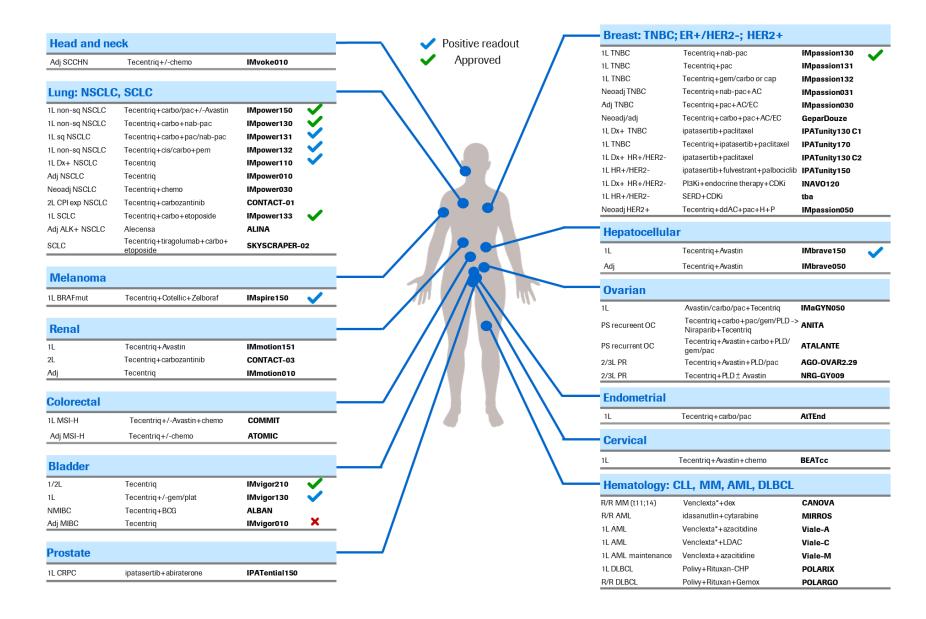




- Ph III demonstrated statistically significant improvement of Tecentriq + Avastin vs sorafenib with an OS HR of 0.58 (p=0.0006) and an IRF-assessed PFS HR of 0.59 (p<0.0001); mOS not reached
- US: BTD and RTOR (Real-Time Oncology Review) granted; US launch expected in mid 2020
- EU/China: Filing in 2020

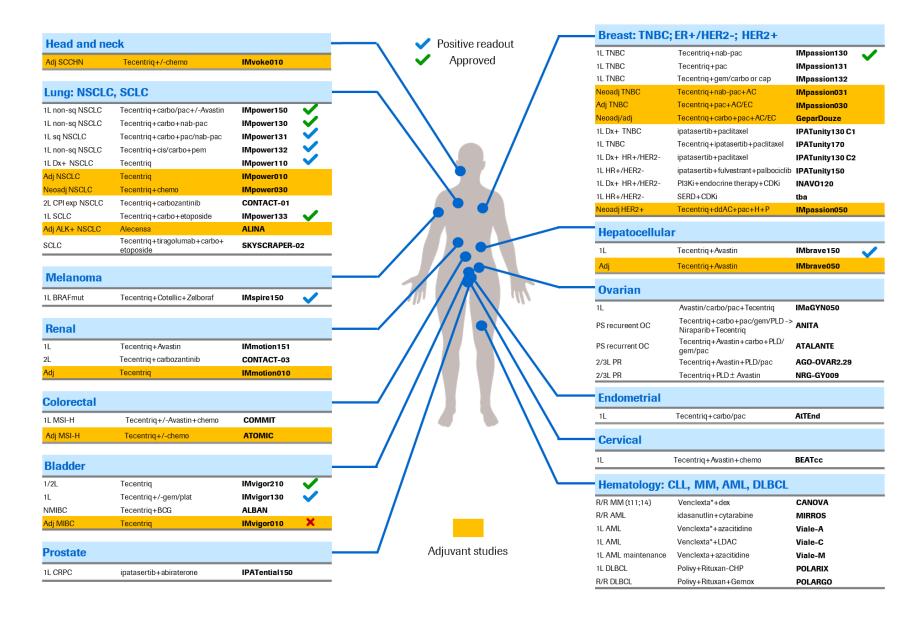


## Ph III Oncology pipeline at record high with >45 trials ongoing...



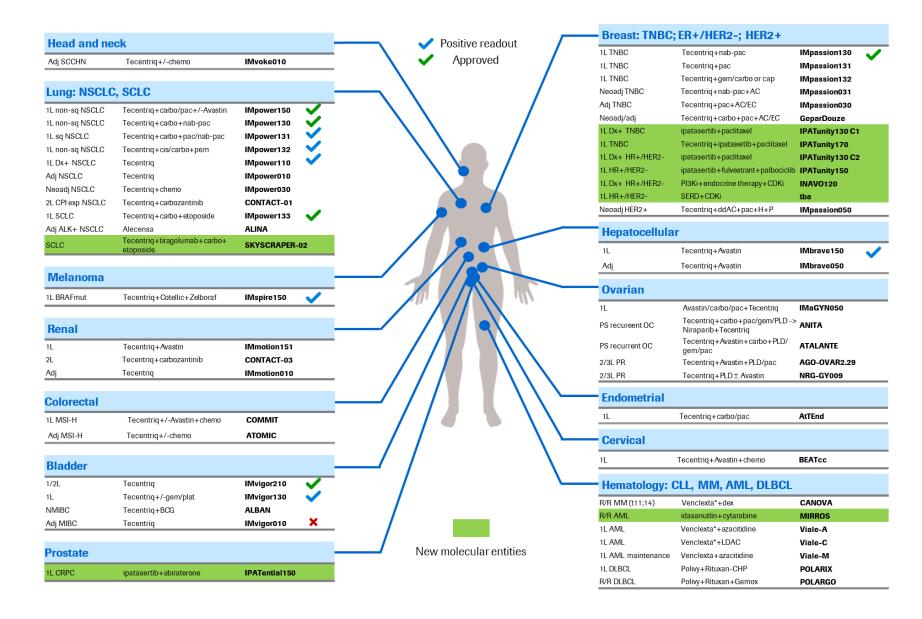


## ... including significant investments in the adjuvant setting and ...





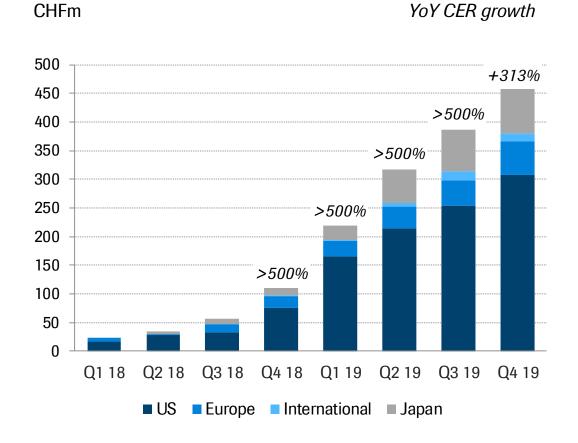
### ... 5 NMEs (ipatasertib, idasanutlin, SERDi, Pl3Ki, tiragolumab)







## Hemlibra with 21% total US patient share after 27 months



#### **Hemlibra Q4 update**

- US: Gaining market share in non-inhibitors driven by large centers and patient requests
- EU: Strong non-inhibitor uptake in initial launch countries
- Japan: Strong uptake in non-inhibitors and inhibitors
- Overall >6,000 patients treated globally

#### Outlook 2020

- US: Further uptake in non-inhibitors
- EU: Upcoming non-inhibitor launches in major markets

CER=Constant Exchange Rates 34



## Ophthalmology franchise: Upcoming NME results in 2020

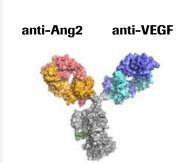
## Opportunity to build a global business

#### Port Delivery System in nAMD, DME and DR



- Refillable intraocular implant using proprietary needle assembly
- Reduced treatment burden and potentially improved RW outcomes
- Sustained delivery platform to be combined with NMEs
- Ph II: ~80% of AMD patients with ≥6 months time to first refill;
   Median time to refill at 15 months
- Ph III (PAGODA) in DME using 6m dosing interval started in H2 19
- Ph III (PAVILLION) in DR to start in early 2020
- Ph III (ARCHWAY) results in nAMD using 6m dosing interval expected mid 2020

#### Faricimab in nAMD, DME and RVO

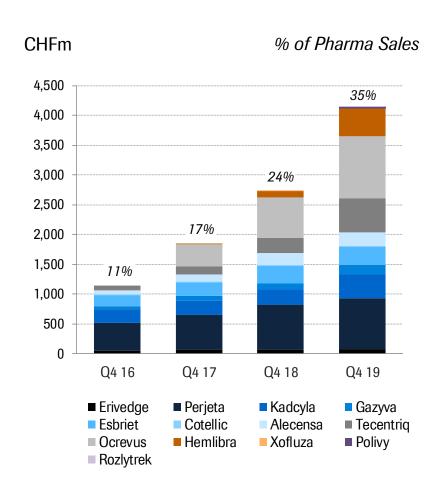


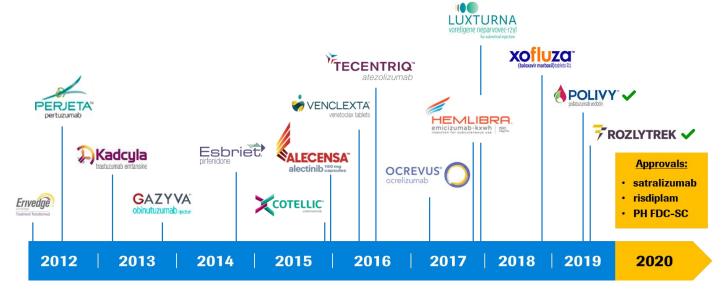
- First bispecific binding simultaneously to VEGF and Ang2 for intravitreal use
- Potentially improved vascular stability and reduced retinal inflammation

- Ph II (DME): BCVA gains of +13.9 letters, superior by +3.6 letters vs Lucentis at 6m, secondary endpoints including DRSS support superior efficacy
- Ph III (LUCERNE, TENAYA) in nAMD completed enrollment ahead of plan
- Ph III (YOSEMITE, RHINE) results in DME expected in late 2020



## New products exceed annualized sales of CHF 16bn\* *Up to 3 additional NME approvals expected in 2020*





<sup>\*</sup> Venclexta sales are booked by partner AbbVie and therefore not included

### 2019: Key late-stage news flow\*



	Compound	Indication	Milestone	
	Rozlytrek	1L ROS1+ NSCLC	US approval; EU filing	<b>✓</b>
	Rozlytrek	NTRK+ pan tumor	US approval; EU filing	<b>✓</b>
	Polivy + Rituxan + chemo	R/R DLBCL	US approval; EU filing	<b>✓</b>
	Tecentriq + chemo	1L PDL1+ TNBC	US/EU approval	<b>~</b>
	Tecentriq + chemo	1L SCLC	US/EU approval	<b>~</b>
	Xofluza	High risk influenza	US approval	<b>~</b>
Regulatory	Kadcyla	Adjuvant HER2+ BC	US/EU approval	<b>~</b>
	Hemlibra	Non-inhibitors	EU approval	<b>✓</b>
	Tecentriq + Avastin + chemo	1L NSCLC	EU approval	<b>~</b>
	Venclexta + chemo	1L unfit AML	EU filing	2020+
	Venclexta + Gazyva	1L unfit CLL	US approval; EU filing	<b>~</b>
	satralizumab	NMOSD	US/EU filing	<b>~</b>
	risdiplam	SMA type 1/2/3	US filing	<b>~</b>
	Tecentriq + Cotellic	1L BRAFwt Melanoma	Ph III IMspire170	X
	Tecentriq + Zelboraf + Cotellic	1L BRAF+ Melanoma	Ph III IMspire150 (TRILOGY)	<b>V</b>
	Tecentriq	Adjuvant PDL1+ mUBC	Ph III Imvigor010	×
Dhace III / nivetel	Tecentriq + chemo	Neoadjuvant TNBC	Ph III IMpassion031	IA passed
Phase III / pivotal readouts	Tecentriq + Avastin	1L HCC	Ph III IMbrave150	<b>/</b>
	Venclexta + Gazyva	1L unfit CLL	Ph III CLL14	<b>✓</b>
	idasanutlin + chemo	R/R AML	Ph III MIRROS	2020
	Venclexta + chemo	R/R MM	Ph III BELLINI	**
	risdiplam	SMA type 2/3	Ph II/III SUNFISH	

#### **Additional 2019 news flow:**

- MabThera/Rituxan: EU approval of pemphigus vulgaris
- Herceptin Hylecta: US approval SC formulation
- Rozlytrek: Japan early approval for NTRK+ solid tumors
- Gazyva: Positive Ph II results in lupus nephritis
- Xolair: US filing in nasal polyps
- **Tecentriq**: US/EU filing in 1L PDL1+ NSCLC
- satralizumab: Positive Ph III (SAkuraStar) in NMOSD
- **PH FDC SC**: US filing in HER2+ eBC
- Rituxan: US approval in GPA and MPA for pediatrics
- **Tecentriq+chemo**: Positive Ph III (Imvigor130) in 1L mUC

## 2020: Key late-stage news flow\*



	Compound	Indication	Milestone
	Rozlytrek	NTRK pan tumor; ROS1+ NSCLC	EU approval
	Venclexta + Gazyva	1L unfit CLL	EU approval
	Polivy + Rituxan +chemo	R/R DLBCL	EU approval
	risdiplam	SMA type 1/2/3	US approval; EU filing
Damiletoni	satralizumab	NMOSD	US/EU approval
Regulatory	Xolair	Nasal polyps	US approval
	Zelboraf + Cotellic + Tecentriq	1L BRAF+ Melanoma	US approval
	Tecentriq + Avastin	1L HCC	US approval; EU filing
	Tecentriq	1L PDL1+ NSCLC	US/EU approval
	PH FDC SC	HER2+ breast cancer	US approval; EU filing
	idasanutlin + chemo	R/R AML	Ph III MIRROS
	risdiplam	SMA type 1	Ph II/III FIREFISH (part 2)
	Tecentriq + Avastin	1L OC	Ph III IMagyn050
	Tecentriq + chemo	Neoadjuvant TNBC	Ph III IMpassion031
	Venclexta + azacitidine	1L unfit AML	Ph III Viale A
Phase III / pivotal	ipatasertib + chemo	Dx+ HR+ breast cancer	Ph III IPATunity130
readouts	ipatasertib + chemo	Dx+ 1L TNBC	Ph III IPATunity130
	ipatasertib + abiraterone	1L mCRPC	Ph III IPATential150
	PDS	nAMD	Ph III Archway
	faricimab	DME	Ph III YOSEMITE/RHINE
	etrolizumab	Ulcerative Colitis	Ph III HIBISCUS/LAUREL/HICKORY/GARDENIA
	balovaptan	Autism spectrum disorders	Ph III V1aduct

Virtual Event	Virtual Event	Virtual Event	Virtual Event	Roche Pharma Day
SMA Europe	gRED	AAN	Digitalisation	
Thursday, 6 February	Tuesday, 18 February	Monday, 4 May	Thursday, 7 May	Monday, 14 September live event
15:00 to 16:00 CEST	15:30 to 17:00 CEST	15:00 to 16:30 CEST	15:00 to 16:30 CEST	

<sup>\*</sup> Outcome studies are event-driven: timelines may change



# **Diagnostics Division**

Thomas Schinecker CEO Roche Diagnostics



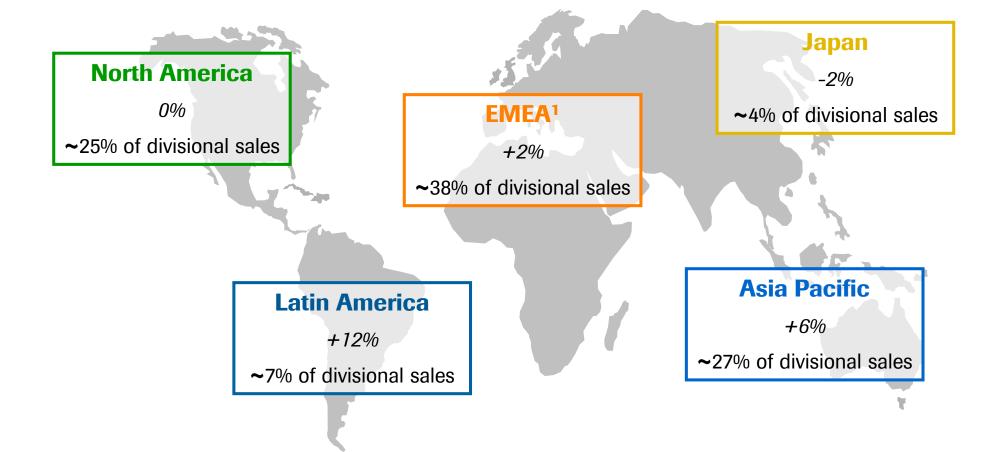


# 2019: Diagnostics Division sales Growth driven by Centralised and Point of Care Solutions and Molecular Diagnostics

	2019	2018	Change	e in %
	CHFm	CHFm	CHF	CER
Diagnostics Division	12,950	12,879	1	3
Centralised and Point of Care Solutions	7,819	7,768	1	3
Molecular Diagnostics	2,109	2,019	4	6
Diabetes Care	1,918	1,980	-3	1
Tissue Diagnostics	1,104	1,112	-1	0



# **2019: Diagnostics Division regional sales** *Growth driven by Asia Pacific and Latin America*

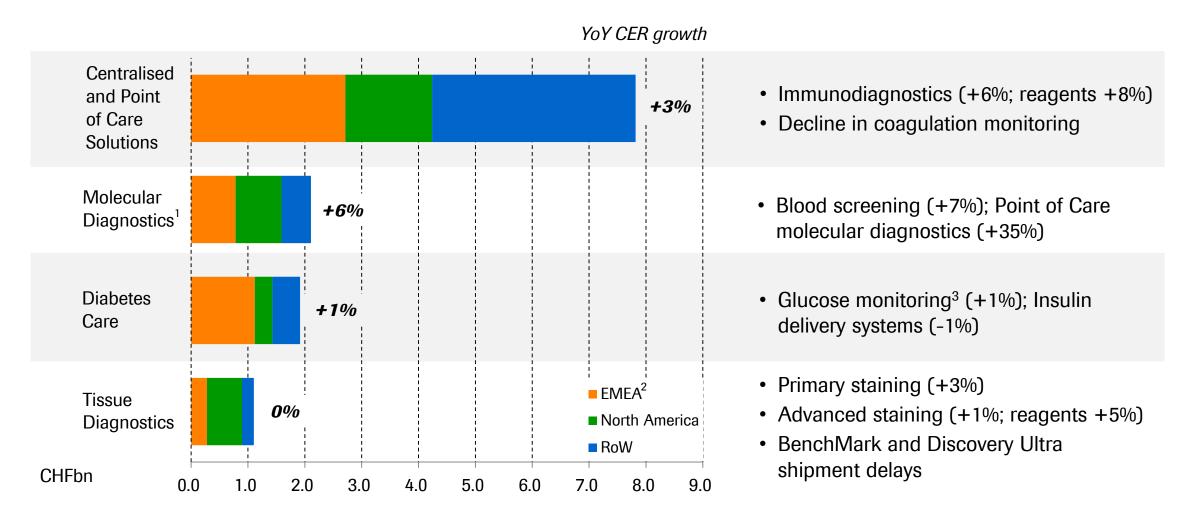


+7% growth in E7 countries<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Europe, Middle East and Africa; <sup>2</sup> Brazil, China, India, Mexico, Russia, South Korea and Turkey; all growth rates at Constant Exchange Rates (CER)



# **2019: Diagnostics Division highlights** *Growth driven by immunodiagnostics*



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Underlying growth of Molecular Diagnostics excluding sequencing business: +6%; <sup>2</sup> EMEA=Europe, Middle East and Africa; <sup>3</sup> Glucose monitoring=Blood glucose monitoring and continuous glucose monitoring; CER=Constant Exchange Rates

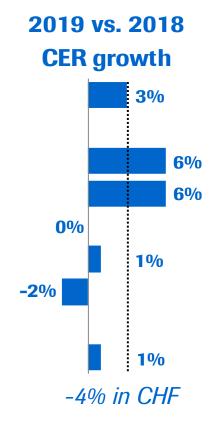


Roche

Core operating profit growing at +1%

2019 CHFm % sales

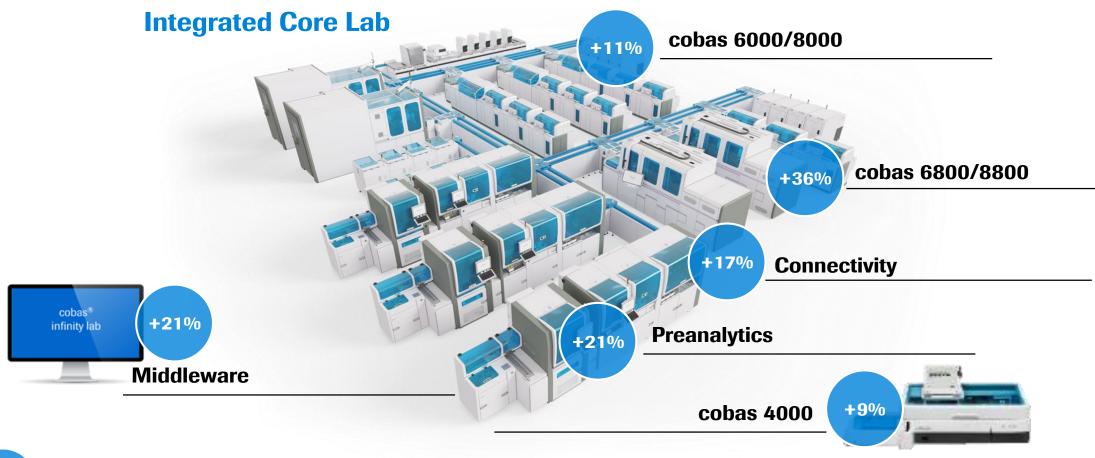
Sales	12,950	100
Royalties & other op. inc.	87	0.7
Cost of sales	-6,183	-47.8
M & D	-2,909	-22.5
R & D	-1,468	-11.3
G & A	-511	-3.9
Core operating profit	1,966	15.2



CER=Constant Exchange Rates 43

## Growing installed base worldwide driving reagents consumption









# Further expanding the industry-leading reagent menu *Investing in innovative biomarkers, algorithms & claim extensions*

Disease area	Infectious Diseases	Oncology	Women's Health	Cardiology	Critical Care	Others
Diseases/ Indications	<ul> <li>Antimicrobial resistance</li> <li>Syndromic panels</li> <li>Sexually transmitted infections</li> <li>Hepatitis</li> <li>Arbovirus</li> <li>Transplant</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Prostate</li><li>Breast</li><li>Liver</li><li>Cervical</li><li>PD-L1</li><li>Multiplex tissue imaging</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Polycystic ovarian syndrome</li> <li>Endometriosis</li> <li>Non-invasive prenatal testing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Atrial fibrillation ischemic stroke</li> <li>Heart failure</li> <li>Coronary artery disease</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sepsis</li> <li>Traumatic brain injury</li> <li>Acute kidney injury &amp; chronic kidney disease</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Alzheimer's</li><li>Parkinson's</li><li>Hypertension</li><li>Skeletal muscle disease</li></ul>



# Elecsys® HIV Duo launch in China Completing the infectious diseases menu





cobas e801

Elecsys® HIV Duo tests for HIV antigens & antibodies in one test:

- Reducing complexity of testing compared to most other 4<sup>th</sup> generation HIV screening tests
- Discriminating acute infection from chronic infection
- Not offered by local players in China



# Strong growth of Blood Screening driven by tender wins and portfolio expansion

#### 2019 tender wins



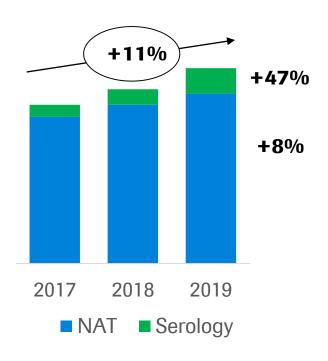
#### **2019 portfolio launches**

cobas Zika (CE) cobas pro LCP1 (CE)

cobas Babesia (CE and US) Cadaveric claim extension

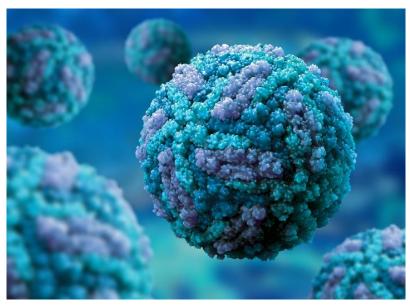
#### **Blood screening sales growth**

Sales in CHF CER, growth rates shown are CAGRs





# cobas<sup>®</sup> Zika CE-IVD test launches on cobas<sup>®</sup> 6800/8800 Systems Expands emergency preparedness in blood screening



Zika virus illustration

- Important milestone in effort to protect blood supply from Zika virus globally
- Helps preserve blood safety in regions with local outbreaks and from donors exposed while traveling to affected areas
- Expands emergency preparedness solution for customers and minimizes risk of transmission through infected blood and plasma donations

## **COVID-19**<sup>1</sup> response



# Launch of LightCycler® Modular SARS-CoV-2 assays



MagNA Pure 24



LightCycler 480 Instrument

- TIB MOLBIOL LightMix<sup>®</sup> Modular assays for screening and confirmation
  - E-gene<sup>2</sup> assay used to detect SARS and SARS-CoV-2
  - RdRP assay specific for the detection of SARS-CoV-2
  - N-gene<sup>3</sup> assay detects presence of SARS-CoV-2 as well as other SARS-related viruses
- Research use only
- Roche is actively monitoring the situation and committed to support

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Coronavirus disease - viral pneumonia that can be severe in immunocompromised/elderly individuals; <sup>2</sup> E-gene encodes the Envelope protein; <sup>3</sup> N-gene encodes the Nucleocapsid; SARS-CoV-2=severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2; SARS=severe acute respiratory syndrome; RdRP=RNA-dependent RNA polymerase

# CE mark for Accu-Chek® SugarView app\* Broadens access to diabetes management solutions





- First app that determines blood glucose ranges by using the Accu-Chek Active test strip in combination with a smartphone camera
- Bypasses the additional need for a blood glucose meter
- Designed to help non-insulin-dependent people with type 2 diabetes or prediabetes live healthier lives
- Provides decision and treatment support in-between doctors' visits
- Critical in low- and middle-income countries that often have limited access to care and scarce healthcare resources

\* currently available for Android 50

# **Key launches 2019**



	Area	Product	Description	Market <sup>1</sup>
Instruments/ Devices	Workflow	cobas prime	Pre-analytical platform to support cobas 6800/8800 Systems	CE/US
	Coagulation	Protein C Chrom	Quantitative determination of protein C in citrated plasma on cobas t 511 / t 711 analyzers	CE 🗸
Tests/ Assays	Microbiology	cobas TV/MG cobas vivoDx MRSA	High volume solution for TV/MG testing; dual-target test with ability to test with CT/NG from the same specimen during the same run  Live cell detection assay utilizing Smarticles technology to aid in the prevention and control of MRSA infections	US 🗸
	Tissue Dx	VENTANA HER2 Dual ISH	Fully automated, brightfield ISH assay to determine eligibility for HER2 targeted therapy	CE 🗸
	Central Laboratory	cobas Infinity Central Lab 3.0	One global laboratory middleware solution realizing a very high degree of integration in the laboratory	ww 🗸
	Tissue Dx	Algorithm - Breast Panel	Whole slide analysis image analysis algorithm (HER2, ER, PR, Ki-67)	CE
		Algorithm - PD-L1 Lung	Whole slide analysis image analysis algorithm (SP263)	CE
	0	NAVIFY Mutation Profiler	Software as a medical device for annotating, variant classification, clinical interpretation and reporting from comprehensive genomic profile testing	CE  US <sup>2</sup>
Software	Sequencing	NAVIFY Therapy Matcher	Informing on treatment options based on local drug labels, medical guidelines and clinical trial outcomes	CE 🗸 US²
	Decision	NAVIFY Tumor Board V2	Integrating a GEHC DICOM imaging viewer into the Tumor Board to support the radiologist	WW 🗸
	Support	NAVIFY Oncology Workflow V1	Integration of patient's longitudinal history, diagnosis, and treatment planning by leveraging relevant guidelines	WW
	Diabetes Care	Accu-Chek Sugar View 2.0 (non-ISO)	For non-insulin dependent T2 PwDs, allowing for meter-free blood glucose monitoring using Accu- Chek Active test strips and a smartphone camera	CE 🗸

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CE=European Conformity; US=FDA approval; WW=Worldwide; GEHC DICOM=GE Healthcare Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine; T2=Type II Diabetes; PwDs=People with Diabetes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>NAVIFY Mutation Profiler and Therapy Matcher received CE mark/US approval expected in 2020





	Area	Product	Description	Market <sup>1</sup>
Instruments/	Workflow	cobas® prime	Next generation pre-analytical platform to support cobas® 6800/8800 Systems	CE
Devices	Diabetes Care	Accu-Chek Solo Diabetes Manager	Integration of the Accu-Chek Guide test strip technology into the Accu-Chek Solo Diabetes Manager (remote control)	CE
	Infectious Diseases	cobas <sup>®</sup> EBV EBNA IgG cobas <sup>®</sup> EBV VCA IgG cobas <sup>®</sup> EBV IgM cobas <sup>®</sup> HIV-1&2 Qual cobas <sup>®</sup> EBV	EBV panel offering 3 different assays (EBV IgM, EBV VCA IgG, and EBV EBNA IgG) for the qualitative detection of antibodies to Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV)  Qualitative detection and confirmation of HIV-1 & HIV-2  Monitoring tests for transplant patients to aid in the management of EBV and BKV infections	CE US US
	Cervical Cancer	cobas <sup>®</sup> HPV (6800/8800) CINtec <i>PLUS</i> Cytology	The world's leading cobas® HPV assay for use on the fully automated cobas® 6800/8800 Systems  Next generation "Pap" test which leverages p16/Ki-67 dual-stain biomarker technology on cervical cytology samples	US US
	Tissue Dx	VENTANA HER2 Dual ISH Algorithm - HER2 (4B5)	Fully automated, brightfield ISH assay to determine eligibility for HER2 targeted therapy  Whole slide image analysis algorithm for HER2 (4B5)	US CE
	Sequencing	NAVIFY Mutation Profiler	Software as a medical device for annotating, variant classification, clinical interpretation and reporting from comprehensive genomic profile testing	US
Software	Diabetes Care	RocheDiabetes InsulinStart mySugr app	A messaging service designed for people with type 2 diabetes to ease the transition from oral antidiabetics to a complimentary insulin therapy  Enabling control of the Accu-Chek Insight insulin pump from the mySugr app	CE WW
		RocheDiabetes Care Platform	New releases with improved features focusing on device connectivity, integration of 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties, and healthcare professionals' workflow optimisation	WW

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CE=European Conformity; US=FDA approval; WW=Worldwide; EBV=Epstein-Barr virus; BKV=BK virus



## **Finance**

Alan Hippe Chief Financial Officer





### 2019 results

## **Focus on Cash**

### **Outlook**

### 2019: Highlights



#### **Business**

- Sales growth of +9%1 despite biosimilars impact of CHF -1.5bn1
- Core operating profit up +11%1 and Core EPS growth of +13%1
- Dividend<sup>2</sup> in Swiss francs further increased

#### Cash flow

- Significant cash generation (Operating Free Cash Flow of CHF 20.9bn, +11%<sup>1</sup>)
- Net debt lower by CHF 3.1bn vs. YE 2018 as Free Cash Flow of CHF 16.8bn more than offsets dividends paid (CHF -7.7bn) and cash outflow for M&A (CHF -4.8bn)
- Gross debt reduced from CHF 18.8bn to CHF 14.4bn

#### Net financial result

• Core net financial expenses increased by +52%¹ driven by early bond redemption and lower income from equity securities

#### **IFRS**

Net income +32%¹ driven by the operating results and lower impairments of intangible assets & goodwill

Roche

**2019: Group performance** 

## Core Operating profit up +11% & Core EPS growth of +13%

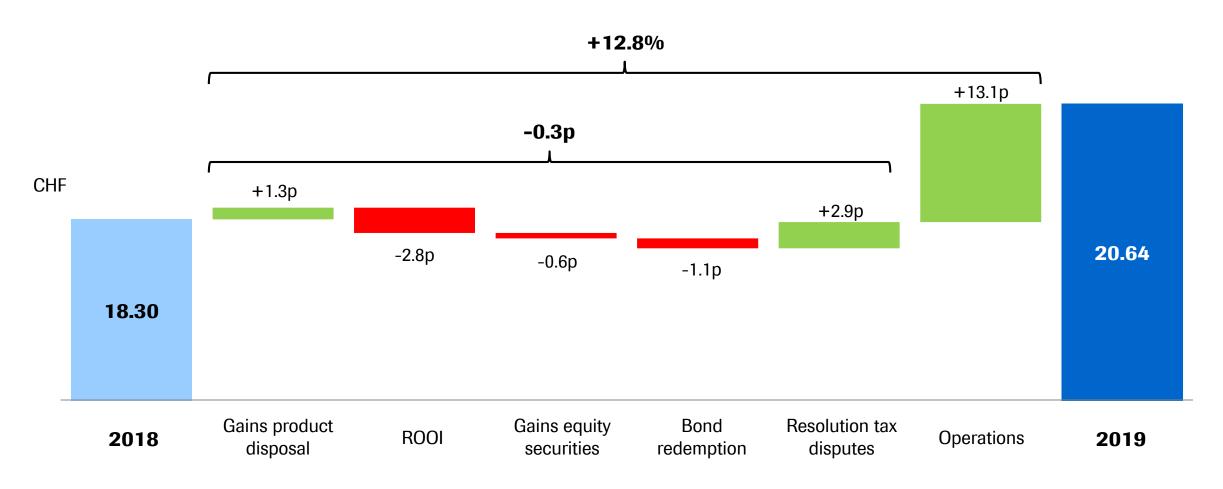
	2019	2018	Change in %	
	CHFm	CHFm	CHF	CER
Sales	61,466	56,846	8	9
Core operating profit as % of sales	<b>22,479</b> 36.6	<b>20,505</b> <i>36.1</i>	10	11
Core net income as % of sales	<b>18,062</b> 29.4	1 <b>5,981</b> 28.1	13	14
Core EPS (CHF)	20.16	18.14	11	13
IFRS net income	14,108	10,865	30	32
Operating free cash flow as % of sales	<b>20,921</b> 34.0	<b>18,741</b> 33.0	12	11
Free cash flow as % of sales	<b>16,764</b> <i>27.3</i>	<b>14,811</b> <i>26.1</i>	13	12

CER=Constant Exchange Rates 56



## 2019: Core EPS development

# Operations growth is main driver for Core EPS growth, significantly outpacing lower royalty income



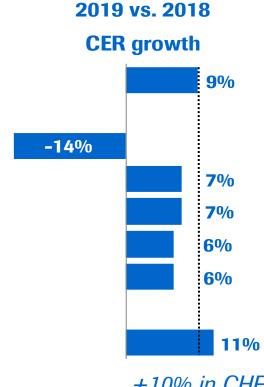


# **2019: Group operating performance** Core operating profit growth ahead of sales growth

	10	
<b>CHF</b> m	abs.	CER

2019

Sales	61,466	5,083
Royalties & other op. inc.	2,285	-375
Cost of sales	-16,363	-1,050
M & D	-10,513	-674
R & D	-11,696	-633
G & A	-2,700	-151
Core operating profit	22,479	2,201



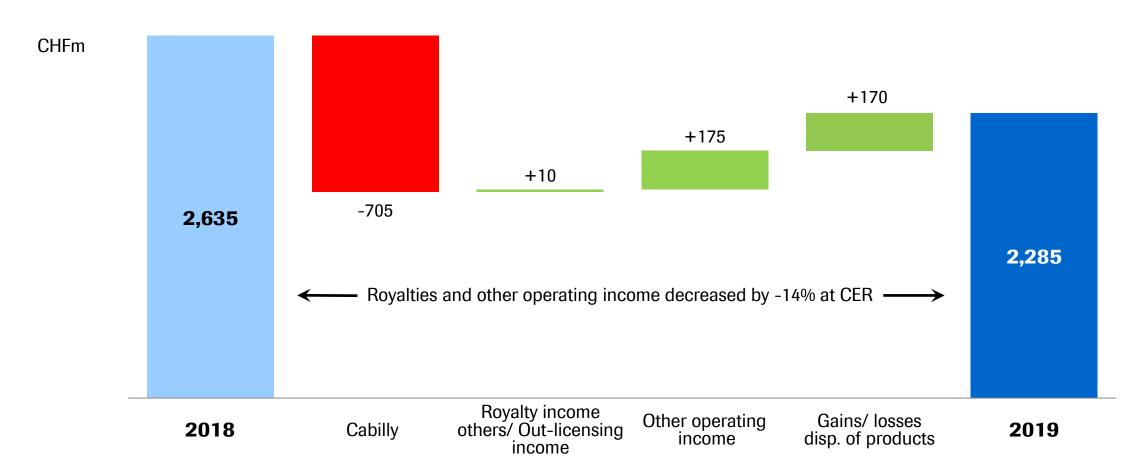
+10% in CHF

**CER=Constant Exchange Rates** 58



## 2019: Royalties and other operating income

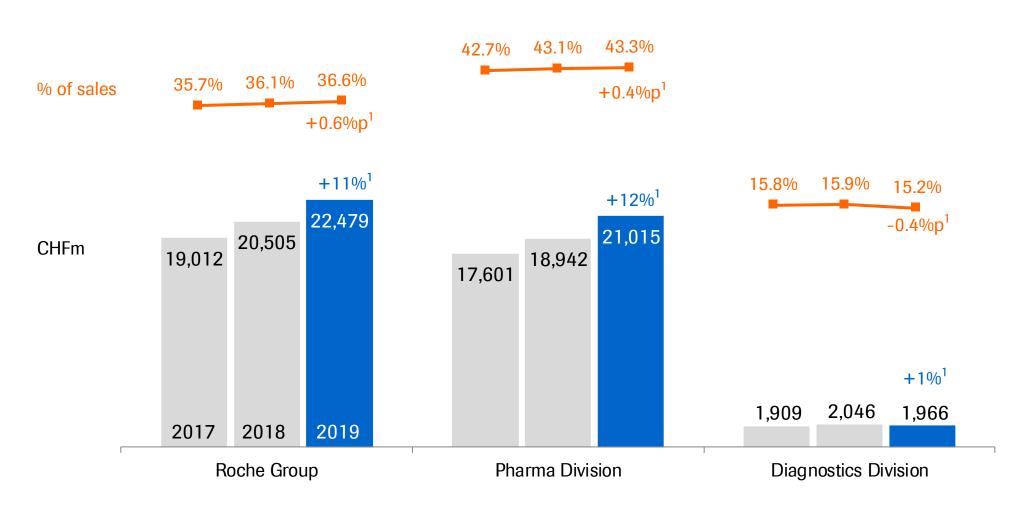
Decline driven by expiry of Cabilly patent, partially offset by higher other operating income and higher income from product disposal



**CER=Constant Exchange Rates** 





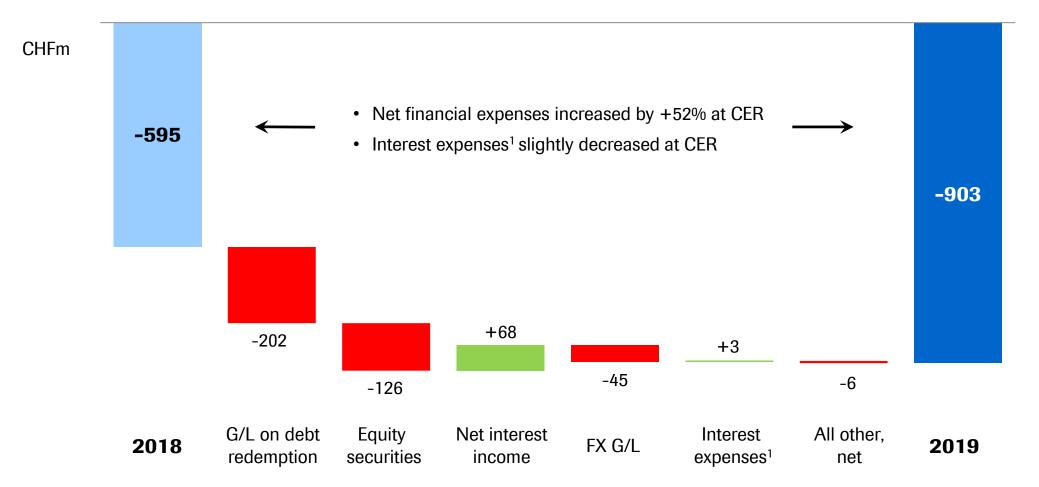


<sup>1</sup> At CER=Constant Exchange Rates



#### 2019: Core net financial result

# Net financial expenses up vs. prior year due to early bond redemption and lower income from equity securities



## 2019: Debt repayments and bond redemptions



#### Scheduled debt repayments

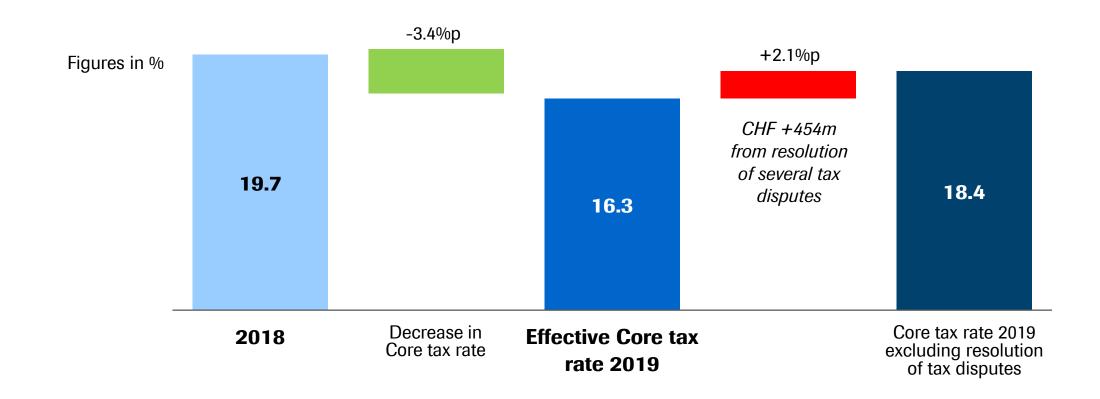
- On the due date of 30 September 2019 of USD 2.0 billion of bonds
- On 13 December 2019 of USD 0.6 billion of bonds repaid at the option of the issuer at par 3 months before the scheduled due date of 13 March 2020

#### Early debt redemptions

- Completed tender offer on 5 December 2019 to redeem the following instruments:
  - USD 656 million 2.875% fixed rate notes due 29 September 2021
  - USD 360 million 3.25% fixed rate notes due 17 September 2023
  - USD 1,061 million 3.35% fixed rate notes due 30 September 2024
  - USD 494 million 3.0% fixed rate notes due 10 November 2025
  - USD 37 million 5.25% fixed rate notes due 15 July 2035
  - USD 73 million 7.0% fixed rate notes due 1 March 2039
- Total payment of USD 2,874 million and a reported loss on redemption of CHF 202 million
  - → Reduction in gross debt to CHF 14.4 billion from CHF 18.8 billion at YE 2018



# 2019: Group Core tax rate Decrease mainly due to resolution of tax disputes





#### 2019: Non-core and IFRS income

# Total non-core operating items decreasing due to lower IA impairments; partially offset by higher L&E and higher GRPs

	2018	2019		Change in %	
	CHFm	CHFm	CHFm	CHF	CER
Core operating profit	20,505	22,479	1,974	+10	+11
Global restructuring plans	-907	-1,206	-299		
Amortisation of intangible assets	-1,294	-1,532	-238		
Impairment of intangible assets <sup>1</sup>	-3,336	-1,756	1,580		
M&A and alliance transactions	-35	43	78		
Legal & Environmental <sup>2</sup>	-164	-480	-316		
Total non-core operating items	-5,736	-4,931	805		
IFRS Operating profit	14,769	17,548	2,779	+19	+21
Total financial result & taxes	-3,904	-3,440	464		
IFRS net income	10,865	14,108	3,243	+30	+32



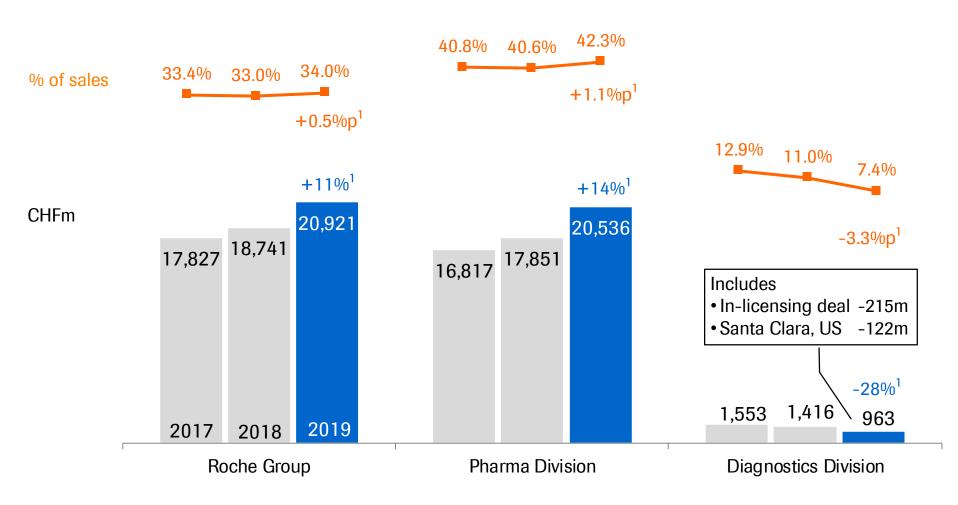
### 2019 results

### **Focus on Cash**

### **Outlook**



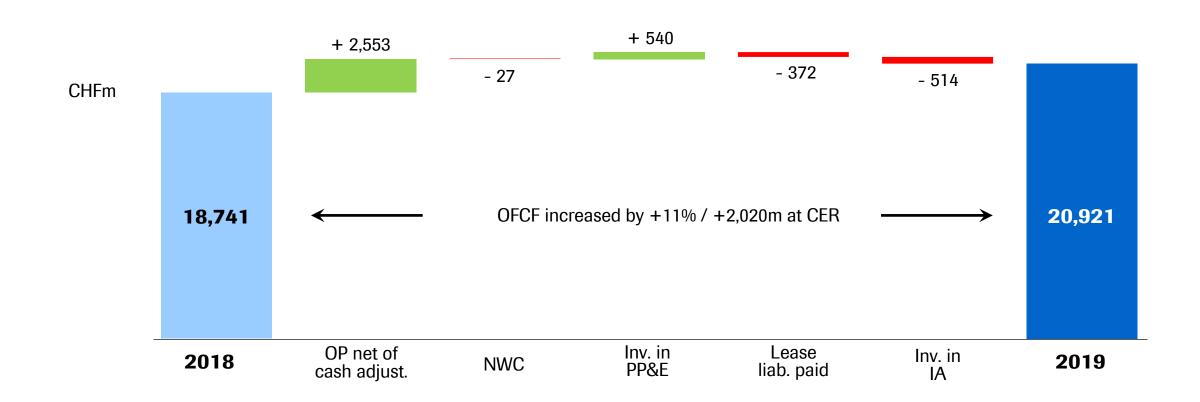




<sup>1</sup> At CER=Constant Exchange Rates



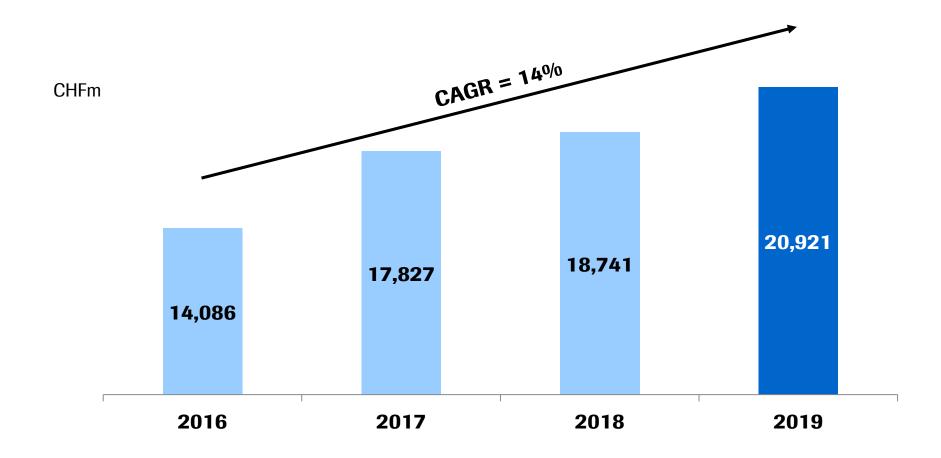
# **2019: Operating Free Cash Flow** *Higher than PY (+11%) driven by strong operating performance*





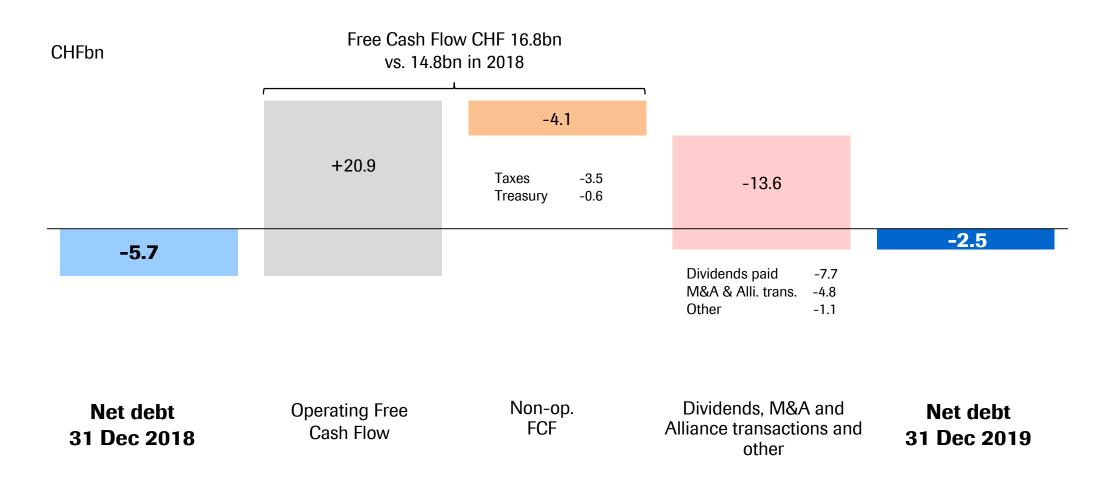
## **Operating free cash flow: Continuous improvement**







# 2019: Group net debt lower vs. YE 2018 driven by strong cash generation

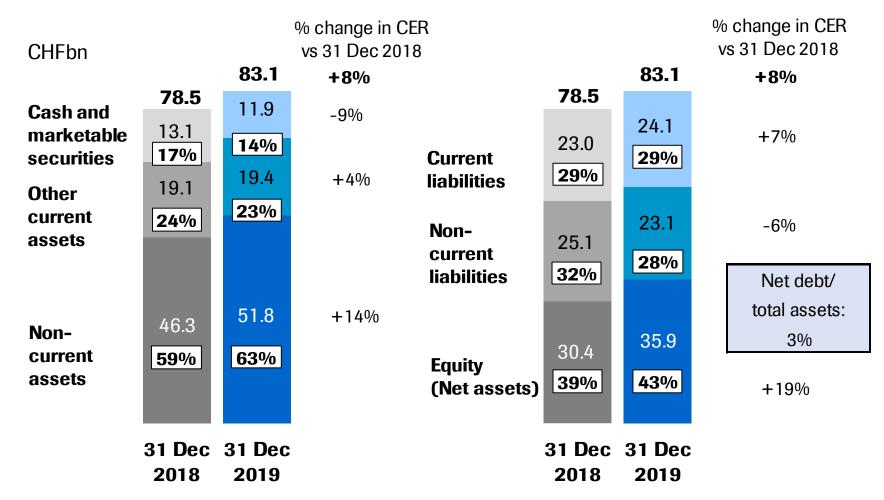


CER=Constant Exchange Rates

## **Balance sheet 31 December 2019**

Roche

Equity ratio at 43% (31 Dec 2018: 39%)



CER=Constant Exchange Rates 70



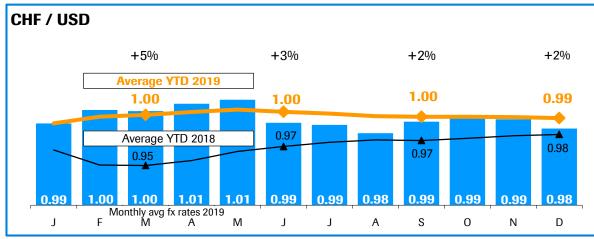
#### **2019 results**

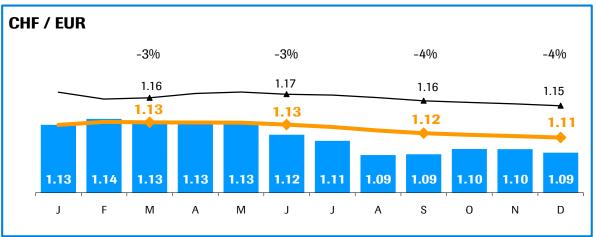
### **Focus on Cash**

### **Outlook**

### **Low currency impact in 2019**







<i>In 2019 impact¹ is (%p):</i>				
	Q1	НҮ	Sep YTD	FY
Sales	1	0	-1	-1
Core operating profit		0		-1
Core EPS		0		-2

**2020** currency impact<sup>1</sup> expected (based on **31 Dec 2019** FX rates):

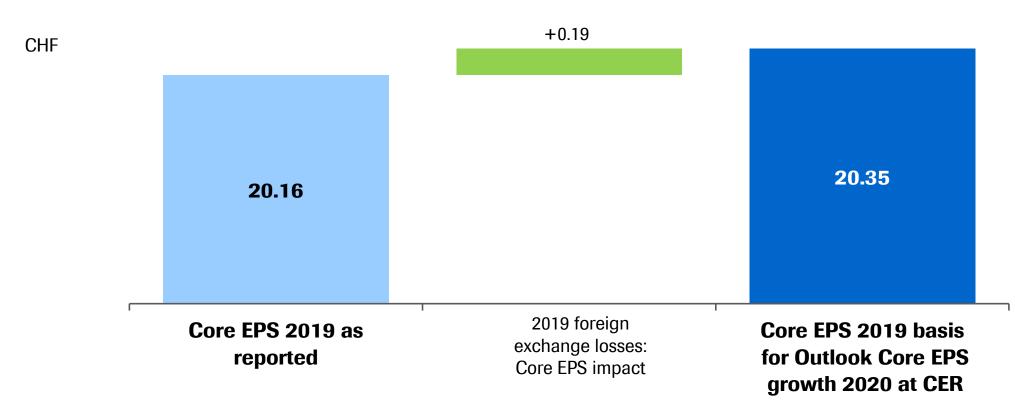
Around -3%p FX impact on Sales, Core OP & Core EPS

<sup>1</sup> On group growth rates



Roche

# Core EPS 2019 of CHF 20.35 is basis for Core EPS outlook 2020 at CER



**CER=Constant Exchange Rates** 

73

#### 2020 outlook



# Further growing top and bottom line

**Group sales growth**<sup>1</sup>

• Low- to mid-single digit

Core EPS growth<sup>1</sup>

Broadly in line with sales growth

**Dividend outlook** 

Further increase dividend in Swiss francs

<sup>1</sup> At Constant Exchange Rates (CER) 74





# Changes to the development pipeline Q4 2019 update



#### **New to phase I**

#### 5 NMEs:

RG6292 CD25 MAb - solid tumors RG6139 PD1 x LAG3 - bispecific MAb solid tumors

RG6346 HBV siRNA - HBV

**RG6287** - IBD

RG6290 MAGE-A4 ImmTAC - solid tumors

1 NME added by Chugai

FIXa x FX bispecific MAb - hemophilia A 1 Al:

RG7446 Tecentriq + CD47 MAb - r/r AML

#### **New to phase II**

#### 5 NMEs:

RG7880 IL22-Fc - inflammatory diseases

RG6173 - asthma

RG6357 SPK-8011 - hemophilia A

RG6358 SPK-8016 - hemophilia A with inhibitors to factor VIII

RG6367 SPK-7001 - choroideremia

1 AI:

**RG7601 Venclexta + carfilzomib** - r/r MM t(11:14)

#### **New to phase III**

#### 4 Als

RG7446 Tecentriq + Avastin - HCC adj RG7440 ipatasertib + fulvestrant + palbociclib - 1L HR+ mBC RG7440 ipatasertib + Tecentriq + taxane -1L TNBC RG6321 port delivery system with

#### **New to registration**

#### 2 NMEs:

RG7916 risdiplam - SMA

RG6264 Perjeta + Herceptin FDC SC -

HER2+ BC

#### 3 Als:

RG3648 Xolair – nasal polyps

RG7446 Tecentriq + Avastin - HCC

RG7446 Tecentriq - Dx-pos. 1L sq + non-sq

**NSCLC** 

#### Removed from phase I

#### 1 NME:

RG6004 HBV LNA - HBV

1 NME removed by Chugai (out licensed to Verastem Oncology)

RAF/MEK dual inh - solid tumors

1 AI:

RG7601 Venclexta +Cotellic + Tecentriq - multiple myeloma

#### **Removed from phase II**

#### 1 AI:

RG7440 ipatasertib -TNBC neoadj

#### **Removed from phase III**

#### 1 NME:

ranibizumab - DME

RG6206 anti-myostatin adnectin -

Duchenne muscular dystrophy

1 AI:

**RG7446 Tecentriq + pemetrexed** - 1L non-sq NSCLC

#### **Approvals**

1 NME approved in EU

RG7596 Polivy - r/r DLBCL

1 Al approved in US

**RG7446 Tecentriq + nab paclitaxel** -1L non-sq NSCLC

1 Al approved in EU

RG3502 Kadcyla - Her2-pos eBC

### **Roche Group development pipeline**



#### **Phase I (41 NMEs + 19 Als)**

RG6026	CD20 x CD3 / combos	heme tumors
RG6076	CD19-4-1BBL	heme tumors
RG6107	crovalimab	PNH
RG6114	mPI3K alpha inh	HR+ BC
RG6139	PD1 x LAG3	solid tumors
RG6160	FcRH5/ x CD3	r/r MM
RG6171	SERD (3)	R+/HER2- mBC
RG6180	iNeST*± T	solid tumors
RG6185	belvarafenib (pan-RAF inh) + Cotellic	solid tumors
RG6194	HER2 x CD3	BC
RG6290	MAGE-A4 ImmTAC	solid tumors
RG6292	CD25 MAb	solid tumors
RG7159	anti-CD20 combos	heme tumors
	Cotellic + Zelboraf + T	melanoma
RG7421	Cotellic + T 2l	BRAF WT MM
	Cotellic + T RCC, bladder,	head & neck ca
RG7440	ipatasertib + Taxane + T	TNBC
1107440	ipatasertib + rucaparib mCR	PC, solid tumors
	Tecentriq (T)	solid tumors
	T-based Morpheus platform	solid tumors
	T + Avastin + Cotellic	2/3L CRC
RG7446	T ± Avastin ± chemo	HCC, GC, PaC
1107 440	T + anti-CD20 combos	heme tumors
	T + K/HP	HER2+ BC
	T + rucaparib	ovarian ca
	T + CD47 MAb	r/r AML
RG7461	FAP IL2v FP combos	solid tumors
	Venclexta + idasanutlin	AML
RG7601	Venclexta + AMG176	AML
	Venclexta ± azacitidine	r/r MDS
	Venclexta + gilteritinib	r/r AML

50		
RG7769	PD1 x TIM3	solid tumors
RG7802	cibisatamab ± T	solid tumors
RG7827	FAP-4-1BBL FP	solid tumors
RG7828	mosunetuzumab / combos	heme tumors
RG7876	selicrelumab combos	solid tumors
CHU	FIXa x FX	hemophilia
CHU	glypican-3 x CD3	solid tumors
CHU	codrituzumab	HCC
RG6151	-	asthma
RG6244	-	asthma
RG6287	-	IBD
RG7835	lgG-IL2	autoimmune diseases
RG6084	-	HBV
RG6217	-	HBV
RG6346	HBV siRNA	HBV
RG7854	TLR7 agonist (3)	HBV
RG7861	anti-S. aureus TAC	infectious diseases
RG7907	HBV CpAM (2) (Capsid)	HBV
RG7992	FGFR1 x KLB MAb	metabolic diseases
RG6000	DLK inh	ALS
RG6102	brain shuttle gantenerumab	Alzheimer's
RG6237	-	neuromuscular disorders
RG7816	GABA Aa5 PAM	autism
RG6179	-	DME
RG7774	-	retinal disease
RG7921	-	wAMD
CHU	PTH1 recep. ago	hypoparathyroidism
CHU	-	hyperphosphatemia
CHU	-	endometriosis

RG-No -Roche/Genentech

CHU- Chugai managed
IONIS - IONIS managed

\*Individualized Neoantigen Specific Immunotherapy

NOV- Novimmune managed

T=Tecentriq

#### Phase II (18 NMEs + 10 Als)

RG6180	iNeST* + pembrolizumab	malignant melanoma
RG6058	tiragolumab ± T	NSCLC
DC7000	idasanutlin	polycythemia vera
RG7388	idasanutlin	1L AML
RG7421	Cotellic + Tecentriq ± taxane	TNBC
RG7446	Tecentriq	SC NSCLC
RG7596	Polivy	r/r FL
	Venclexta + Rituxan	DLBCL
RG7601	Venclexta + azacitidin	1L MDS
NG/001	Venclexta + fulvestrant	2L HR+BC
	Venclexta + carfilzomib	r/r MM t(11:14)
RG6149	ST2 MAb	asthma
RG6173	-	asthma
RG7159	Gazyva	lupus
RG7845	fenebrutinib	RA, lupus, CSU
RG7880	IL22-Fc	inflammatory diseases
CHU	nemolizumab# pro	uritus in dialysis patients
NOV	TLR4 MAb	autoimmune diseases
RG1662	basmisanil	CIAS
RG6100	semorinemab (Tau MAb )	Alzheimer's
RG7412	crenezumab familial	Alzheimer's healthy pts
RG7906	-	psychiatric disorders
RG7935	prasinezumab	Parkinson's
RG6147	-	geographic atrophy
IONIS	ASO factor B	geographic atrophy
RG6357	SPK-8011	hemophilia A
RG6358		n inhibitors to factor VIII
RG6367	SPK-7001	choroideremia
NMEs		CardioMetabolism

NMEs
Additional Indication (AI)
Oncology / Hematology
Immunology
Infectious Diseases

CardioMetabolism
Neuroscience
Ophthalmology
Other
Spark

# out-licensed to Galderma (AD, PN) and Maruho (AD)

### **Roche Group development pipeline**



#### Phase III (8 NMEs + 31 Als)

RG3502	Kadcyla + Perjeta	HER2+ eBC
RG7388	idasanutlin + chemo	r/r AML
	ipatasertib + abiraterone	1L CRPC
RG7440	ipatasertib + chemo	1L TNBC/HR+ BC
NG/440	ipatasertib + fulvestrant + palbo	ciclib 1L HR+ mBC
	ipatasertib + Tecentriq + taxane	1L TNBC
RG7421	Cotellic + Zelboraf + T	1L BRAFm melanoma
RG7596	Polivy	1L DLBCL
	Tecentriq	NSCLC adj
	Tecentriq	MIBC adj
	Tecentriq	MIBC, high risk
	Tecentriq	RCC adj
	T + chemo + Avastin	1L ovarian cancer
	T ± chemo	SCCHN adj
RG7446	Tecentriq	HER2+ BC neoadj
NG/440	T + paclitaxel	1L TNBC
	T + capecitabine or carbo/gem	1L TNBC
	T + paclitaxel	TNBC adj
	T + nab-paclitaxel	TNBC neoadj
	T + Avastin	HCC adj
	T + Avastin	1L RCC
	T ± chemo	1L mUC

RG7446/RG7853/ RG6268	Tecentriq or Alecensa or entrectinib	1LNSCLC Dx+
RG7601	Venclexta	r/r MM t(11:14)
NG/001	Venclexta + HMA	1L AML
RG7853	Alecensa A	ALK+ NSCLC adj
RG3648	Xolair	food allergy
RG7413	etrolizumab	ulcerative colitis
NG/413	etrolizumab	Crohn's
	Xofluza influenza	, hospitalized pts
RG6152	Xofluza in	fluenza, pediatric
	Xofluza influenza post expe	osure prophylaxis
RG1450	gantenerumab	Alzheimer's
RG6042	HTT ASO	Huntington's
RG7314	balovaptan	autism
RG6321	port delivery system with ranibizuma	b wAMD
NG0321	port delivery system with ranibizuma	b DME
RG7716	faricimab	DME
NG//10	faricimab	wAMD

#### **Registration (5 NMEs + 6 Als)**

RG6264	Perjeta + Herceptin FDC SC	HER2+ BC
DOGGG	Rozlytrek (entrectinib) 1	ROS1+ NSCLC
RG6268	Rozlytrek (entrectinib) 1	NTRK+ tumor-agnostic
RG7446	Tecentriq Dx+	1L sq + non-sq NSCLC
NG/440	Tecentriq+ Avastin	1L HCC
RG7601	Venclexta + Gazyva 1	1L CLL
RG3648	Xolair <sup>2</sup>	nasal polyps
RG6152	Xofluza <sup>1</sup>	influenza
NG0102	Xofluza <sup>1</sup>	influenza, high risk
RG6168	satralizumab	NMOSD
RG7916	risdiplam <sup>2</sup>	SMA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Approved in US





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Filed in US

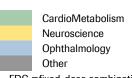
### Roche

# NME submissions and their additional indications Projects in phase II and III

RG7916	<b>Risdiplam (US) √</b> SMA	RG6321	Port Delivery System with ranibizumab WAMD							RG6321	Port Delivery System with ranibizumab DME
RG6168	<b>satralizumab √</b> NMOSD	RG7413	<b>etrolizumab</b> ulcerative colitis			RG6058	tiragolumab + Tecentriq NSCLC	RG6042	HTT ASO Huntington's	RG6152	<b>Xofluza</b> influenza, hospitalized pts
RG6152	<b>Xofluza (EU) √</b> influenza	RG6152	<b>Xofluza</b> influenza, pediatric			RG6180	iNeST* oncology	RG1450	<b>gantenerumab</b> Alzheimer's	RG6149	ST2 Mab asthma
RG6152	Xofluza (EU) √ influenza, high risk	RG6152	<b>Xofluza</b> influenza post-exposure prophylaxis			RG7388	<b>idasanutlin</b> AML fit 1L	RG1662	basmisanil CIAS	RG6173	<b>NME</b> asthma
RG6264	Perjeta + Herceptin FDC SC √ HER2+ BC	RG7388	idasanutlin + chemo AML			RG7388	<b>idasanutlin</b> polycythemia vera	RG6100	<b>semorinemab</b> ( <b>Tau MAb )</b> Alzheimer's	RG7413	<b>etrolizumab</b> ) Crohn's
RG6268	Rozlytrek (entrectinib) (EU) √ ROS1+ NSCLC	RG7440	ipatasertib + abiraterone 1L CRPC	RG7716	<b>faricimab</b> DME	RG7440	ipatasertib + fulv + palbociclib 1L HR+ mBC	RG7314	<b>balovaptan</b> autism	RG7845	fenebrutinib autoimmune diseases
RG6268	Rozlytrek (entrectinib) (EU) √ NTRK+ tumor-agnostic	RG7440	ipatasertib + chemo 1L TNBC / HR+ BC	RG7716	<b>faricimab</b> wAMD	RG7440	ipatasertib + Tecentriq + taxane 1L TNBC	RG7935	<b>prasinezumab</b> Parkinson's	RG7880	IL22-Fc inflammatory diseases
	2019	2020 2021					2022	and beyond			

<sup>✓</sup> Indicates submission to health authorities has occurred Unless stated otherwise submissions are planned to occur in US and EU





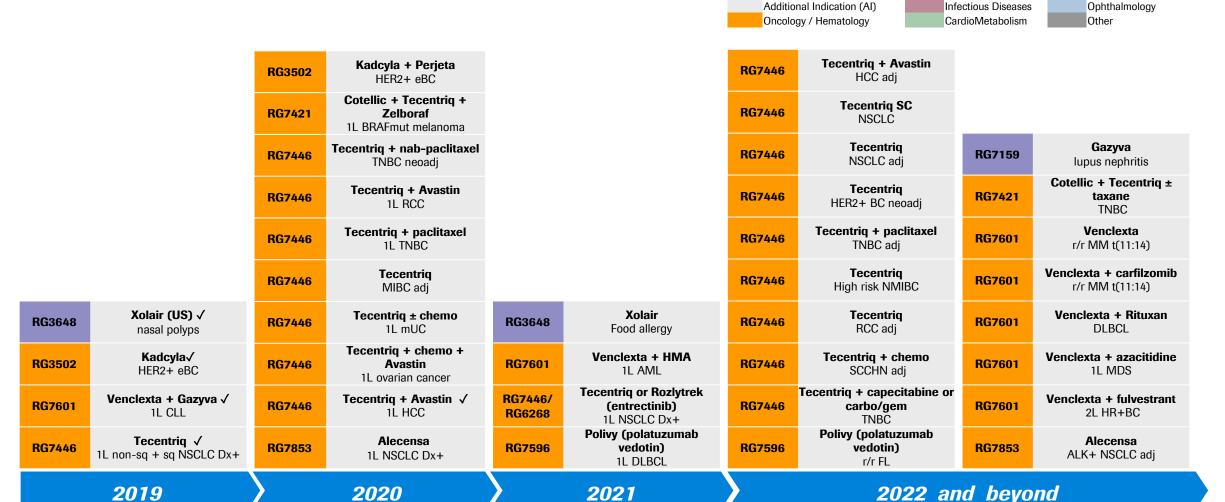
FDC =fixed-dose combination

<sup>\*</sup>Individualized NeoAntigen Specific Immunotherapy

# Al submissions for existing products Projects in phase II and III



Neuroscience



New Molecular Entity (NME)

Immunoloav





	US		EU		China		i	
RG6152	<b>Xofluza</b> Influenza, high risk pts Filed Dec. 2018	RG6268	<b>Rozlytrek (entrectinib)</b> ROS1+ NSCLC Filed Jan 2019	RG99	<b>CellCept</b> lupus nephritis Filed Aug 2018	RG3502	<b>Kadcyla</b> HER2+ eB0 Filed Aug 2	adj
RG6168	<b>satralizumab</b> NMOSD Filed Aug 2019	RG6268	Rozlytrek (entrectinib) NTRK+ tumor-agnostic Filed Jan 2019	RG105	<b>MabThera</b> CLL Filed Apr 2019	RG6268	<b>Rozlytrek (entr</b> ROS1+ NS0 Filed Mar 2	CLC
RG7916	<b>risdiplam</b> SMA Filed Nov 2019	RG7601	<b>Venclexta+Gazyva</b> 1L CLL Filed Jul 2019	RG105	<b>MabThera</b> FL Filed Apr 2019	RG7853	<b>Alecens</b> r/r ALK+ Al Filed Jun 20	_CL
RG3648	<b>Xolair</b> nasal polyps Filed Sept 2019	RG6168	<b>satralizumab</b> NMOSD Filed Aug 2019	RG405	<b>Avastin</b> 1L/2L gliobastoma Filed Jan 2019	RG6168	<b>satralizum</b> NMOSD Filed Nov 2	
RG7446	<b>Tecentriq</b> 1L non-sq + sq NSCLC Dx+ Filed Dec 2019	RG7446	<b>Tecentriq</b> 1L non-sq + sq NSCLC Dx+ Filed Nov 2019	RG405	<b>Avastin + Tarceva</b> NSCLC Filed Aug 2019			
RG7446	<b>Tecentriq + Avastin</b> HCC Filed Jan 2020	RG6152	<b>Xofluza</b> influenza Filed Nov 2019	RG3502	<b>Kadcyla</b> HER2+ eBC Filed Feb 2019			
RG6264	Perjeta+Herceptin FDC SC Her2+BC Filed Dec 2019	RG6152	<b>Xofluza</b> influenza, high risk Filed Nov 2019	RG7159	<b>Gazyva</b> 1L FL Filed Sept 2019			
		RG7446	<b>Tecentriq +Avastin</b> HCC Filed Jan 2020	RG7159	<b>Gazyva</b> r/r FL Filed Sept 2019	Additio	lolecular Entity (NME) anal Indication (AI) analy / Hematology	CardioMetabo Neuroscience Ophthalmolog
		RG6264	<b>Perjeta+Herceptin FDC SC</b> Her2+BC Filed Jan 2020	RG7446	<b>Tecentriq + chemo</b> 1L extensive stage SCLC Filed Feb 2019	Immun	63	Other





	US		EU	China			Japan-Chugai
RG597	<b>Herceptin SC Hylecta</b> Feb 2019	RG105	<b>MabThera</b> pemphigus vulgaris Mar 2019	RG1569	<b>Herceptin</b> BC neoadj Jan 2019	RG105	<b>Rituxan</b> CD20+ CLL Mar 2019
RG6268	<b>Rozlytrek (entrectinib)</b> ROS1+ NSCLC Aug 2019	RG7596	<b>Polivy (polatuzumab vedotin)</b> r/r DLBCL January 2020	RG1273	<b>Perjeta</b> HER2+ eBC neoadj Dec 2018	RG1569	<b>Actemra</b> CRS Mar 2019
RG6268	Rozlytrek (entrectinib) NTRK+ tumor-agnostic Aug 2019	RG6013	<b>Hemlibra</b> hemophilia A FVIII non-inh Mar 2019	RG6264	Perjeta + Herceptin 1L HER2+ mBC Dec 2019	RG1569	<b>Actemra</b> Adult Onset Still's disease May 2019
RG7446	<b>Tecentriq + nab-paclitaxel</b> 1L TNBC Mar 2019	RG6013	<b>Hemlibra</b> Q4W hemophilia A Mar 2019			RG6268	<b>Rozlytrek</b> NTRK+ tumor-agnostic June 2019
RG7446	Tecentriq + chemo 1L extensive stage SCLC Mar 2019	RG7446	Tecentriq + chemo + Avastin 1L non-sq NSCLC Mar 2019			RG7446	Tecentriq + chemo 1L extensive stage SCLC Aug 2019
RG7446	Tecentriq + nab-paclitaxel 1L non sq NSCLC Dec 2019	RG7446	<b>Tecentriq + nab-paclitaxel</b> 1L non sq NSCLC Sept 2019			RG7446	Tecentriq + nab-paclitaxel 1L TNBC Sept 2019
RG7601	<b>Venclexta + Gazyva</b> 1L CLL May 2019	RG7446	Tecentriq + nab-paclitaxel 1L TNBC Aug 2019			RG7446	Tecentriq + pemetrexed 1L non-sq NSCLC Nov 2019
RG3502	<b>Kadcyla</b> HER2+ eBC May 2019	RG7446	<b>Tecentriq + chemo</b> 1L extensive stage SCLC Sept 2019			Nov Ma	olecular Entity (NME) CardioMetabolism
RG7596	<b>Polivy (polatuzumab vedotin)</b> r/r DLBCL June 2019	RG3502	<b>Kadcyla</b> HER2+EBC Dec 2019			Addition	nal Indication (AI)  Neuroscience  Ophthalmology
RG105	<b>Rituxan</b> GPA/MPA (pediatrics) Sept 2019					Immuno Infectiou	ology Other us Diseases



#### **Pipeline summary**

#### **Marketed products additional indications**

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

**Diagnostics** 

Foreign exchange rate information

#### Hemlibra



# Factor VIII mimetic for treatment of hemophilia A

Indication	Hemophilia A patients with inhibitors to factor VIII	Hemophilia A pediatric patients with inhibitors to factor VIII		
Phase/study	Phase III HAVEN 1	Phase III HAVEN 2		
# of patients	N=118	N=88		
Design	Patients on episodic treatment prior to study entry:  • ARM A: Hemlibra prophylaxis  • ARM B: Episodic treatment (no prophylaxis)  Patients on prophylaxis prior to study entry:  • ARM C: Hemlibra prophylaxis  Patients on episodic treatment previously on non-interventional study:  • ARM D: Hemlibra prophylaxis	Patients on prophylactic or episodic treatment prior to study entry:  • Cohort A: Hemlibra prophylaxis qw  • Cohort B: Hemlibra prophylaxis q2w  • Cohort C: Hemlibra prophylaxis q4w		
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Number of bleeds over 24 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of bleeds over 52 weeks</li> </ul>		
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2015, recruitment completed in arms A and B Q2 2016</li> <li>Primary and all secondary endpoints met Q4 2016</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2017; 377:809-818</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2016, recruitment completed Q2 2017</li> <li>Positive interim data in Q2 2017</li> <li>FPI cohorts B/C Q4 2017</li> <li>Full primary data at ASH 2018</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Data presented at ISTH 2017, updated</li> <li>Filed in US and EU in Q2 2017; grante</li> <li>Approved in US Q4 2017 and EU Q1 2</li> </ul>	d accelerated assessment (EMA) and priority review (FDA)		
CT Identifier	NCT02622321	NCT02795767		

#### Hemlibra



# Factor VIII mimetic for treatment of hemophilia A

Indication	Hemophilia A patients without inhibitors to factor VIII	Hemophilia A patients with and without inhibitors to Factor VIII, dosing every 4 weeks		
Phase/study	Phase III HAVEN 3	Phase III HAVEN 4		
# of patients	N=135	N=46		
Design	Patients on FVIII episodic treatment prior to study entry:  • ARM A: Hemlibra prophylaxis qw  • ARM B: Hemlibra prophylaxis q2w  • ARM C: Episodic FVIII treatment; switch to Hemlibra prophylaxis possible after 24 weeks  Patients on FVIII prophylaxis prior to study entry:  • ARM D: Hemlibra prophylaxis qw	Multicenter, open-label, non-randomized study to assess the efficacy, safety, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of Hemlibra administered every 4 weeks.  • Part 1: Pharmacokinetic (PK) run-in part (N=6)  • Part 2: Expansion part (N=40)		
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Number of bleeds over 24 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of bleeds over 24 weeks</li> </ul>		
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2016, recruitment completed Q2 2017</li> <li>Study met primary and key secondary endpoints Q4 2017</li> <li>FDA granted Breakthrough Therapy Designation April 2018</li> <li>Data presented at WFH 2018</li> <li>Filed in US (priority review) and EU in Q2 2018</li> <li>Data published in NEJM 2018; 379: 811-822</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017, recruitment completed Q2 2017</li> <li>PK run-in data at ASH 2017</li> <li>Positive interim analysis outcome reported Q4 2017</li> <li>Data presented at WFH 2018</li> <li>Interim data filed in US and EU in Q2 2018</li> <li>Data published in Lancet Haematology 2019 Jun;6(6):e295-e305</li> </ul>		
	•Approved in US Q4	2018 and EU Q1 2019		
CT Identifier	NCT02847637	NCT03020160		

#### **Alecensa**



### New CNS-active inhibitor of anaplastic lymphoma kinase

Indication	Treatment-naïve ALK-positive advanced NSCLC	Adjuvant ALK+ NSCLC		
Phase/study	Phase III ALEX	Phase III ALINA		
# of patients	N=286	N=255		
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Alecensa 600mg BID</li> <li>ARM B: Crizotinib 250mg BID</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Alecensa 600 mg BID</li> <li>ARM B: Platinum-based chemotherapy</li> </ul>		
Primary endpoint	■ Progression-free survival	■ Disease-free survival		
Status	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2015</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2017, 2018, ESMO 2017, 2018</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2017; 377:829-838</li> <li>CNS data presented at ESMO 2017</li> <li>Final PFS and updated OS presented at ESMO 2019</li> <li>Approved in US Q4 2017 (priority review) and in EU Q4 2017</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q3 2018		
CT Identifier	NCT02075840	NCT03456076		

#### **Cotellic**



# Selective small molecule inhibitor of MAPK kinase

Indication	First-line metastatic triple negative breast cancer	Recurrent or advanced solid tumors	
Phase/study	Phase II COLET	Phase Ib COTEST	
# of patients	N=160	N=250	
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Cotellic plus paclitaxel</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus paclitaxel</li> <li>ARM C: Cotellic plus Tecentriq plus nab-paclitaxel</li> <li>ARM D: Cotellic plus Tecentriq plus paclitaxel</li> </ul>	Cotellic plus Tecentriq in head and neck, bladder and renal cancer (cohorts for each cancer type in CPI naive and CPI experienced patients)	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and safety</li> </ul>	Objective response rate	
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2015</li> <li>FPI arms C and D: Q4 2016</li> <li>Data arms A and B presented at SABCS 2017</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q4 2017	
CT Identifier	NCT02322814	NCT03264066	

### Gazyva/Gazyvaro



Oncology development program

Indication	Front-line indolent non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
Phase/study	Phase III GALLIUM Induction and maintenance study
# of patients	N=1,401
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Gazyva 1000mg IV + chemo followed by Gazyva maintenance</li> <li>ARM B: MabThera/Rituxan + chemo followed by MabThera/Rituxan maintenance</li> <li>Chemotherapy:</li> <li>For follicular lymphoma (FL): CHOP, CVP or bendamustine</li> <li>For non-FL: physician's choice</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival in FL patients (N=1,202)</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>Trial stopped at interim for efficacy (May 2016)</li> <li>Data presented at ASH 2016</li> <li>Approved in EU Q3 2017</li> <li>Approved by the FDA Q4 2017 after priority review</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2017; 377:1331-1344</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT01332968

### Kadcyla



### First ADC for HER2-positive breast cancer

Indication	HER2-positive early breast cancer high-risk patients	Operable HER2-positive early breast cancer	
Phase/study	Phase III KATHERINE	Phase III KAITLIN	
# of patients	N=1,484	N=1,850	
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Kadcyla 3.6mg/kg q3w</li> <li>ARM B: Herceptin</li> </ul>	Following surgery and antracycline-based therapy:  • ARM A: Herceptin 6mg/kg q3w plus Perjeta 420 mg/kg q3w plus chem  • ARM B: Kadcyla 3.6mg/kg q3w plus Perjeta 420mg/kg q3w plus chemo	
Primary endpoint	■ Invasive disease-free survival	<ul> <li>Invasive disease-free survival</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2015</li> <li>Stopped at pre-planned interim data analysis for efficacy Q4 2018</li> <li>Data presented at SABCS 2018</li> <li>BTD granted by FDA in Q1 2019</li> <li>US filling completed under RTOR Q1 2019 and filed in EU Q1 2019</li> <li>Approved in US Q2 2019 and in EU Q4 2019</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2019; 380:617-628</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2015</li> <li>Data expected in 2020</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT01772472	NCT01966471	

### **Perjeta**

### Roche

#### First-in-class HER2 dimerization inhibitor

Indication	Adjuvant HER2-positive breast cancer	Neoadjuvant/adjuvant HER2-positive breast cancer
Phase/study	Phase III APHINITY	Phase II BERENICE
# of patients	N=4,803	N=401
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Perjeta (840mg loading, 420 q3w) + Herceptin for 52 weeks plus chemotherapy (6-8 cycles)</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo + Herceptin (52 weeks) plus chemotherapy (6-8 cycles)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Neoadjuvant treatment:</li> <li>ARM A: ddAC q2w x4 followed by wkly paclitaxel for 12 wks, with P+H x4 cycles</li> <li>ARM B: FEC plus P+H x4 followed by docetaxel plus P+H x4 Adjuvant treatment:</li> <li>P+H q3w to complete 1 year of HER2 therapy</li> <li>Hormonal and radiation therapy as indicated</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Invasive disease-free survival	■ Safety
Status	<ul> <li>Primary endpoint met Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2017 and published in NEJM 2017; 377:122-131</li> <li>Filed in US and EU Q3 2017</li> <li>Approved in US Q4 2017 (priority review) and EU Q2 2018</li> <li>Six year iDFS data presented at SABCS 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2015</li> <li>Data presented at SABCS 2016</li> <li>Data published in Ann Oncol. 2018 Mar 1; 29(3): 646-653</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT01358877	NCT02132949

### **Perjeta**



### First-in-class HER2 dimerization inhibitor

Indication	HER2-positive early breast cancer subcutaneous co-formulation		
Phase/study	Phase III Phase II FeDeriCa Phrancesca		
# of patients	N=500	N=140	
Design	Fixed-dose combination (FDC) of Perjeta (P) and Herceptin (H) for subcutaneous administration in combination with chemotherapy in the neoadjuvant/adjuvant setting  • ARM A: P IV+H IV+chemotherapy  • ARM B: FDC of PH SC+chemotherapy	• ARM A: PH IV followed by FDC SC • ARM B: PH FDC SC followed by IV	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Trough Serum Concentration (Ctrough) of Pertuzumab During Cycle 7</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Percentage who preferred the PH FDC SC</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2018</li> <li>Study met primary endpoint Q3 2019</li> <li>Data presented at SABCS 2019</li> <li>Filed in US Q4 2019 (FD/III)</li> </ul>	FPI Q4 2018 A acceptance pending) & in EU Jan 2020	
CT Identifier	NCT03493854 NCT03674112		



Indication	1L non-squamous NSCLC			
Phase/study	Phase III Phase III Phase III IMpower130 IMpower132			
# of patients	N=1,202	N=650	N=568	
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> <li>ARM B: Tecentriq plus Avastin plus paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> <li>ARM C: Avastin plus paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus nab-paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> <li>ARM B: Nab-paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus carboplatin or cisplatin plus pemetrexed</li> <li>ARM B: Carboplatin or cisplatin plus pemetrexed</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint of PFS in Q4 2017 and OS in Q1 2018</li> <li>PFS data presented at ESMO IO 2017 and OS at ASCO 2018</li> <li>Filed in US Q1 2018 (priority review) and EU (Q1 2018)</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2018; 378:2288-2301</li> <li>Approved in US Q4 2018 and EU Q1 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2015</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2017</li> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint of OS and PFS in Q2 2018</li> <li>Filed in US and EU Q4 2018</li> <li>Data published in Lancet Oncol. 2019 Jul;20(7):924-937</li> <li>Approved in EU Q3 2019 and US Q4 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2017</li> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint of PFS in Q2 2018</li> <li>Data presented at WCLC 2018</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT02366143	NCT02367781	NCT02657434	



Indication	1L non-squamous and squamous NSCLC PD-L1-selected patients	1L squamous NSCLC	1L extensive-stage SCLC
Phase/study	Phase III IMpower110	Phase III IMpower131	Phase III IMpower133
# of patients	N=570	N=1,025	N=400
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq monotherapy</li> <li>ARM B: NSq: carboplatin or cisplatin plus pemetrexed</li> <li>Sq: carboplatin or cisplatin plus gemcitabine</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> <li>ARM B: Tecentriq plus nab-paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> <li>ARM C: Nab-paclitaxel plus carboplatin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus carboplatin plus etoposide</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus carboplatin plus etoposide</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Overall survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>IMpower111 consolidated into IMpower110 Q3 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2018</li> <li>Study met primary end point in PD-L1 high (IC3/TC3) Q3 2019</li> <li>Data presented at ESMO and ESMO-IO 2019</li> <li>Filed in EU and US Q4 2019 (US: FDA acceptance pending)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2015</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2017</li> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint of PFS in Q1 2018</li> <li>Primary PFS data presented at ASCO 2018</li> <li>Interim OS data presented at ESMO 2018 and final OS at WCLC 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2016</li> <li>Orphan drug designation granted by FDA Q3 2016</li> <li>Study met endpoints of OS and PFS in Q2 2018</li> <li>Primary data presented at WCLC 2018</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2018; 379:2220-2229</li> <li>Filed with the US and EU Q3 2018</li> <li>Approved in US Q1 2019 and EU Q3 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02409342	NCT02367794	NCT02763579



Indication	Adjuvant NSCLC	Neoadjuvant NSCLC
Phase/study	Phase III IMpower010	Phase III IMpower030
# of patients	N=1,127	N=302
Design	Following adjuvant cisplatin-based chemotherapy  • ARM A: Tecentriq  • ARM B: Best supportive care	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq + platinum-based chemotherapy</li> <li>ARM B: Platinum-based chemotherapy</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Disease-free survival	<ul> <li>Major pathological response and event free survival</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2015</li> <li>Trial amended from PD-L1+ selected patients to all-comers</li> <li>FPI for all-comer population Q4 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q2 2018
CT Identifier	NCT02486718	NCT03456063



Indication	1L non-squamous NSCLC	Stage IV non-small cell lung cancer
Phase/study	Phase II/III B-FAST	Phase Ib/II IMscin001
# of patients	N=598	N=260
Design	<ul> <li>Cohort A: ALK + (Alecensa)</li> <li>Cohort B: ROS1 + (entrectinib)</li> <li>Cohort C: bTMB-high (Tecentriq)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Part 1: dose finding, atezo SC followed by atezo IV</li> <li>Part 2: non inferiority of atezo SC + Avastin + chemo vs atezo IV + Avastin+ chemo</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Cohort A/B: Objective response rate</li><li>Cohort C: Progression-free survival</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Observed concentration of atezolizumab in serum at cycle 1</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed for cohort A Q3 2018 and Cohort C Q3 2019</li> <li>Study met primary end point in cohort A (ALK+) Q3 2019 and presented at ESMO 2019</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q4 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03178552	NCT03735121



# Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – SCCHN

Indication	Adjuvant squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck
Phase/study	Phase III IMvoke010
# of patients	N=400
Design	ARM A: Tecentriq 1200mg q3w     ARM B: Placebo
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Event-free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q1 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03452137



# Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – UC

Indication	1L metastatic urothelial carcinoma	Adjuvant high-risk muscle-invasive urothelial cancer	High-risk non-muscle-invasive bladder cancer
Phase/study	Phase III IMvigor130	Phase III IMvigor010	Phase III ALBAN
# of patients	N=1,200	N=800	N=614
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus gemcitabine and carboplatin or cisplatin</li> <li>ARM B: Tecentriq monotherapy</li> <li>ARM C: Placebo plus gemcitabine and carboplatin or cisplatin</li> </ul>	After cystectomy:  • ARM A: Tecentriq monotherapy  • ARM B: Observation	<ul> <li>ARM A: BCG induction and maintenance</li> <li>ARM B: Tecentriq+ BCG induction and maintenance</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival, overall survival and safety</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disease-free survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recurrence-free survival</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2016</li> <li>FPI for arm B (amended study) Q1 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint of PFS Q3 2019</li> <li>Data presented at ESMO 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2015</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> <li>Primary endpoint was not met Jan 2020</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q4 2018
CT Identifier	NCT02807636	NCT02450331	NCT03799835

UC=urothelial carcinoma; BCG=Bacille Calmette-Guérin



# Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – renal cell cancer

Indication	Adjuvant renal cell carcinoma	Untreated advanced renal cell carcinoma	
Phase/study	Phase III IMmotion010	Phase III IMmotion151	Phase II IMmotion150
# of patients	N=664	N=900	N=305
Design	<ul><li>ARM A: Tecentriq monotherapy</li><li>ARM B: Observation</li></ul>	<ul><li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus Avastin</li><li>ARM B: Sunitinib</li></ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> <li>ARM B: Tecentriq; following PD: Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> <li>ARM C: Sunitinib; following PD: Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Disease-free survival	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival and overall survival (co-primary endpoint)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2015</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2016</li> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint (PFS in PD-L1+ patients) in Q4 2017</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO GU 2018</li> <li>Data published in the Lancet. 2019 Jun 15;393(10189):2404-2415</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2015</li> <li>Presented at ASCO GU and AACR 2017</li> <li>Updated data presented at ASCO 2017</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03024996	NCT02420821	NCT01984242



### Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – CRC and HCC

Indication	2/3L metastatic colorectal cancer	1L hepatocellular carcinoma	Adjuvant hepatocellular carcinoma
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase III IMbrave150	Phase III IMbrave050
# of patients	N=84	N=501	N=662
Design	Open-label, single-arm, two-stage study with Cotellic plus Tecentriq plus Avastin  • Stage 1: Safety run-in  • Stage 2: Dose-expansion with two cohorts:  - Expansion  - Biopsy	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> <li>ARM B: Sorafenib</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> <li>ARM B: Active surveillance</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	<ul> <li>Overall survival and progression free survival</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Recurrence-Free Survival (RFS)</li></ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> <li>Data presented at ESMO 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2018</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2019</li> <li>Data presented at ESMO Asia 2019</li> <li>US filing completed under RTOR Jan 2020; filed in EU Jan 2020</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q4 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02876224	NCT03434379	NCT04102098

Cotellic in collaboration with Exelixis



### *Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – solid tumors*

Indication	Solid tumors
Phase/study	Phase I
# of patients	N=430
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: HCC: Tecentriq + Avastin</li> <li>ARM B: HER2-neg. GC: Tecentriq+Avastin+oxaliplatin+leucovorin+5-FU</li> <li>ARM C: PaC: Tecentriq + nab-paclitaxel + gemcitabine</li> <li>ARM D: HCC: Tecentriq + vanucizumab or Tecentriq + Avastin</li> <li>ARM E: Squamous cell mEC: Tecentriq + 5FU-Cis and Tecentriq + FOLFOX; adenocarcinoma mEC: Tecentriq + FOLFOX</li> <li>ARM F: HCC: Tecentriq vs Tecentriq + Avastin (randomized)</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2016</li> <li>FPI arm E Q1 2017</li> <li>FPI arm F Q2 2018</li> <li>Breakthrough Therapy Designation granted by FDA for HCC Jul 2018</li> <li>HCC data presented at ESMO 2018, APPLE, ILCA and ESMO 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02715531



### Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – breast cancer

Indication	Previously untreated metastatic triple negative breast cancer		
Phase/study	Phase III IMpassion130	Phase III IMpassion131	Phase III IMpassion132
# of patients	N=900	N=540	N=350
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus nab-paclitaxel</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus nab-paclitaxel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus paclitaxel</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus paclitaxel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus capecitabine or carbo/gem</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus capecitabine or carbo/gem</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	Progression-free survival and overall survival (co-primary endpoint)	Progression-free survival	Overall survival
Status	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2017</li> <li>Study met co-primary endpoint of PFS in both PDL1+ and ITT populations Jul 2018</li> <li>Primary PFS and interim OS data presented at ESMO 2018 and ASCO 2019</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2018; 379:2108-2121</li> <li>US accelerated approval Q1 2019</li> <li>Approved in the EU Q3 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2019</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q1 2018
CT Identifier	NCT02425891	NCT03125902	NCT03371017



# Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – breast cancer

Indication	Neoadjuvant triple negative breast cancer	Adjuvant triple negative breast cancer
Phase/study	Phase III IMpassion031	Phase III IMpassion030
# of patients	N=324	N=2,300
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq plus nab-paclitaxel</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus nab-paclitaxel</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Tecentriq + paclitaxel followed by AC followed by Tecentriq + AC, followed by Tecentriq maintenance</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo + paclitaxel followed by AC followed by placebo</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	Percentage of participants with pathologic complete response (pCR)	Invasive Disease Free Survival
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2018</li> <li>Q1 2019 IDMC recommendation to expand study to recruit 120 additional patients (all comers and PDL1-positive). Recruitment completed for additional patients Q3 2019</li> </ul>	• FPI Q3 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03197935	NCT03498716



### Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – breast cancer

Indication	Metastatic and locally advanced early breast cancer (HER2-positive)	Neoadjuvant HER2-positive breast cancer
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase III IMpassion050
# of patients	N=76	N=453
Design	<ul> <li>Cohort 1A (mBC): Tecentriq plus Perjeta plus Herceptin</li> <li>Cohort 1B (mBC): Tecentriq plus Kadcyla¹</li> <li>Cohort 1F (mBC): Tecentriq plus Perjeta plus Herceptin plus docetaxel</li> <li>Cohort 2A (eBC): Tecentriq plus Perjeta plus Herceptin</li> <li>Cohort 2B (eBC): Tecentriq plus Kadcyla¹</li> <li>Cohort 2C (expansion on cohort 1B): Tecentriq plus Kadcyla¹</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: ddAC Herceptin/Perjeta + paclitaxel followed by surgery and chemotherapy</li> <li>ARM B: ddAC Herceptin/Perjeta + chemotherapy +Tecentriq followed by surgery and chemotherapy +Tecentriq</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	• pCR
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2015</li><li>Recruitment completed Q2 2018</li></ul>	■ FPI Q4 2018
CT Identifier	NCT02605915	NCT03726879



# Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – ovarian cancer

Indication	Front-line ovarian cancer	Advanced gynecological cancers and triple negative breast cancer
Phase/study	Phase III IMaGYN050	Phase Ib
# of patients	N=1,300	N=48
Design	* ARM A: Tecentriq plus carboplatin plus paclitaxel plus Avastin * ARM B: Carboplatin plus paclitaxel plus Avastin	<ul> <li>Part 1: Dose finding Tecentriq plus rucaparib (CO-338)¹</li> <li>Part 2: Expansion Tecentriq plus rucaparib (CO-338)¹</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	Progression-free survival and overall survival (co-primary endpoint)	■ Safety
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2017</li><li>Recruitment completed Q1 2019</li></ul>	• FPI Q2 2017
CT Identifier	NCT03038100	NCT03101280

<sup>1</sup>Rucaparib in collaboration with Clovis



# Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – melanoma

Indication	First-line BRAFv600 mutation-positive metastatic or unresectable locally advanced melanoma	Previously untreated metastatic melanoma BRAF mutation-positive	BRAF-WT metastatic or unresectable locally advanced melanoma after immunotherapy
Phase/study	Phase III IMspire150 TRILOGY	Phase I	Phase Ib
# of patients	N=500	N=67	N=152
Design	Double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled study • ARM A: Tecentriq plus Cotellic plus Zelboraf • ARM B: Placebo plus Cotellic plus Zelboraf  1	<ul> <li>Dose-finding study of Cotellic plus Tecentriq plus Zelboraf<sup>1</sup> and Tecentriq plus Zelboraf<sup>1</sup> combinations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Preliminary efficacy of Cotellic plus Tecentriq in patients who have progressed on prior aPD-1 therapy</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Progression-free survival	<ul> <li>Safety and PK</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Objective response rate and disease control rate</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2018</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q4 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2012</li> <li>Data presented at ESMO 2016</li> <li>Published in Nature Medicine 2019 Jun;25(6):929-935</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2018</li> <li>Cohort C (Tecentriq monotherapy) data presented at SMR 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02908672	NCT01656642	NCT03178851



Anti-PD-L1 cancer immunotherapy – hematology

Indication	1L FL and 1L DLBCL	Relapsed or refractory FL	Relapsed or refractory AML
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=92	N=38	N=21
Design	<ul> <li>Tecentriq plus Gazyva plus bendamustine</li> <li>Tecentriq plus Rituxan plus CHOP</li> </ul>	Tecentriq plus Gazyva plus lenalidomide	■ Tecentriq plus anti-CD47
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Safety and efficacy</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Safety and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety and efficacy</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q4 2015	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2015</li><li>Data presented at ASH 2018</li></ul>	■ FPI Q4 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02596971	NCT02631577	NCT03922477

#### **Venclexta**



#### Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – CLL

Indication	Untreated CLL patients with coexisting medical conditions	Relapsed or refractory CLL
Phase/study	Phase III CLL14	Phase III MURANO
# of patients	N=432	N=391
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Venclexta plus Gazyva</li> <li>ARM B: Chlorambucil plus Gazyva</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Venclexta plus Rituxan</li> <li>ARM B: Rituxan plus bendamustine</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	Progression-free survival	Progression-free survival
Status	<ul> <li>Study met primary endpoint at pre-specified interim analysis Q4 2018</li> <li>BTD granted by FDA Q1 2019</li> <li>US filing completed under RTOR Q1 2019, approved Q2 2019</li> <li>Filed in EU Q2 2019</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2019 and ASH 2019</li> <li>Data published in NEJM 2019; 380:2225-2236</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Study met primary endpoint at interim analysis</li> <li>Data presented at ASH 2017</li> <li>Filed in US Q4 2017 and EU Q1 2018</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2018; 378:1107–20</li> <li>Updated data presented at ASCO 2018 and ASH 2019</li> <li>Approved in US Q2 2018 (priority review)</li> <li>EU approval Q4 2018</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02242942	NCT02005471

#### **Venclexta**



#### Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – NHL

Indication	B cell NHL and front-line DLBCL
Phase/study	Phase I/II CAVALLI
# of patients	N=248
Design	Phase I (dose finding, patients with B cell NHL):  • ARM A: Venclexta plus R-CHOP  • ARM B: Venclexta plus G-CHOP  Phase II (expansion, patients with 1L DLBCL):  • Venclexta plus R-CHOP
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety and efficacy</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2014</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2016 and ASH 2016 and 2018</li> <li>Data published in Blood 2019; 133(18):1964-1976</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02055820



#### Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – MM

Indication	Relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma		
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase Ib/II	Phase III CANOVA
# of patients	N=166	N=100	N=244
Design	<ul> <li>Dose escalation cohort:</li> <li>Venclexta dose escalation</li> <li>Safety expansion cohort (t11:14):</li> <li>Venclexta expansion</li> <li>Combination:</li> <li>Venclexta plus dexamethasone</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Venclexta plus carfilzomib plus dexamethasone in t(11;14) positive r/r MM</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Venclexta plus dexamethazone vs pomalidomide plus dexamethasone in t(11;14) positive r/r MM</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety and maximum tolerated dose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, objective response rate, PK, PD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2012</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2015</li> <li>Updated data presented at ASCO 2016 and ASH 2016</li> </ul>	• FPI Q1 2017	■ FPI Q4 2018
CT Identifier	NCT01794520	NCT02899052	NCT03539744



#### Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – AML

Indication	Treatment-naïve AML not eligible for standard induction therapy		
Phase/study	Phase III Viale-A	Phase III Viale-C	
# of patients	N=400	N=175	
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Venclexta plus azacitidine</li> <li>ARM B: Azacitidine</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Venclexta plus low-dose cytarabine</li> <li>ARM B: Low-dose cytarabine</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Overall survival and percentage of participants with complete remission</li> </ul>	Overall survival	
Status	■ FPI Q1 2017	■ FPI Q2 2017	
CT Identifier	NCT02993523	NCT03069352	



#### Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – AML

Indication	Treatment-naïve AML not eligible for standard induction therapy		
Phase/study	Phase Ib	Phase Ib/II	
# of patients	N=212	N=92	
Design	<ul> <li>Venclexta (dose escalation) plus decitabine</li> <li>Venclexta (dose escalation) plus azacitidine</li> <li>Venclexta (dose escalation) plus decitabine plus posaconazole</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Venclexta (dose escalation) plus low-dose cytarabine</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	Safety, PK, PD and efficacy	
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2014</li> <li>Initial data presented at ASH 2015, updated data presented at ASCO 2016 and ASCO 2018</li> <li>Breakthrough Therapy Designation granted by FDA Q1 2016</li> <li>Data published in Blood. 2019 Jan 3;133(1):7-17</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2015</li> <li>Initial data presented at ASCO 2016, updated data presented at ASH 2016 and ASH 2017</li> <li>Breakthrough Therapy Designation granted by FDA Q3 2017</li> </ul>	
	■ Filed in US Jul 2018 ■ US accelerated approval Q4 2018		
CT Identifier	NCT02203773	NCT02287233	



#### Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – AML

Indication	Relapsed or refractory AML	Relapsed or refractory AML not eligible for cytotoxic therapy	Relapsed or refractory hematological malignancies
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase Ib/II	Phase I
# of patients	N=52	N=140	N=86
Design	Venclexta in combination with gilteritinib	Phase I (dose escalation):  • ARM A: Cotellic¹ plus Venclexta  • ARM B: Idasanutlin plus Venclexta  Phase II (expansion):  • ARM B: Idasanutlin plus Venclexta	<ul> <li>Venclexta plus AMG176 dose escalation</li> <li>Dose expansion phase to confirm safety and preliminary RPTD</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Dose and composite complete remission (CRc) Rate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety and efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Maximum tolerated dose and safety</li> </ul>
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2018</li><li>Initial data presented at ASH 2019</li></ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2016</li> <li>Data presented at ASH 2017</li> <li>Arm A closed Q2 2019</li> <li>Updated data on Arm B presented at ASH 2019</li> </ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q2 2019</li><li>Study on clinical hold</li></ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03625505	NCT02670044	NCT03797261



#### *Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – MDS*

Indication	Relapsed or refractory myelodysplastic syndromes	Treatment-naive myelodysplastic syndromes
Phase/study	Phase Ib	Phase II
# of patients	N=68	N=44
Design	Cohort 1:  • ARM A: Venclexta 400 mg  • ARM B: Venclexta 800 mg  Cohort 2:  • ARM A: Venclexta plus azacitidine  Study expansion:  • Venclexta or Venclexta plus azacitidine	<ul> <li>ARM A: Venclexta 400 mg plus azacitidine</li> <li>ARM B: Venclexta 800 mg plus azacitidine</li> <li>ARM C: Azacitidine</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Safety, efficacy, PK and PD</li></ul>	Overall response rate
Status	• FPI Q1 2017	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2017</li><li>Data presented at ASH 2019</li></ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02966782	NCT02942290



#### *Novel small molecule Bcl-2 selective inhibitor – breast cancer*

Indication	≥2L HR+ breast cancer
Phase/study	Phase II VERONICA
# of patients	N=100
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Venclexta plus fulvestrant</li> <li>ARM B: Fulvestrant</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	Clinical benefit lasting equal or more than 24 weeks
Status	• FPI Q3 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03584009

# Polivy (polatuzumab vedotin)



ADC targeting CD79b to treat B cell malignancies

	8	
Indication	Relapsed or refractory FL and DLBCL	1L DLBCL
Phase/study	Phase Ib/II	Phase III POLARIX
# of patients	N=329	N=875
Design	<ul> <li>PIb: Dose escalation</li> <li>PhII: Polatuzumab vedotin plus BR vs. BR</li> <li>PhII expansion: Polatuzumab vedotin plus Gazyva (non-randomized)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Polatuzumab vedotin plus R-CHP</li> <li>ARM B: R-CHOP</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety and response by PET/CT</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2014</li> <li>Data presented at ASH 2016, ICML and EHA 2017</li> <li>PRIME Designation (Q2 2017) and Breakthrough Therapy Designation (Q3 2017) granted for r/r DLBCL</li> <li>Pivotal randomized Ph2 in r/r DLBCL presented at ASH 2017</li> <li>Additional data presented at ASCO and EHA 2018</li> <li>Filed in US and EU Q4 2018; US priority review granted Q1 2019</li> <li>Approved in US Q2 2019 and in EU Jan 2020</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q4 2017 ■ Recruitment completed Q2 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02257567	NCT03274492

## Polivy (polatuzumab vedotin)



# ADC targeting CD79b to treat B cell malignancies

Indication	Relapsed or refractory FL or DLBCL	
Phase/study	Phase I/II	Phase I/II
# of patients	N=134	N=128
Design	<ul> <li>Dose escalation cohort:         <ul> <li>Polatuzumab vedotin plus Gazyva plus Venclexta¹</li> </ul> </li> <li>Expansion cohort DLBCL:         <ul> <li>Polatuzumab vedotin plus Rituxan plus Venclexta¹</li> </ul> </li> <li>Expansion cohort FL:         <ul> <li>Polatuzumab vedotin plus Gazyva plus Venclexta¹</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dose escalation cohort:         <ul> <li>Polatuzumab vedotin plus Gazyva plus lenalidomide</li> <li>Expansion cohort DLBCL:</li></ul></li></ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Percentage of participants with CR</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Percentage of participants with CR</li> </ul>
Status	• FPI Q1 2016	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2016</li> <li>Interim data in FL presented at ASCO, EHA and ICML 2019</li> <li>Primary data presented at ASH 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02611323	NCT02600897

### **Rozlytrek (entrectinib)**



# CNS-active and selective inhibitor of NTRK/ROS1

Indication	Locally Advanced or Metastatic tumors with ROS1 gene rearrangement	Locally Advanced or Metastatic tumors with NTRK1/2/3 gene rearrangement	Pediatric tumors with NTRK 1/2/3, ROS-1, or ALK rearrangement
Phase/study	Phase II STARTRK2	Phase II STARTRK2	Phase I/Ib STARTRK - NG
# of patients	N~300 total	N~300 total	N~80
Design	Single arm with Baskets based on tumor type and genomic alteration status	Single arm with Baskets based on tumor type and genomic alteration status	Single arm with Baskets based on tumor type and genomic alteration status
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Objective response rate</li> </ul>	Objective response rate	<ul> <li>Maximum tolerated dose (MTD) and recommended phase II dose (RP2D)</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2016</li><li>Data presented at WCLC 2018</li></ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2016</li><li>Data presented at ESMO 2018</li></ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2016</li> <li>Initial data presented at ASCO 2019</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>Breakthrough Therapy Designation granted by FDA (Q2 2017), PRIME designation granted by EMA (Q1 2018) and Sakigake Designation granted by MHLW (Q4 2017) for NTRK fusion-positive, locally advanced or metastatic solid tumors</li> <li>Filed in US December 2018 and EU January 2019</li> <li>Approved in US Q3 2019</li> </ul>		
CT Identifier	NCT02568267	NCT02568267	NCT02650401

#### **Ocrevus**



# Humanized mAb selectively targeting CD20+ B cells

Indication	Relapsing multiple sclerosis (RMS)		Primary-progressive multiple sclerosis (PPMS)
Phase/study	Phase III OPERA I	Phase III OPERA II	Phase III ORATORIO
# of patients	N=821	N=835	N=732
Design	<ul> <li>96-week treatment period:</li> <li>ARM A: Ocrelizumab 2x300 mg iv followed by 600 mg iv every 24 weeks</li> <li>ARM B: Interferon β-1a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>96-week treatment period:</li> <li>ARM A: Ocrelizumab 2x300 mg iv followed by 600 mg iv every 24 weeks</li> <li>ARM B: Interferon β-1a</li> </ul>	<ul><li>120-week treatment period:</li><li>ARM A: Ocrelizumab 2x300 mg iv every 24 weeks</li><li>ARM B: Placebo</li></ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Annualized relapse rate at 96 weeks versus Rebif</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annualized relapse rate at 96 weeks versus Rebif</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sustained disability progression versus placebo by Expanded Disability Status Scale (EDSS)</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>Primary endpoint met Q2 2015, OLE ongoing</li> <li>Primary data presented at ECTRIMS 2015</li> <li>Updated data presented at AAN and ECTRIMS 2017, AAN and EAN 2018</li> <li>Data published in NEJM 2017; 376:221-234</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Primary endpoint met Q3 2015</li> <li>Primary data presented at ECTRIMS 2015, updated data presented at AAN and ECTRIMS 2017, AAN and EAN 2018</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2017; 376:209-220</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Approved in US Q1 2017 and EU Q1 2018</li> </ul>		
CT Identifier	NCT01247324	NCT01412333	NCT01194570

#### MabThera/Rituxan



Immunology development program

Indication	Moderate to severely active pemphigus vulgaris
Phase/study	Phase III PEMPHIX
# of patients	N=132
Design	ARM A: Rituxan     ARM B: Mycophenolate mofetil
Primary endpoint	Proportion of patients who achieve sustained complete remission
Status	<ul> <li>Breakthrough Therapy Designation granted by FDA in Q1 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2017</li> <li>Study met primary endpoint Q2 2019</li> <li>Data presented at EADV 2019</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Approved in US Q2 2018 and in EU Q1 2019</li> <li>based on Roche-supported IST Ritux 3</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02383589

## **Gazyva (obinutuzumab)**



Immunology development program

Indication	Lupus nephritis
Phase/study	Phase II NOBILITY
# of patients	N=120
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Obinutuzumab 1000mg IV plus mycophenolate mofetil / mycophenolic acid</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo IV plus mycophenolate mofetil / mycophenolic acid</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Percentage of participants who achieve complete renal response (CRR)
Status	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q2 2019</li> <li>Breakthrough therapy designation granted by the FDA Q3 2019</li> <li>Data presented at ASN and ACR 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02550652

#### **Xolair**



# Humanized mAb that selectively binds to IgE

Indication	Chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps		Food allergy
Phase/study	Phase III POLYP 1	Phase III POLYP 2	Phase III OUtMATCH <sup>1</sup>
# of patients	N=138	N=127	N=225
Design	Adult patients with chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) who have had an inadequate response to SOC:  • ARM A: Xolair every 2 wks or every 4 wks  • ARM B: Placebo	Adult patients with chronic rhinosinusitis with nasal polyps (CRSwNP) who have had an inadequate response to SOC:  • ARM A: Xolair every 2 wks or every 4 wks  • ARM B: Placebo	<ul> <li>Xolair by subcutaneous injection either every 2 weeks or every 4 weeks for 16 to 20 weeks</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in average daily nasal congestion score (NCS) at week 24</li> <li>Change from baseline in nasal polyp score (NPS) to week 24</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in average daily nasal congestion score (NCS) at week 24</li> <li>Change from baseline in nasal polyp score (NPS) to week 24</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Number of participants who successfully consume ≥600 mg of peanut protein without dose-limiting symptoms</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> <li>Co-primary endpoints met Q2 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> <li>Co-primary endpoints met Q2 2019</li> </ul>	• FPI July 2019
	Filed in US Q4 2019		
CT Identifier	NCT03280550	NCT03280537	NCT03881696

# Xofluza (baloxavir marboxil, RG6152, S-033188)



# Small molecule, novel CAP-dependent endonuclease inhibitor

Indication	Influenza	
Phase/study	Phase III CAPSTONE-1	Phase III CAPSTONE-2
# of patients	N=1,436	N=2,184
Design	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind study of a single dose of Xofluza compared with placebo or Tamiflu 75 mg twice daily for 5 days in otherwise healthy patients with influenza</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind study of a single dose of Xofluza compared with placebo or Tamiflu 75 mg twice daily for 5 days in patients with influenza at high risk of influenza complications</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Time to alleviation of symptoms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Time to improvement of influenza symptoms</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2016, recruitment completed Q1 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q3 2017 (time to alleviation of symptoms versus placebo)</li> <li>Filed in US Q2 2018 (priority review), approval Q4 2018</li> <li>Data published in <i>NEJM</i> 2018; 379:913-923</li> <li>Filed in EU Q4 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017, recruitment completed Q1 2018</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q3 2018 (time to improvement of influenza symptoms versus placebo)</li> <li>Data presented at IDweek 2018</li> <li>Filed in US Q1 2019, approval Q4 2019</li> <li>Filed in EU Q4 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02954354	NCT02949011

### Xofluza (baloxavir marboxil, RG6152, S-033188)



# Small molecule, novel CAP-dependent endonuclease inhibitor

Indication	Influenza		
Phase/study	Phase III FLAGSTONE (hospitalised patients)	Phase III miniSTONE 1 (0-1 year old)	Phase III miniSTONE 2 (1-12 years old )
# of patients	N=366	N=30	N=176
Design	<ul> <li>Xofluza + neuraminidase inhibitor vs placebo + neuraminidase inhibitor in hospitalized patients with influenza</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Xofluza on Day 1 (based on body weight and age) in healthy pediatric patients from birth to &lt;1 year with influenza-like symptoms</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Xofluza vs Tamiflu in healthy pediatric patients 1 to &lt;12 years of age with influenza- like symptoms</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Time to clinical improvement</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Safety</li></ul>	<ul><li>Safety</li></ul>
Status	■ FPI Jan 2019	• FPI Q1 2019	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2018</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2019</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q2 2019</li> <li>Data presented at OPTIONS X 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03684044	NCT03653364	NCT03629184

# Xofluza (baloxavir marboxil, RG6152, S-033188)



# Small molecule, novel CAP-dependent endonuclease inhibitor

Indication	Influenza
Phase/study	Phase IIIb CENTERSTONE
# of patients	N= 3,160
Design	Reduction of direct transmission of influenza from otherwise healthy patients to household contacts
Primary endpoint	Percentage of household contacts who are PCR-positive for influenza by day 5 post randomization of index patients
Status	• FPI Q4 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03969212



#### **Pipeline summary**

Marketed products additional indications

#### **Global Development late-stage trials**

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

**Diagnostics** 

Foreign exchange rate information

### **Idasanutlin (RG7388)**

# Roche

Small molecule MDM2 antagonist

Indication	Relapsed/refractory AML	Polycythemia vera	1L AML
Phase/study	Phase III MIRROS	Phase II	Phase Ib/II
# of patients	N=440	N=20	N=80
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Idasanutlin plus cytarabine</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus cytarabine</li> </ul>	Single-arm study of idasanutlin monotherapy in participants with hydroxyurea (HU)-resistant/intolerant Polycythemia vera (PV)	Idasanutlin plus cytarabine and daunorubicin
Primary endpoint	Overall survival	<ul> <li>Composite response at week 32 for participants with splenomegaly at baseline</li> <li>Hematocrit (Hct) control without phlebotomy at week 32 for participants without splenomegaly at baseline</li> </ul>	■Safety, PK/PD, efficacy
Status	■ FPI Q4 2015	■FPI Q1 2018	■FPI Q1 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02545283	NCT03287245	NCT03850535

### Ipatasertib (RG7440, GDC-0068)



Highly selective small molecule inhibitor of Akt

Indication	1L castration-resistant prostate cancer	Advanced prostate cancer and solid tumors
Phase/study	Phase III IPATential150	Phase Ib
# of patients	N=1,100	N=54
Design	ARM A: Ipatasertib plus abiraterone     ARM B: Placebo plus abiraterone	<ul> <li>Ipatasertib plus rucaparib</li> <li>Stage 1: Dose escalation in advanced breast, ovarian and prostate cancer</li> <li>Stage 2: Dose expansion in prostate cancer</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	Progression-free survival	Safety and efficacy
Status	■ FPI Q2 2017 ■ Recruitment completed Jan 2019	• FPI Q2 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03072238	NCT03840200

In collaboration with Array BioPharma

### Ipatasertib (RG7440, GDC-0068)



Highly selective small molecule inhibitor of Akt

Indication	1L TNBC and HR+ breast cancer	1L TNBC	TNBC
Phase/study	Phase III IPATunity130	Phase II LOTUS	Phase Ib
# of patients	N=450	N=120	N=114
Design	Cohort 1: Dx+ 1L TNBC (N=249):  ARM A: Ipatasertib+paclitaxel  ARM B: Placebo+paclitaxel  Cohort 2: Dx+ HR+ mBC (N=201):  ARM A: Ipatasertib+paclitaxel  ARM B: Placebo+paclitaxel	• ARM A: Ipatasertib+paclitaxel • ARM B: Placebo+paclitaxel	• ARM A: Ipatasertib+Tecentriq +paclitaxel • ARM B: Ipatasertib+Tecentriq+nab- paclitaxel
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression-free survival</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Safety and efficacy</li></ul>
Status	• FPI Q1 2018	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2016</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2017 and ASCO 2018</li> <li>Data published in Lancet Oncology 2017 Aug 8. pii: S1470-2045(17)30450-3</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2018</li> <li>Data presented at AACR 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03337724	NCT02162719	NCT03800836

# Ipatasertib (RG7440, GDC-0068)



Highly selective small molecule inhibitor of Akt

Indication	1L HR+ mBC	1L TNBC
Phase/study	Phase lb/III IPATunity150	Phase III IPATunity170
# of patients	N=370	N=1,155
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Ipatasertib plus fulvestrant and palbociclib</li> <li>ARM B: Placebo plus fulvestrant and palbociclib</li> </ul>	Ipatasertib plus Tecentriq plus paclitaxel:  • ARM A: PD-L1 negative  • ARM B: PD-L1 positive
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Progression free survival in ITT and in patients with PIK3CA/AKT1/PTEN altered tumors</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Progression free survival and overall survival</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q4 2019 in Phase Ib part	■ FPI Q4 2019
CT Identifier	NCT04060862	NCT04177108

In collaboration with Array BioPharma

## **Balovaptan (RG7314)**



# Small molecule antagonist of the V1A vasopressin receptor

	8 J	1 1	
Indication	Autism Spectrum Disorder		
Phase/study	Phase II VANILLA	Phase II aV1ation	Phase III V1aduct
# of patients	N=223	N=340	N=350
Design	<ul> <li>Multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled proof-of-concept study in adult males with ASD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multi-center, randomized, double-blind, placebo- controlled proof-of-concept study in pediatrics (5-17 yrs) with ASD</li> </ul>	Study in Adults (≥18 ys) with ASD with a 2-year open-label extension: - ARM A: Balovaptan 10mg/day - ARM B: Placebo
Primary endpoint	■ Safety and efficacy	■ Safety and efficacy	<ul> <li>Change from baseline at week 24 on the Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scales (Vineland-II) two-domain composite (2DC) score</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2013</li> <li>Data presented at IMFAR 2017</li> <li>Breakthrough Therapy Designation granted by FDA Q1 2018</li> <li>Published in Science Translational Medicine 2019 May 8;11(491). pii: eaat7838</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2019</li> </ul>	• FPI Q3 2018
CT Identifier	NCT01793441	NCT02901431	NCT03504917

### **Crenezumab (RG7412)**



Humanized mAb targeting all forms of  $A\beta$ 

Indication	Alzheimer's Prevention Initiative (API) Colombia	
Phase/study	Phase II Cognition study	
# of patients	N=252	
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: PSEN1 E280A mutation carriers recieve crenezumab SC</li> <li>ARM B: PSEN1 E280A mutation carriers receive placebo</li> <li>ARM C: non-mutation carriers receive placebo</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	Change on Alzheimer's Prevention Initiative (API) Composite Cognitive Test total score	
Status	■ FPI Q4 2013 ■ Recruitment completed Q1 2017	
CT Identifier	NCT01998841	

### **Gantenerumab (RG1450)**



Fully human mAb binding aggregated forms of  $A\beta$ 

Indication	Prodromal to mild Alzheimer's disease	
Phase/study	Phase III GRADUATE 1	Phase III GRADUATE 2
# of patients	N=1,016	N=1,016
Design	<ul><li>104-week subcutaneous treatment period:</li><li>ARM A: Gantenerumab</li><li>ARM B: Placebo</li></ul>	<ul><li>104-week subcutaneous treatment period:</li><li>ARM A: Gantenerumab</li><li>ARM B: Placebo</li></ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Change in CDR-SOB at 2 years	<ul><li>Change in CDR-SOB at 2 years</li></ul>
Status	■ FPI Q2 2018	• FPI Q3 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03443973	NCT03444870

#### **Gantenerumab (RG1450)**



Fully human mAb binding aggregated forms of  $A\beta$ 

Indication	Prodromal Alzheimer's disease	Mild Alzheimer's disease
Phase/study	Phase II/III SCarlet RoAD	Phase III Marguerite RoAD
# of patients	N=799	N=389
Design	<ul> <li>104-week subcutaneous treatment period:</li> <li>ARM A: Gantenerumab (225 mg)</li> <li>ARM B: Gantenerumab (105 mg)</li> <li>ARM C: Placebo</li> </ul>	<ul><li>104-week subcutaneous treatment period:</li><li>ARM A: Gantenerumab</li><li>ARM B: Placebo</li></ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Change in CDR-SOB at 2 years</li><li>Sub-study: change in brain amyloid by PET at 2 years</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Change in ADAS-Cog and CDR-SOB at 2 years (co-primary)</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>Phase I PET data: Archives of Neurology, 2012 Feb;69(2):198-207</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2013</li> <li>Dosing stopped due to futility Q4 2014</li> <li>FPI in open label extension study Q4 2015</li> <li>OLE data presented at CTAD 2017, AD/PD and AAN 2018 and 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2014</li> <li>Recruitment stopped Q4 2015</li> <li>FPI Q1 2016 for open label extension</li> <li>OLE data (MRI) presented at CTAD 2017, AD/PD, AAIC 2018 and AAN 2018 and 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT01224106	NCT02051608

#### **RG6206**



# Myostatin-inhibiting adnectin fusion protein

Indication	Duchenne muscular dystrophy		
Phase/study	Phase I/II THUNDERJET	Phase II/III SPITFIRE	
# of patients	N=43	N=166	
Design	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multiple ascending dose study in ambulatory boys with Duchenne muscular dystrophy</li> </ul>	Randomized, double blind, placebo-controlled study in ambulatory boys age 6-11 years with Duchenne muscular dystrophy:  • ARM A: RG6206 low dose  • ARM B: RG6206 high dose  • ARM C: Placebo	
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in NSAA total score after 48 weeks</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2015</li> <li>24 week data presented at BPNA and AAN 2018</li> <li>72 week data presented at AAN 2019</li> <li>104 week data presented at Action Duchenne 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed July 2019</li> <li>Discontinued after a pre-planned futility analysis indicated study was unlikely to meet primary endpoint Q4 2019</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT02515669	NCT03039686	

## Risdiplam (RG7916)



# Oral SMN2 splicing modifier

Indication	Spinal muscular atrophy		
Phase/study	Phase II/III FIREFISH	Phase II/III SUNFISH	Phase II JEWELFISH
# of patients	N=21 (Part 1), 41 (Part 2)	N=51 (Part 1), 180 (Part 2)	N=180
Design	Open-label study in infants with type 1 spinal muscular atrophy:  • Part 1 (dose-finding): At least 4 weeks  • Part 2 (confirmatory): 24 months	Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in adult and pediatric patients with type 2 or type 3 spinal muscular atrophy:  • Part 1 (dose-finding): At least 12 weeks  • Part 2 (confirmatory): 24 months	Open-label single arm study adult and pediatric patients (0.5-60 years) with previously treated SMA type 1, 2 and 3
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Safety, tolerability, PK, PD and efficacy</li></ul>	<ul><li>Safety, tolerability, PK, PD and efficacy</li></ul>	Safety, tolerability and PK/PD
Status	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed for part 2 Q4 2018</li> <li>12 month data from Part 1 presented at AAN, CureSMA and EAN 2019; 16 month data presented at WMS 2019</li> <li>Study met primary endpoint in part 2 Jan 2020</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recruitment completed for part 2 Q3 2018</li> <li>12 month data from Part 1 presented at AAN, CureSMA and EAN 2019; 16 month data presented at WMS 2019</li> <li>Study met primary endpoint in part 2 Q4 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at WMS 2017, AAN 2018, WMS 2018, CureSMA 2019 and WMS 2019</li> </ul>
	Orphan drug designation granted by FDA Q1 2017 and EU Jan 2019, PRIME designation in Q4 2018, filed in US Q4 2019		ion in Q4 2018, filed in US Q4 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02913482	NCT02908685	NCT03032172

# Risdiplam (RG7916)



Oral SMN2 splicing modifier

Indication	Spinal muscular atrophy	
Phase/study	Phase II RAINBOWFISH	
# of patients	N=25	
Design	Open-label, single-arm, multicenter study in infants aged from birth to 6 weeks who have been genetically diagnosed with SMA but are not yet presenting with symptoms	
Primary endpoint	■ Proportion who are sitting without support after 12 months of treatment	
Status	• FPI Q3 2019	
CT Identifier	NCT03779334	

### **RG6042 (HTT ASO)**



# Antisense oligonucleotide (ASO) targeting human HTT mRNA

Indication	Huntington's disease		
Phase/study	Phase I/IIa	Phase II OLE	
# of patients	N=46	N=46	
Design	<ul> <li>Multiple ascending doses of RG6042 administered intrathecally to adult patients with early manifest Huntington's Disease</li> </ul>	■ Patients from phase 1 are enrolled into OLE	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK and PD</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Longer term safety, tolerability, PK, PD.</li></ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2015</li> <li>Data presented at CHDI 2018 and AAN 2018</li> <li>PRIME designation granted 2018</li> <li>Published in NEJM 2019; 380:2307-2316</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2018</li> <li>PK/PD data presented at AAN 2019</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT02519036	NCT03342053	

### **RG6042 (HTT ASO)**



# Antisense oligonucleotide (ASO) targeting human HTT mRNA

Indication	Huntington's disease	
Phase/study	Phase III Generation HD1	Phase III GEN-EXTEND
# of patients	N=800	N=950
Design	* ARM A: RG6042 120mg bimonthly * ARM B: RG6042 120mg every four months * ARM C: Placebo bimonthly	Open-Label Extension study in patients participating in prior Roche and Genentech sponsored studies  • Arm A: RG6042 120mg bimonthly  • Arm B: RG6042 120mg every four months
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>cUHDRS Globally</li><li>TFC USA only</li></ul>	Long term safety, tolerability
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Jan 2019</li> <li>Q1 2019 protocol modified to allow for bi-monthly vs four-monthly dosing,</li> <li>FPI for new protocol July 2019</li> </ul>	• FPI April 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03761849	NCT03842969

### Satralizumab (RG6168, SA237)



# Anti-IL-6 receptor humanized monoclonal antibody

Indication	Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD)	
Phase/study	Phase III Sakura Star	Phase III Sakura Sky
# of patients	N=90	N=70 (adults); N=6 (adolescents)
Design	Satralizumab as monotherapy:  • Group A: Satralizumab 120mcg FSC monthly  • Group B: Placebo SC monthly	<ul> <li>Add-on therapy of satralizumab:</li> <li>Group A: Satralizumab 120mcg SC monthly</li> <li>Group B: Placebo SC</li> <li>Both arms on top of baseline therapies: azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil or oral corticosteroids</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Efficacy (time to first relapse) and safety, PD, PK</li> <li>Efficacy (time to first relapse) and safety, PD, PK</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>Primary endpoint met Q4 2018</li> <li>Data presented at ECTRIMS 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2017</li> <li>Primary endpoint met Q3 2018</li> <li>Data presented at ECTRIMS 2018 and AAN 2019</li> <li>Published in NEJM 2019; 381:2114-2124</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>BTD granted Q4 2018</li> <li>Filed in EU Q3 2019; US acceptance of filing Q4 2019</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT02073279 NCT02028884	

<sup>\*</sup>Trials managed by Chugai (Roche opted-in)
ECTRIMS=European Committee for Treatment and Research in Multiple Sclerosis; AAN=American Academy of Neurology; *NEJM=New England Journal of Medicine* 

### **Etrolizumab (RG7413)**



# Humanized mAb against beta 7 integrin

Indication	Ulcerative colitis patients who are TNF-naïve		
Phase/study	Phase III HIBISCUS I Induction study	Phase III HIBISCUS II Induction study	Phase III GARDENIA Sustained remission study
# of patients	N=350	N=350	N=390
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Etrolizumab 105mg SC q4w plus adalimumab placebo SC</li> <li>ARM B: Etrolizumab placebo SC plus adalimumab SC</li> <li>ARM C: Etrolizumab placebo SC plus adalimumab placebo SC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Etrolizumab 105mg SC q4w plus adalimumab placebo SC</li> <li>ARM B: Etrolizumab placebo SC plus adalimumab SC</li> <li>ARM C: Etrolizumab placebo SC plus adalimumab placebo SC</li> </ul>	Time on treatment 54 weeks:  • ARM A: Etrolizumab 105mg SC q4w plus placebo IV  • ARM B: Placebo SC q4w plus inflixumab IV
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Induction of remission compared with placebo as determined by the Mayo Clinic Score (MCS) at week 10</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Induction of remission compared with placebo as determined by the Mayo Clinic Score (MCS) at week 10</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of patients in sustained clinical remission as determined by Mayo Clinic Score (MCS) at weeks 10, 30 and 54</li> </ul>
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2014</li><li>Recruitment completed Q4 2019</li></ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2014</li><li>Recruitment completed Q4 2019</li></ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2014</li><li>Recruitment completed Q2 2019</li></ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02163759	NCT02171429	NCT02136069

### **Etrolizumab (RG7413)**



# Humanized mAb against beta 7 integrin

	<u> </u>		
Indication	Ulcerative colitis patients who are TNF-naïve and refractory or intolerant to immunosuppressant and/or corticosteroid treatment	Ulcerative colitis patients who are refractory or intolerant of TNF inhibitors	Moderate to severe ulcerative colitis patients
Phase/study	Phase III  LAUREL  Maintenance study	Phase III HICKORY Induction and maintenance study	Phase III COTTONWOOD Open label extension study
# of patients	N=359	N=609	N=2,100
Design	Induction phase:  • ARM A: Open label etrolizumab 105mg SC q4w  Maintenance study:  • ARM B: Etrolizumab 105mg SC q4w  • ARM C: Placebo	Cohort 1 (open-label):  • ARM A: Etrolizumab induction + placebo maintenance  • ARM B: Etrolizumab induction + maintenance Cohort 2 (blinded):  • ARM A: Etrolizumab induction + maintenance  • ARM B: Placebo induction + maintenance	<ul> <li>Patients who were previously enrolled in etrolizumab phase II and phase III studies and meet recruitment criteria will receive etrolizumab 105 SC q4w</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Maintenance of remission (at week 62) among randomized patients in remission at Week 10 as determined by the Mayo Clinic Score (MCS)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clinical Remission (Mayo Clinic Score, MCS) at Week 14</li> <li>Remission maintenance (by MCS, at Week 66) among patients with remission at Week 14</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Long-term efficacy as determined by partial Mayo Clinic Score (pMCS), incidence of adverse events</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2014</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2019</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2014</li> <li>First data presented at ECCO 2017</li> <li>Open label induction and endoscopy data presented at UEGW 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2019</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q3 2014
CT Identifier	NCT02165215	NCT02100696	NCT02118584

### **Etrolizumab (RG7413)**



Humanized mAb against beta 7 integrin

Indication	Moderately to severely active Crohn's disease	Moderately to severely active Crohn's disease
Phase/study	Phase III BERGAMOT Induction and maintenance study	Phase III JUNIPER Open label extension study for BERGAMOT
# of patients	N=1,150	N=900
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Etrolizumab SC 210 mg (induction only)</li> <li>ARM B: Etrolizumab SC 105 mg and maintenance</li> <li>ARM C: Placebo</li> </ul>	■ Etrolizumab SC 105mg q4w
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Induction and maintenance of clinical remission</li> </ul>	■ Safety
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2015</li><li>Cohort 1 data presented at UEGW 2017</li></ul>	■ FPI Q2 2015
CT Identifier	NCT02394028	NCT02403323

UEGW=United European Gastroenterology Week

### Crovalimab (RG6107; SKY59)



# A humanized monoclonal antibody against complement C5

Indication	Paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria (PNH)
Phase/study	Phase I/II COMPOSER
# of patients	N=49
Design	Healthy volunteers and treatment naïve and pretreated patients with PNH:  Part 1: single ascending dose study in healthy subjects  Part 2: intra-patient single ascending dose study in PNH patients  Part 3: Multiple-dose study in PNH patients  Part 4: Dose confirmation in PNH patients
Primary endpoint	■ Safety, PK, PD
Status	<ul> <li>Part 1: FPI Q4 2016</li> <li>Part 2/3: FPI Q2 2017</li> <li>Part 4: FPI Q2 2019</li> <li>Nonclinical data published in Scientific Reports 2017 Apr; 7(1):1080</li> <li>Data presented for Part 2 and 3 at ASH 2018 and 2019</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03157635

### Faricimab (RG7716)



# Bispecific antibody to simultaneously bind Ang-2 and VEGF-A

Indication	Neovascular age related macular degeneration (nAMD)		Center-involving diabetic macular edema (CI-DME)
Phase/study	Phase II AVENUE	Phase II STAIRWAY	Phase II BOULEVARD
# of patients	N=271	N=75	N=210
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: SoC (Lucentis), q4w</li> <li>ARM B: 1.5 mg faricimab, q4w</li> <li>ARM C: 6mg faricimab, q4w</li> <li>ARM D: 6mg faricimab, q4w / q8w</li> <li>ARM E: SoC q4w x 3 doses, switch group to 6 mg faricimab q4w</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: SoC (Lucentis), q4w</li> <li>ARM B: 6mg faricimab, q&gt;8w (short interval duration)</li> <li>ARM C: 6mg faricimab, q&gt;8w (long interval duration)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: SoC (Lucentis), 0.3 mg q4w</li> <li>ARM B: 1.5mg faricimab, q4w</li> <li>ARM C: 6mg faricimab, q4w</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Change from baseline BCVA after 32 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change from baseline BCVA at Week 40</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mean change from baseline BCVA at week 24</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2015</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at Retina Society 2018</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at Retina Society 2018 (24 week data) and AAO 2018 (full data)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at Angiogenesis 2018 and Retina Society 2018</li> <li>Data published in Ophthalmology. 2019 Aug;126(8):1155-1170</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02484690	NCT03038880	NCT02699450

### Faricimab (RG7716)



### Bispecific antibody to simultaneously bind Ang-2 and VEGF-A

Indication	Center-involving diabetic macular edema (CI-DME)		
Phase/study	Phase III YOSEMITE	Phase III RHINE	
# of patients	N=900	N=900	
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Faricimab q8w</li> <li>ARM B: Faricimab (RG7716) q8w/PRN</li> <li>ARM C: Aflibercept, q8w</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Faricimab q8w</li> <li>ARM B: Faricimab (RG7716) q8w/PRN</li> <li>ARM C: Aflibercept, q8w</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in BCVA at 1 year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in BCVA at 1 year</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q3 2018</li><li>Recruitment completed Q3 2019</li></ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Oct 2018</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2019</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT03622580	NCT03622593	

### Faricimab (RG7716)



### Bispecific antibody to simultaneously bind Ang-2 and VEGF-A

Indication	Neovascular age related macular degeneration (nAMD)			
Phase/study	Phase III TENAYA Phase III LUCERNE			
# of patients	N=640	N=640		
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: Faricimab 6.0mg Q16 flex after 4 initiating doses (IDs)</li> <li>ARM B: Aflibercept 2.0mg Q8 after 3 IDs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ARM A: Faricimab 6.0mg Q16 flex after 4 initiating doses (IDs)</li> <li>ARM B: Aflibercept 2.0mg Q8 after 3 IDs</li> </ul>		
Primary endpoint	■ Change from baseline in BCVA Week 40, 44 & 48	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in BCVA Week 40, 44 &amp; 48</li> </ul>		
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2019</li><li>Recruitment completed Q4 2019</li></ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2019</li><li>Recruitment completed Q4 2019</li></ul>		
CT Identifier	NCT03823287	NCT03823300		

### **Port Delivery System with ranibizumab**



First eye implant to achieve sustained delivery of a biologic medicine

Indication	wAMD		DME
Phase/study	Phase III Archway	Phase II+III extension Portal	Phase III Pagoda
# of patients	N=418	N=500	N=545
Design	<ul> <li>ARM A: PDS with ranibizumab every 24 weeks</li> <li>ARM B: Intravitreal ranibizumab every 4 weeks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Patients from LADDER or Archway will receive refills of 100 mg/mL ranibizumab q24w (patients without the PDS will receive the PDS and subsequent refills)</li> </ul>	• ARM A: PDS with ranibizumab every 24 weeks • ARM B: Intravitreal ranibizumab every 4 weeks
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Change in BCVA from baseline at the average of week 36 and week 40</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety and long term efficacy</li> </ul>	Change in BCVA from baseline at the average of week 48 and week 52
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q3 2018</li><li>Recruitment completed Q2 2019</li></ul>	■ FPI Q3 2018	■ FPI Q3 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03677934	NCT03683251	NCT04108156



**Pipeline summary** 

**Marketed products additional indications** 

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

**Diagnostics** 

Foreign exchange rate information

Roche *pRED* 

Bispecific antibodies

Molecule	<b>FAP-IL2v FP</b> (RG7461)		
Indication	Solid tumors	Solid tumors	
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase Ib	
# of patients	N=60	N=360	
Design	<ul> <li>Part A: Dose escalation study (monotherapy)</li> <li>Part B: Dose escalation and extension in combination with trastuzumab (HER2+ breast cancer)</li> <li>Part C: Dose escalation and extension in combination with cetuximab (head &amp; neck cancer)</li> </ul>	Open-label multicenter basket study of FAP-IL2v plus Tecentriq in CPI-naïve and/or CPI-experienced NSCLC, HNSCC, cervical cancer and esophageal cancer	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, PK/PD and efficacy (Part B/C only)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Safety, PD and efficacy</li></ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2015</li> <li>FPI Part B/C Q4 2017</li> </ul>	• FPI Q1 2018	
CT Identifier	NCT02627274	NCT03386721	

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Bispecific antibodies

Molecule	<b>FAP-IL2v FP</b> (RG7461)		<b>FAP-4-1BBL FP</b> (RG7827)	
Indication	1L Renal call carcinoma 1L/2L+ Melanoma		Solid tumors	
Phase/study	Phase Ib Phase Ib		Phase I	
# of patients	N=110	N=40	N=200	
Design	<ul> <li>Part I: Dose escalation</li> <li>ARM A: FAP-IL2v plus Tecentriq</li> <li>ARM B: FAP-IL2v plus Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> <li>Part II: Dose expansion</li> <li>ARM A: FAP-IL2v plus Tecentriq</li> <li>ARM B: FAP-IL2v plus Tecentriq plus Avastin</li> </ul>	Part 1: FAP-IL2v plus pembrolizumab safety run in Part 2: FAP-IL2v plus pembrolizumab expansion cohort	<ul> <li>Part 1: Single agent dose escalation</li> <li>Part 2: Combo dose escalation with Tecentriq</li> <li>Part 3: Combo expansion with Tecentriq</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	■ Safety, PD and efficacy	<ul> <li>Safety</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Safety, efficacy, PK and PD</li></ul>	
Status	• FPI Q1 2017	■ FPI Q2 2019	• FPI Q2 2018	
CT Identifier	NCT03063762	NCT03386721		

Roche *pRED* 

Bispecific antibody

Molecule	<b>cibisatamab</b> (CEA x CD3, RG7802)		
Indication	CEA-positive	3L+ MSS mCRC	
Phase/study	Phase Ia Phase Ib		Phase Ib
# of patients	N=149	N=228	N=46
Design	<ul> <li>Part I: Dose escalation</li> <li>Part II: Dosing strategy</li> <li>Part III: Assessment of schedule</li> <li>Part IV: Dose and schedule expansion</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Part I: RG7802 dose escalation + Tecentriq</li> <li>Part II: Expansion at defined dose and schedule</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>RG7802 + Tecentriq after pre-treatment with Gazyva in patients with high CEACAM5 expression</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety, Efficacy, PK and PD	<ul><li>Safety, Efficacy, PK and PD</li></ul>	■ Safety, Efficacy, PK, PD
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2014</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2017</li> <li>FPI Q1 2016</li> <li>Data presented at ASCO 2017</li> </ul>		■ FPI Q1 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02324257	NCT02650713	NCT03866239

Roche *pRED* 

Bispecific antibody

Molecule	CD20 x CD3 (RG6026)		
Indication	Relapsed or refractory B cel	Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma	
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase Ib	
# of patients	N=260	N=140	Part I: 15-60 Part II: ~66-104
Design	<ul> <li>Cohort 1: Single-agent dose escalation study</li> <li>Initial dose escalation</li> <li>Expansion cohort in r/r DLBCL</li> <li>Expansion cohort in r/r FL</li> <li>All patients will receive pretreatment with a single dose of Gazyva (1000mg)</li> <li>Cohort 2: RG6026 + Gazyva (i.e. continuous treatment with Gazyva)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dose escalation and expansion of RG6026 plus Tecentriq</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Part I: Dose-finding for the combination of RG6026 plus G/R CHOP in r/r indolent NHL</li> <li>Part II: Dose expansion RG6026 plus G/R- CHOP or R-CHOP in 1L DLBCL</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	■ Safety	<ul><li>Safety</li></ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2017</li> <li>Data presented at ASH 2018, ICML 2019, ASH 2019</li> </ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q2 2018</li><li>Data presented at ASH 2019</li></ul>	• FPI Q1 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03075696	NCT03533283	NCT03467373

# Roche pRED

Bispecific antibodies

Molecule	<b>PD1-TIM3</b> (RG7769)	<b>PD1-LAG3</b> (RG6139)
Indication	Advanced and metastatic solid tumors	Advanced and metastatic solid tumors
Phase/study	Phase Ia/b	Phase I
# of patients	N=280	N=200
Design	<ul> <li>Part A1: Dose escalation (Q2W)</li> <li>Part A2: Dose escalation (Q3W)</li> <li>Part B1: Dose expansion metastatic melanoma</li> <li>Part B2: Dose expansion NSCLC 2L+</li> <li>Part B3: Dose expansion NSCLC 1L (PD-L1 high cohort)</li> </ul>	Open-label, multicenter, multiple-ascending dose (MAD) study • Part A: Dose escalation (Q2W or Q3W) • Part B: Tumor specific dose expansion
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Safety, PK/PD and efficacy</li></ul>	<ul><li>Safety, PK/PD and efficacy</li></ul>
Status	■ FPI Q4 2018	■ FPI Q4 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03708328	NCT04140500

NSCLC=non-small cell lung cancer 153

# Roche pRED

### Monoclonal antibodies and antibody fusion protein

Molecule	<b>selicrelumab</b> (CD40 MAb, RG7876)	Anti-CD25 (RG6292)	<b>CD19-4-1BBL</b> (RG6076)
Indication	Solid tumors	Advanced and metastatic solid tumors	Relapsed or refractory B cell non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
Phase/study	Phase Ib	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=94	N=110	N=207
Design	<ul> <li>Part I: Selicrelumab dose escalation in combination with vanucizumab</li> <li>Part II: Selicrelumab dose expansion in combination with Avastin in PROC, HNSCC and CPI exp. NSCLC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Part A: Dose escalation Q3W</li> <li>Part B: Tumor specific expansion cohorts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Part 1: Dose-escalation in combination with Gazyva</li> <li>Part 2: Dose-escalation in combination with CD20-TCB</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul><li>Safety, PD and efficacy</li></ul>	<ul><li>Safety, PK/PD and efficacy</li></ul>	<ul><li>Safety, PK/PD and efficacy</li></ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q1 2016</li> <li>Part II FPI Q2 2018</li> <li>Selicrelumab+vanucizumab no longer recruiting</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q4 2019	■ FPI Q3 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02665416	NCT04158583	NCT04077723



Molecule	<b>basmisanil</b> (GABA <sub>A</sub> α5 NAM, RG1662)	brain shuttle gantenerumab (RG6102)
Indication	Cognitive impairment associated with schizophrenia	Alzheimer's disease
Phase/study	Phase II	Phase I
# of patients	N=180	N~60
Design	For 24 weeks patients will receive:  • ARM A: RG1662 80mg twice daily  • ARM B: RG1662 240mg twice daily  • ARM C: Placebo	<ul> <li>Single and multiple ascending dose study with healthy volunteer and patient cohorts</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Efficacy (cognitive function), PK, safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	■ Safety, tolerability, PK
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2019</li> <li>Primary endpoint not met Q4 2019</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q3 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02953639	NCT04023994

NAM= negative allosteric modulator



Molecule	<b>NME</b> (RG7906)		
Indication	Schizophrenia		
Phase/study	Phase II Phase II		
# of patients	N=36	N=500	
Design	Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, crossover study for two weeks in patients	<ul> <li>Part 1: Monotherapy, one dose, qd, 12 weeks (N=125)</li> <li>Part B: Add-on therapy, two dose levels, qd, 12 weeks (N=375)</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Effects on dopamine synthesis capacity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Effects on negative symptoms (Brief Negative Symptoms Scale, BNSS)</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2018</li> <li>LPI July 2019</li> </ul> FPI Q4 2018		
CT Identifier		NCT03669640	

# Roche pRED

### Parkinson's disease and autism

Molecule	<b>prasinezumab</b> (anti-αSynuclein, RG7935, PRX002)	<b>GABA-Aa5 PAM</b> (RG7816)	
Indication	Parkinson's disease	Autism	
Phase/study	Phase II PASADENA	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=316	N=105	N=15
Design	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study to evaluate the efficacy of prasinezumab in participants with early PD (52 weeks plus a 52-week blinded extension)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind, adaptive single-ascending-dose SAD/MAD/FE study in healthy volunteers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PET study to assess occupancy of brain alpha5-containing GABAA receptors of RG7816 using [11C] Ro15-4513 following single oral doses in healthy participants</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in Movement Disorder Society- Unified Parkinson's Disease Rating Scale (MDS-UPDRS) total score (sum of Parts I, II, and III) at week 52</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Percentage of brain alpha5-containing GABA-A receptors occupied by RG7816, plasma concentrations of RG7816</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q4 2018</li> <li>Ph1 data published online in <i>JAMA Neurol</i>. 2018 Jun 18</li> </ul>	• FPI Q4 2017	■ FPI Q2 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03100149		NCT03507569
Collaborator	Prothena		

### Infectious diseases development programs



Chronic hepatitis B

Molecule	<b>TLR7 agonist (3)</b> (RG7854)	<b>CpAM</b> (RG7907)
Indication	Chronic hepatitis B	Chronic hepatitis B
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I/II
# of patients	N=140	N=175
Design	<ul> <li>Healthy volunteer and chronic hepatitis B patient study</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Part 1: Healthy volunteers</li> <li>Part 2: Chronic hepatitis B patients, 4 week dosing</li> <li>Part 3: Chronic hepatitis B patients, 48 week on top of SoC</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety, PK and PD	■ Safety, PK and PD and efficacy
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2016</li><li>Data presented at APASL 2019</li></ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2016</li><li>Data presented at EASL 2018 and 2019</li></ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02956850	NCT02952924

### Infectious diseases development programs

Roche pRED

Chronic hepatitis B

Molecule	NME (RG6217)	<b>NME</b> (RG6084)
Indication	Chronic hepatitis B	Chronic hepatitis B
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=75	N=27
Design	<ul> <li>Healthy volunteer and chronic hepatitis B patient study</li> </ul>	Chronic hepatitis B patient study
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	■ Safety
Status	• FPI Q4 2018	■ FPI Q1 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03762681	



Molecule	<b>IgG-IL2 FP</b> (RG7835)	
Indication	Autoimmune diseases Ulcerative Colitis	
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase 1b
# of patients	N=49	N=50
Design	<ul> <li>A randomized, adaptive, investigator/subject blind, single ascending dose, placebo-controlled study of subcutaneously administered RG7835 in healthy volunteers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A multicenter, randomized, double-blind, placebo controlled study to investigate the subcutaneously administered RG7835 in participants with active ulcerative colitis</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety, PK and PD	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK/PD, efficacy</li> </ul>
Status	<ul> <li>FPI Q3 2017</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q3 2018</li> </ul>	■ FPI Q2 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03221179	NCT03943550

### **Ophthalmology development programs**



Molecule	NME (RG6179)	
Indication	DME	
Phase/study	Phase I	
# of patients	N~50	
Design	Part 1: Open label, multiple ascending dose study evaluating safety, tolerability and pharmacokinetics (PK) of intravitreal monotherapy Part 2: Safety, tolerability and pharmacodynamics of RG6179 in combination with anti-VEGF (ranibizumab) treatment	
Primary endpoint	Safety, tolerability, PK	
Status	■ FPI July 2019	
CT Identifier		
Collaborator	Sensen	



#### **Pipeline summary**

Marketed products additional indications

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

### **gRED** (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

**Diagnostics** 

Foreign exchange rate information



Bispecific antibodies

Molecule	mosunetuzumab (CD20 x CD3, RG7828)			
Indication	3L+ DLBCL & 3L+ FL & ibrutinib R/R MCL  1L DLBCL  R/R DLBCL & FL  1L DLBCL & 2L l			
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase Ib/II	Phase Ib	Phase I
# of patients	N=665	N=160	N=276	N=40
Design	<ul> <li>Dose escalation study of mosunetuzumab as single agent and in combination with Tecentriq</li> <li>Expansion cohorts for r/r FL, r/r DLBCL and ibrutinib r/r MCL</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mosunetuzumab plus CHOP</li> <li>Mosunetuzumab plus CHP plus polatuzumab vedotin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mosunetuzumab plus polatuzumab vedotin</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cohort A: Mosunetuzumab monotherapy (after a response to prior systemic chemotherapy)</li> <li>Cohort B: Mosunetuzumab monotherapy (1L treatment in elderly/frail)</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, dose/schedule, PK, and response rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety/tolerability and response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety/tolerability and response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety/tolerability and response</li> </ul>
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q3 2015</li><li>First data in r/r NHL presented at ASH 2018 and 2019</li></ul>	■ FPI Q1 2019	■ FPI Q3 2018	<ul> <li>FPI Q2 2019 – Cohort B</li> <li>FPI Q3 2019 – Cohort A</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT02500407	NCT03677141	NCT03671018	NCT03677154

gRED Genentech Research & Early Development

Bispecific antibodies

Molecule	FcRH5 X CD3 (RG6160)	<b>HER2 x CD3</b> (RG6194)
Indication	Relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma	Metastatic HER2-expressing cancers
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=80	N=449
Design	■ Dose escalation and expansion of single agent	■ Dose escalation and expansion of single agent RG6194
Primary endpoint	■ Safety and tolerability	Safety and tolerability
Status	■ FPI Q3 2017	■ FPI Q2 2018
CT Identifier	NCT03275103	NCT03448042

#### gRED Genentech Research & Early Development

### Monoclonal antibodies

Molecule	<b>tiragolumab</b> (anti-TIGIT, RG6058, MTIG7192A)		
Indication	Solid tumors  NSCLC  R/R Multiple Myeloma (MM) o		R/R Multiple Myeloma (MM) or R/R B-cell NHL
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase II CITYSCAPE	Phase I
# of patients	N=300	N=135	N=52
Design	<ul> <li>Phase Ia: Dose escalation and expansion of tiragolumab</li> <li>Phase Ib: Dose escalation and expansion Tecentriq plus tiragolumab</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arm A: Tecentriq plus tiragolumab</li> <li>Arm B: Tecentriq monotherapy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phase Ia: Tiragolumab monotherapy</li> <li>Phase Ib: Tiragolumab plus daratumumab (r/r MM) or rituximab (r/r NHL)</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK variability and preliminary efficacy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Overall response rate and progression-free survival</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK/PD and preliminary efficacy</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q2 2016	<ul><li>FPI Q3 2018</li><li>Recruitment completed Q2 2019</li></ul>	■ FPI Q2 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02794571	NCT03563716	NCT04045028

#### Genentech Research & Early Development

### Small molecules

Molecule	<b>SERD (3)</b> (RG6171, GDC-9545)		PI3K inhibitor (RG6114, GDC-0077)
Indication	Metastatic ER+ HER2-neg breast cancer	ER+ HER2-neg Stage I-III operable breast cancer	PIK3CA mutant solid tumors and metastatic ER+ HER2-neg breast cancer
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=130	N=45	N=156
Design	<ul> <li>Dose escalation and expansion at recommended phase II dose (RP2D)</li> <li>Single agent and in combination with palbociclib and/or luteinizing hormone—releasing hormone (LHRH) agonist</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Open-label, pre-operative administration</li> <li>Dose escalation</li> </ul>	Monotherapy and in combination with SoC (letrozole; letrozole plus palbociclib; fulvestrant):  • Stage 1: Dose escalation  • Stage 2: Expansion
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability and PK/PD</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability and PK</li> </ul>
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2017</li><li>Data presented at SABCS 2019</li></ul>	■ FPI Q3 2019	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2016</li> <li>Preclinical/molecule discovery data presented at AACR 2017</li> </ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03332797	NCT03916744	NCT03006172

#### Genentech Research & Early Development

## Individualized Neoantigen-Specific Therapy

Molecule	Individualized Neoantigen-Specific Therapy (iNeST) (RG6180)		
Indication	Locally advanced or metastatic solid tumors	1L Advanced Melanoma	
Phase/study	Phase Ia/Ib	Phase II IMcode001	
# of patients	N=770	N=132	
Design	Open-label, multicenter, global study:  • Phase la: Dose escalation of RG6180 as single agent  • Phase lb: Dose escalation, exploration and expansion trial of RG6180 in combination with Tecentriq	<ul> <li>ARM A: Pembrolizumab</li> <li>ARM B: iNeST in combination with pembrolizumab</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK and immune response</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Progression free survival and objective response rate</li> </ul>	
Status	■ FPI Q4 2017	■ FPI Q1 2019	
CT Identifier	NCT03289962 NCT03815058		
Collaborator	BioNTech		



Molecule	<b>DLK inhibitor</b> (RG6000, GDC-0134)	<b>Semorinemab</b> (RG6100)	
Indication	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	Prodromal to mild Alzheimer's disease	Moderate Alzheimer's disease
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase II Tauriel	Phase II LAURIET
# of patients	N=82	N=457	N=260
Design	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind, placebo- controlled, multicenter, single and multiple ascending dose study</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, multi-center efficacy and safety study</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group, efficacy and safety study</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, and PK of single and multiple doses</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, CDR-SOB score from baseline to week</li> <li>72</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, ADAS-Cog11 and ADCS-ADL from baseline to week 49</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q2 2016	• FPI Q4 2017	■ FPI Q1 2019
CT Identifier	NCT02655614	NCT03289143	NCT03828747
Collaborator		AC Immune	



Molecule	<b>IL-22Fc</b> (RG7880)		<b>NME</b> (RG6287, GDC-8264)
Indication	Inflammatory diseases	Inflammatory bowel disease	Inflammatory bowel disease
Phase/study	Phase Ib	Phase II	Phase I
# of patients	N=90	N=270	N=114
Design	<ul> <li>Multiple ascending dose study with healthy volunteer and patient cohorts</li> </ul>	IL-22Fc compared with vedolizumab and with placebo in the treatment of participants with moderate to severe UC:  • Part A: Induction of clinical remission  • Part B: Durability of clinical remission	<ul> <li>Single and multiple ascending dose study with food effect in healthy volunteers</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Percentage of participants with clinical remission at week 8</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability, PK and PD for target engagement</li> </ul>
Status	• FPI Q2 2016	■ FPI Q4 2018	■ FPI Jan 2020
CT Identifier	NCT02749630	NCT03558152	



Molecule	<b>NME</b> (RG6151, GDC-0214)	<b>NME</b> (RG6244, GDC-4379)
Indication	Asthma	
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I
# of patients	N=84	N=84
Design	<ul> <li>Single and multiple ascending dose study with healthy volunteer and patient cohorts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Single and multiple ascending dose study with healthy volunteer and patient cohorts</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability and biomarker for target engagement (FeNO reduction)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability and biomarker for target engagement (FeNO reduction)</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q4 2017 ■ Recruitment completed Q1 2018	■ FPI Q2 2019
CT Identifier	ACTRN12617001227381p	ACTRN12619000227190p
Collaborator		

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Molecule	<b>NME</b> (RG6173, MTPS9579A)		<b>ST2 MAb</b> (RG6149, AMG 282, MSTT1041A)
Indication	Asthma		
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase IIa	Phase IIb ZENYATTA
# of patients	N=70	N=160	N=515
Design	<ul> <li>Single and multiple ascending dose study of MTPS9579A in healthy adult subjects</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>MTPS9579A compared to placebo in patients with uncontrolled moderate to severe asthma</li> </ul>	Add-on therapy for the treatment of high-need, uncontrolled asthma in adults (50-week subcutaneous treatment period):  • ARM A: RG6149 (70 mg)  • ARM B: RG6149 (210mg)  • ARM C: RG6149 (490mg)  • ARM D: Placebo
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability and PK</li> </ul>	■ Time to first CompEx event	<ul> <li>Percentage of participants with asthma exacerbations</li> </ul>
Status	■ FPI Q1 2018	■ FPI Q4 2019	<ul><li>FPI Q3 2016</li><li>Recruitment completed Apr 2018</li></ul>
CT Identifier		NCT04092582	NCT02918019
Collaborator			Amgen



Molecule	<b>fenebrutinib</b> (BTKi, RG7845, GDC-0853)		
Indication	Rheumatoid arthritis		
Phase/study	Phase II ANDES	Phase II Open label extension	
# of patients	N=578	N=578	
Design	Randomized, double-blind, parallel group study in rheumatoid arthritis patients:  • Cohort 1: Fenebrutinib vs adalimumab in patients with inadequate response to previous MTX  • Cohort 2: Fenebrutinib vs placebo in patients with inadequate response to previous TNF	Patients enter the study after completing 12 weeks of treatment in the ANDES Randomized study:  • 200mg BID of fenebrutinib for 52 weeks	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>ACR 50 at week12 and safety</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ACR 50 at week12 and safety</li> </ul>	
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q3 2016</li><li>Recruitment completed Q1 2018</li></ul>	<ul> <li>FPI Q4 2016</li> <li>Recruitment completed Q2 2018</li> </ul>	
CT Identifier	NCT02833350	NCT02983227	



Molecule	<b>fenebrutinib</b> (BTKi, RG7845, GDC-0853)		
Indication	Moderate to severe active systemic lupus erythematosus		
Phase/study	Phase II ATHOS	Phase II Open-label extension	
# of patients	N=240	N=240	
Design	Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in active systemic lupus erythematosus patients  • ARM A: Fenebrutinib (high dose)  • ARM B: Fenebrutinib (low dose)  • ARM C: Placebo	<ul> <li>Open-Label extension study of patients previously enrolled in study GA30044 to evaluate the long-term safety and efficacy of fenebrutinib</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Responder Index (SRI)-4 response at week 48</li> </ul>	■ Safety	
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2017</li><li>Recruitment completed Q2 2018</li></ul>	• FPI Q1 2018	
CT Identifier	NCT02908100	NCT03407482	



Molecule	<b>fenebrutinib</b> (BTKi, RG7845, GDC-0853)		
Indication	Chronic spontaneous urticaria		
Phase/study	Phase II SHASTA Phase II Open-label extension		
# of patients	Cohort 1: N=41 Cohort 2: N=120	TBD	
Design	Randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled study in patients with CSU refractory to H1 anti-histamines  Cohort 1:  ARM A: Fenebrutinib  ARM B: Placebo  Cohort 2:  ARM A: Fenebrutinib high dose  ARM B: Fenebrutinib mid dose  ARM C: Fenebrutinib low dose  ARM D: Placebo	<ul> <li>A study to evaluate the long-term safety and efficacy of fenebrutinib in participants previously enrolled in a fenebrutinib chronic spontaneous urticaria (CSU) study</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Change from baseline in the Urticaria Activity Score over 7 days (UAS7) at day 57</li> </ul>	■ Safety	
Status	■ FPI Q2 2017	■ FPI Q4 2018	
CT Identifier	NCT03137069	NCT03693625 17	

### Infectious diseases development programs



Molecule	Anti-S. aureus TAC (RG7861)
Indication	Serious infections caused by Staphylococcus aureus
Phase/study	Phase Ib
# of patients	N=25
Design	• Establish safety and PK in patients (S. aureus bacteremia)
Primary endpoint	■ Safety and PK
Status	■ FPI Q3 2017 ■ Recruitment completed Q3 2019
CT Identifier	NCT03162250
Collaborator	Seattle Genetics, Symphogen

### **Ophthalmology development programs**



Molecule	<b>NME</b> (RG6147)	
Indication	Geographic atrophy	
Phase/study	Phase II GALLEGO	
# of patients	N=285	
Design	<ul> <li>Multicenter, Randomized, Single-Masked, Sham-Controlled Study to assess RG6147 in patients With GA secondary to AMD</li> <li>RG6147 Q4W</li> <li>RG6147 Q8W</li> <li>Sham IVT injections Q4W or Q8W</li> </ul>	
Primary endpoint	■ Safety, Tolerability, and Efficacy	
Status	• FPI Q2 2019	
CT Identifier	NCT03972709	

### Metabolic diseases development programs



Molecule	<b>FGFR1 X KLB</b> (RG7992)		
Indication	Metabolic diseases		NASH
Phase/study	Phase la	Phase Ib	Phase II
# of patients	N=79	N=140	N=260
Design	Healthy volunteer study <ul> <li>Randomized, blinded, placebo-controlled, single ascending dose of RG7992</li> </ul>	Obese type 2 diabetes Randomized, blinded, placebo-controlled, multiple ascending dose of RG7992	Non-Alcoholic Steatohepatitis (NASH) <ul><li>Randomized, blinded, placebo-controlled study of RG7992</li></ul>
Primary endpoint	<ul> <li>Safety and tolerability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety, tolerability and PK</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Proportion of Participants with NASH Resolution on Overall Histopathological Reading Without Worsening of Fibrosis at Week 52, Safety and PK</li> </ul>
Status	<ul><li>FPI Q4 2015</li><li>Recruitment completed Q1 2017</li></ul>	<ul><li>FPI Q1 2017</li><li>Recruitment completed Q2 2019</li></ul>	■ FPI expected Q1 2020
CT Identifier	NCT02593331	NCT03060538	NCT04171765



#### **Pipeline summary**

Marketed products additional indications

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

#### **Spark**

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

**Diagnostics** 

Foreign exchange rate information

### **Hemophilia A**

# Spark Room

## Unique gene therapy platform

Molecule	SPK-8011 (RG6357)		SPK-8016 (RG6358)
Indication	Hemophilia A		Hemophilia A with inhibitors to Factor VIII
Phase/study	Phase I	Phase I/II	Phase I/II
# of patients	N=100	N=30	N=30
Design	<ul> <li>Long term follow up study of patients who have received SPK-8011 in any prior Spark-sponsored SPK-8011 study</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gene transfer, dose-finding safety, tolerability, and efficacy study of SPK-8011</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gene transfer, dose-finding safety, tolerability, and efficacy study of SPK-8016 in individuals with FVIII inhibitors</li> </ul>
Primary endpoint	■ Safety	<ul> <li>Safety and changes from baseline in FVIII activity levels at week 52</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safety; peak and steady state FVIII activity levels at week 52</li> </ul>
Status	<ul><li>Ongoing</li></ul>	<ul><li>Ongoing</li></ul>	<ul><li>Ongoing</li></ul>
CT Identifier	NCT03432520	NCT03003533	NCT03734588

### Choroideremia



## Unique gene therapy platform

Molecule	SPK-7001 (RG6367)
Indication	Choroideremia
Phase/study	Phase I/II
# of patients	N=15
Design	■ Safety study in subjects with CHM (choroideremia) gene mutations
Primary endpoint	■ Safety and tolerability
Status	■ Ongoing
CT Identifier	NCT02341807



#### **Pipeline summary**

Marketed products additional indications

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

#### **Roche Group 2019 results**

**Diagnostics** 

Foreign exchange rate information





CHFm	2018	2019	% change CER
<b>Pharmaceuticals Division</b>	43,967	48,516	+11
United States	23,233	26,711	+13
Europe	8,693	8,453	+1
Japan	3,701	4,143	+9
International	8,340	9,209	+15
<b>Diagnostics Division</b>	12,879	12,950	+3
United States	2,866	2,932	+1
Europe	4,059	3,938	+1
Japan	502	509	-2
International	5,452	5,571	+6
Group	56,846	61,466	+9
United States	26,099	29,643	+12
Europe	12,752	12,391	+1
Japan	4,203	4,652	+8
International	13,792	14,780	+12

<sup>\*</sup> Geographical sales split shown here does not represent operational organization; CER=Constant Exchange Rates





	Glo	bal	US	US		pe	Jap	an	Interna	International		
	CHFm	% CER	CHFm	% CER	CHFm	% CER	CHFm	% CER	CHFm	% CER		
Avastin	7,073	4	3,019	2	1,794	2	871	0	1,389	13		
MabThera	6,477	-4	4,488	3	590	-33	109	-44	1,290	-1		
Herceptin	6,039	-12	2,707	-8	1,013	-43	243	-5	2,076	10		
Ocrevus	3,708	57	3,049	44	495	148	-	-	164	161		
Perjeta	3,522	29	1,528	13	1,092	24	280	90	622	71		
Actemra / RoActemra	2,311	8	944	8	705	4	398	9	264	14		
Xolair	1,969	1	1,969	1	_	-	-	-	-	-		
Tecentriq	1,875	143	1,180	148	349	138	188	126	158	138		
Lucentis	1,826	8	1,826	8	_	-	-	-	-	-		
Kadcyla	1,393	45	635	74	432	19	82	7	244	56		
Hemlibra	1,380	*	943	*	165	308	232	*	40	*		
TNKase / Activase	1,332	2	1,278	2	_	-	-	-	54	2		
Esbriet	1,129	9	806	5	263	18	-	-	60	34		
Alecensa	876	38	329	14	212	123	217	12	118	86		
Pulmozyme	751	2	527	2	132	3	1	23	91	-1		
CellCept	656	0	83	-23	173	0	85	3	315	7		
Mircera	591	10	-	-	67	-9	202	-4	322	28		
Gazyva	552	43	249	25	174	32	66	397	63	47		
Xeloda	406	-4	22	-38	17	2	73	-36	294	14		
Tamiflu	377	0	43	-75	81	234	97	-1	156	75		

CER=Constant Exchange Rates (avg full year 2018); \* over 500%

# **Pharma Division sales 2019**



# New products

	Glo	bal	US		Euro	ppe	Jap	an	International		
	CHFm	% CER	<b>CHF</b> m	% CER							
Erivedge	279	10	185	14	62	-10	-	-	32	38	
Perjeta	3,522	29	1,528	13	1,092	24	280	90	622	71	
Kadcyla	1,393	45	635	74	432	19	82	7	244	56	
Gazyva	552	43	249	25	174	32	66	397	63	47	
Esbriet	1,129	9	806	5	263	18	-	_	60	34	
Cotellic	57	-2	11	-25	31	-9	-	_	15	50	
Alecensa	876	38	329	14	212	123	217	12	118	86	
Tecentriq	1,875	143	1,180	148	349	138	188	126	158	138	
Ocrevus	3,708	57	3,049	44	495	148	-	_	164	161	
Hemlibra	1,380	*	943	*	165	308	232	*	40	*	
Xofluza	10	-29	8	-42	_	-	_	_	2	_	
Polivy	51	-	51	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Rozlytrek	7	-	7	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Total	14,839	57	8,981	52	3,275	50	1,065	97	1,518	81	





	Q1/18	Q2/18	Q3/18	Q4/18	Q1/19	Q2/19	Q3/19	Q4/19
Avastin	-2	1	6	5	9	6	8	-6
MabThera	-8	-11	-7	-6	-3	-5	-1	-6
Herceptin	2	2	1	-3	-6	-12	-7	-24
Ocrevus	-	195	104	83	67	59	48	55
Perjeta	18	28	27	35	41	29	33	16
Actemra / RoActemra	13	13	9	14	6	10	9	5
Xolair	7	14	9	12	1	2	3	0
Tecentriq	29	44	71	89	135	146	154	136
Lucentis	6	27	2	47	11	9	7	7
Kadcyla	6	11	8	7	24	42	54	57
Hemlibra	-	-	-	*	*	*	*	313
TNKase / Activase	8	10	1	4	7	-3	5	0
Esbriet	13	15	21	26	10	13	6	9
Alecensa	81	98	62	69	61	41	50	11
Pulmozyme	0	6	1	3	6	0	7	-5
CellCept	-8	-4	4	-9	4	-4	3	-3
Mircera	5	4	16	-4	16	10	11	5
Gazyva	27	38	51	44	35	38	45	51
Xeloda	-2	-11	-2	-8	5	-2	-4	-13
Tamiflu	11	-75	-63	-67	-40	110	369	104





	US				Europe				Japan					International			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Avastin	12	7	1	-11	1	3	4	1		2	4	9	-13	16	10	29	0
MabThera	9	-1	4	1	-38	-35	-26	-33		-50	-42	-45	-37	-4	8	3	-11
Herceptin	3	-8	-6	-24	-44	-47	-42	-39		-9	6	-1	-15	26	17	20	-16
Ocrevus	54	46	35	44	232	149	154	112		-	-	-	-	261	173	118	155
Perjeta	36	9	8	4	27	28	18	21		74	99	125	67	83	73	122	19
Actemra / RoActemra	5	11	11	6	4	8	3	3		13	11	13	1	10	15	16	15
Xolair	1	2	3	0	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tecentriq	91	158	198	146	158	112	113	172		-	169	66	68	262	127	132	109
Lucentis	11	9	7	7	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kadcyla	39	62	87	108	9	18	20	28		12	11	10	-5	32	62	78	50
Hemlibra	*	*	*	302	450	*	211	202		-	*	*	472	-	-	*	*
TNKase / Activase	7	-4	5	-1	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-10	6	2	8
Esbriet	7	9	0	6	14	18	26	16		-	-	-	-	37	49	20	31
Alecensa	14	5	15	23	182	154	164	58		24	16	14	-1	278	177	154	-64
Pulmozyme	6	-1	9	-4	8	3	2	-2		43	38	-	14	L	0	5	-15
CellCept	-20	-25	-30	-15	2	-2	3	-1		8	7	1	-1	13	-1	17	-1
Mircera	-	-	-	-	-11	-7	-8	-8		3	4	-6	-14	35	21	27	28
Gazyva	22	8	24	48	31	31	30	38		-	-	390	145	31	101	31	43
Xeloda	10	-41	-63	-53	-13	0	16	7		-14	-30	-44	-53	13	15	17	10
Tamiflu	-86	*	-	*	38	*	*	145		-6	153	-	50	55	30	270	86

CER=Constant Exchange Rates; \* over 500%; 1 Q1-Q4/19 vs Q1-Q4/18

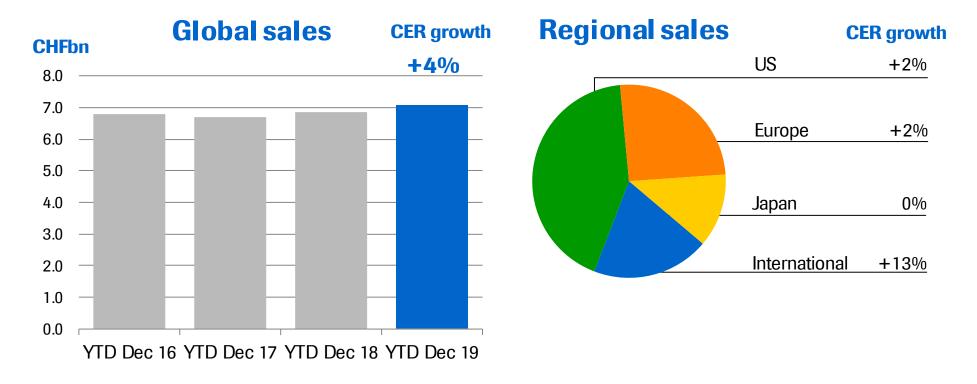


# CER sales growth (%) Quarterly development

	2	2	2019 vs. 2018						
	Q1	Q2	<b>Q</b> 3	Q4	Q.	1	<b>Q2</b>	Q3	Q4
Pharmaceuticals Division	7	7	7	8	1(	)	11	15	8
United States	15	15	12	14	14	4	13	14	11
Europe	-7	-8	-7	-6	-(	3	-2	5	6
Japan	0	0	0	-5		7	12	14	3
International	5	6	14	14	10	7	16	27	2
<b>Diagnostics Division</b>	5	1	ш	4	6	1			
Roche Group	6	7	7	9	8	3	9	13	6

#### **Avastin**



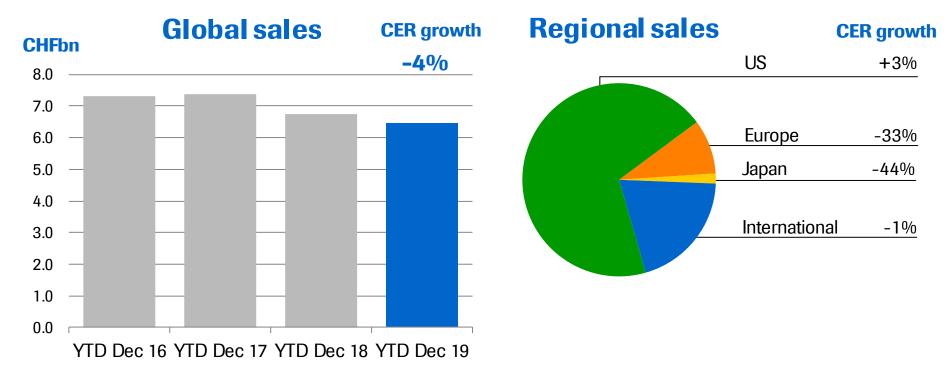


#### **2019 sales of CHF 7,073m**

- US: Demand growth driven by various indications; first biosimilar launched in Q3
- EU: Growth driven by various indications
- International: Growth driven by China in 1L CRC and 1L NSCLC and by longer duration of treatment

#### MabThera / Rituxan



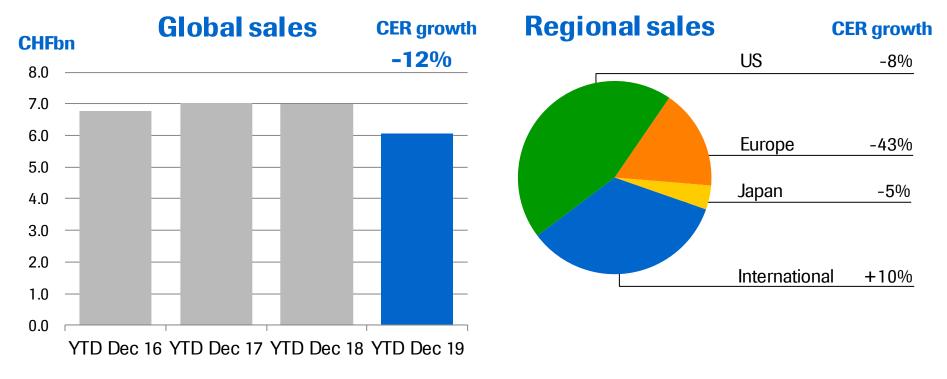


#### 2019 sales of CHF 6.477m

- US: Growth driven by approved oncology/immunology indications; first biosimilar launched in Q4
- EU: Biosimilar erosion rate softening
- Japan: Decline due to biosimilars
- International: Volume growth in China compensates for biosimilar erosion

# **Herceptin**



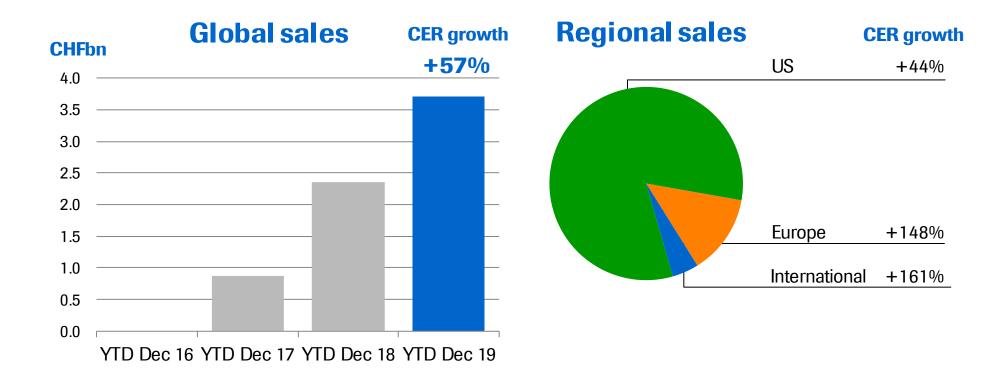


#### **2019 sales of CHF 6,039m**

- US: Switching of eligible adjuvant patients to Kadcyla and first biosimilars launched in H2
- EU: Decline due to biosimilars
- Japan: Limited decline due to biosimilars with restricted label
- International: Growth driven by volume demand in China

#### **Ocrevus**



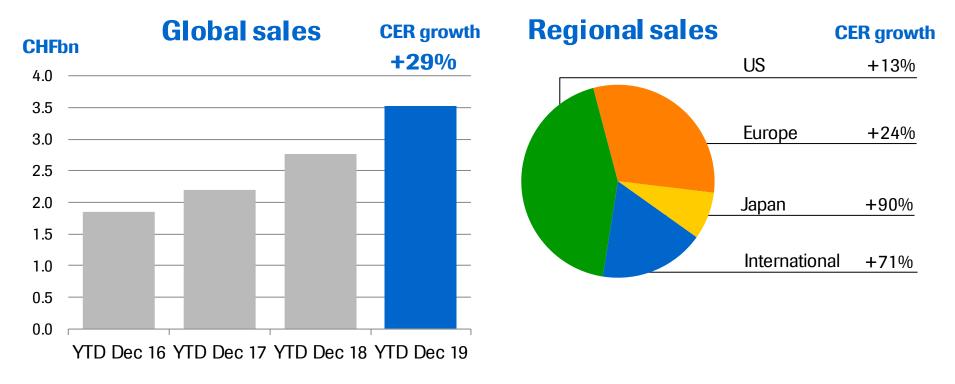


#### **2019 sales of CHF 3,708m**

- US: Moving into earlier lines displacing orals; gaining market shares in all MS indications
- EU: Uptake dynamics in EU5 countries overall similar to the US

## **Perjeta**



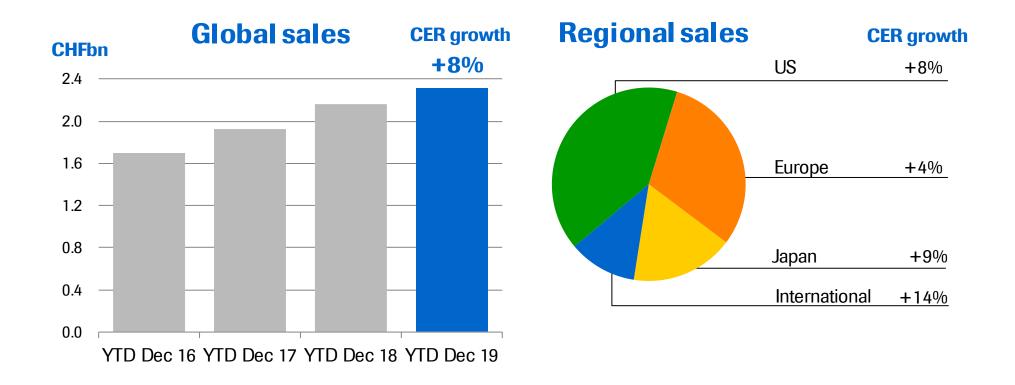


#### **2019 sales of CHF 3,522m**

- US: Growth driven by eBC adjuvant setting despite patients with residual disease being switched to Kadcyla
- EU: Growth driven by eBC adjuvant setting
- International: Accelerated growth in all regions (especially China) driven by eBC adjuvant setting
- Japan: Growth driven by eBC adjuvant setting

#### **Actemra / RoActemra**



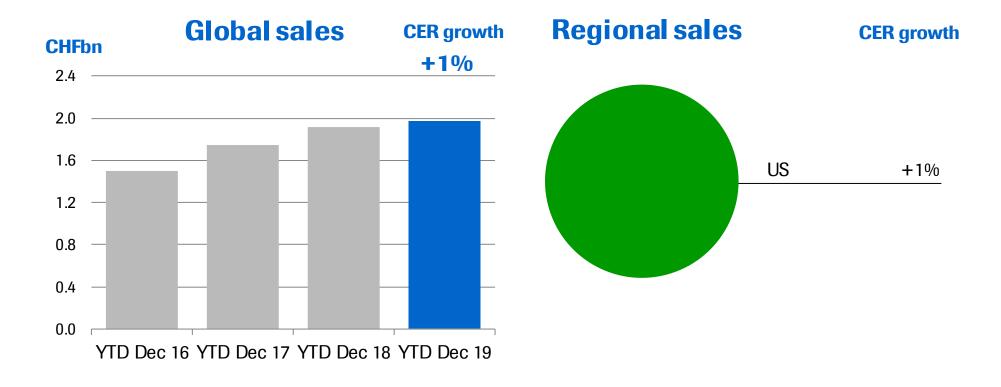


#### **2019 sales of CHF 2,311m**

- US: Growth driven by Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA) and continued SC and autoinjector uptake
- EU: Market leadership in 1L RA monotherapy maintained; Growth driven by new RA starts and GCA
- International: Growth driven by all regions

#### **Xolair**



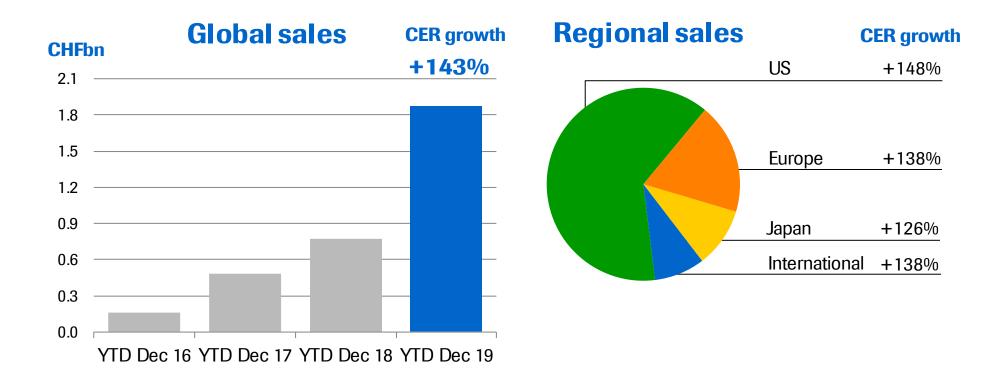


#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,969m**

- Xolair remains market leader in a growing biologics asthma market
- Growth due to chronic idiopathic urticaria (CIU)

## **Tecentriq**



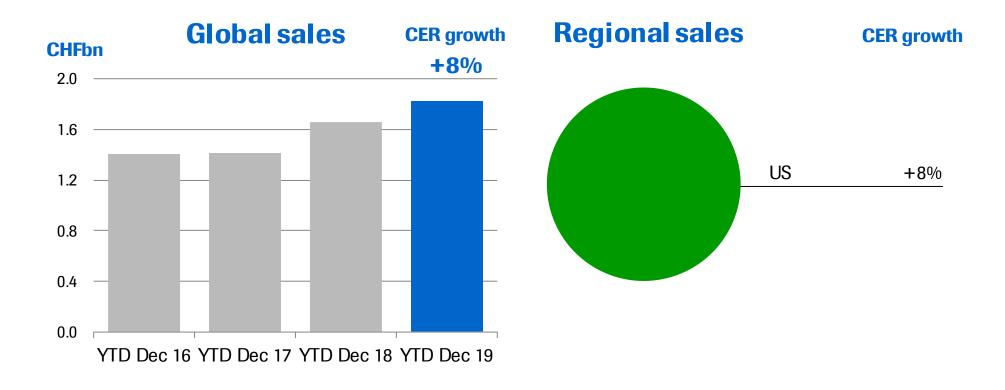


#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,875m**

- US: Growth driven by 1L NSCLC and first-in-class launches in 1L SCLC and 1L TNBC
- EU: Growth driven by continued market share gains in 2L NSCLC and 1L NSCLC launches
- Japan: Strong launch in 1L NSCLC

#### Lucentis





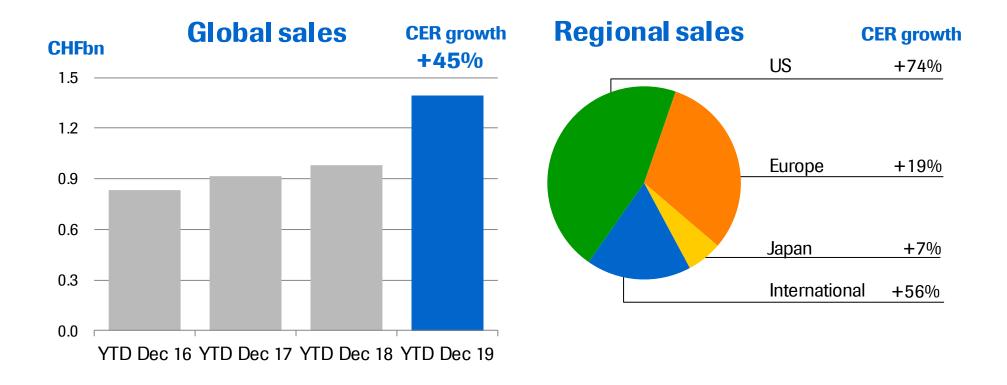
#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,826m**

- Strong growth due to prefilled syringe and macular edema after retinal vein oclusion
- Increasing market shares in all approved indications

# Kadcyla



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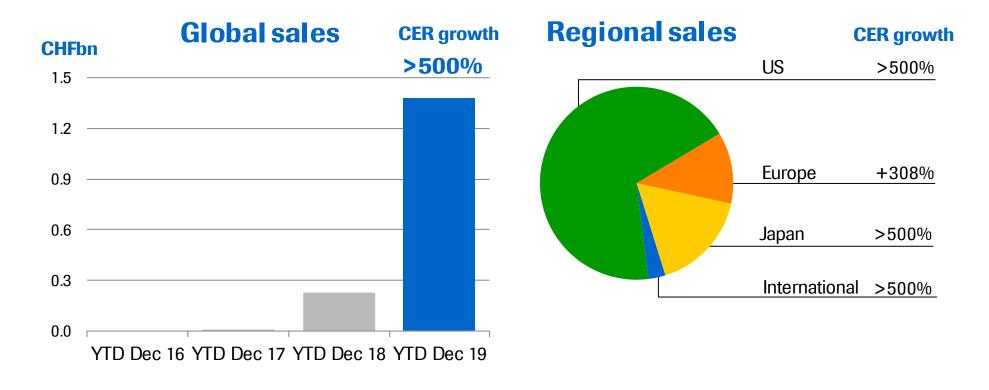


#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,393m**

- US: Strong uptake in adjuvant eBC in patients with residual disease after neoadjuvant treatment
- EU: Increasing patient shares in 2L mBC
- International: Growth driven by all regions as 2L mBC roll-out progresses

#### Hemlibra



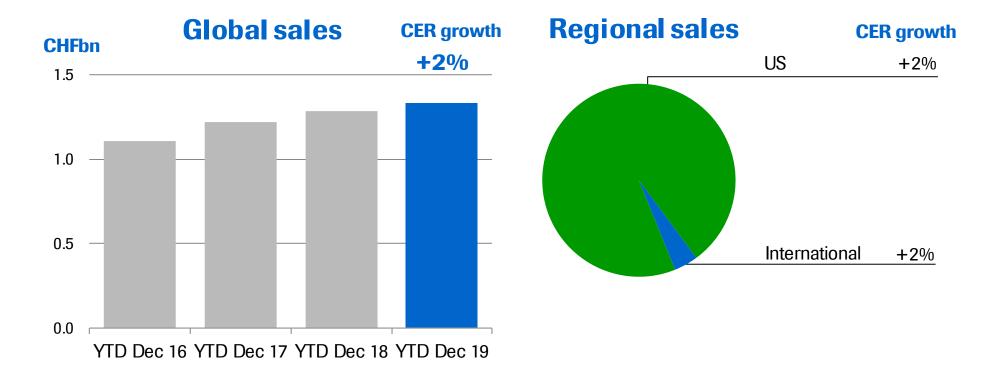


#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,380m**

- US: Strong uptake in non-inhibitors and continued market share gains in inhibitors
- EU: Growth mainly driven by non-inhibitors; first non-inhibitor launches in H2
- Japan: Very strong uptake in non-inhibitors

#### **TNKase / Activase**



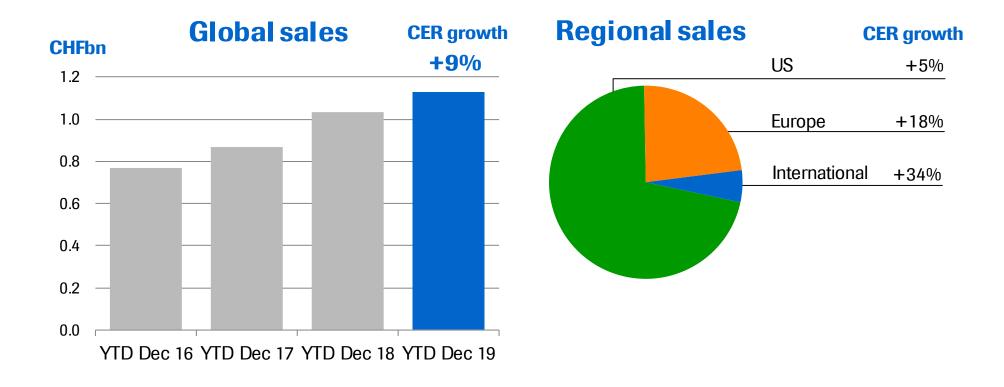


#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,332m**

• US: Growth driven by demand

#### **Esbriet**



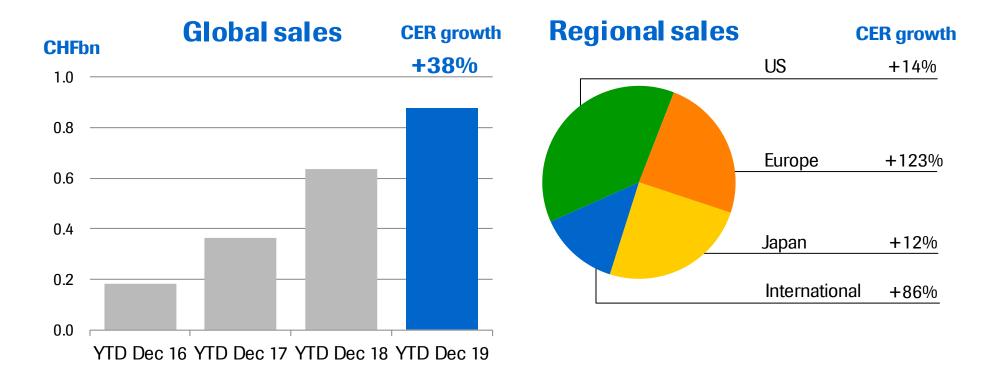


#### **2019 sales of CHF 1,129m**

- US: Growth driven by continued penetration in moderate and mild patients; improved patient compliance
- EU: Growth driven by continued penetration in moderate and mild patients

#### Alecensa



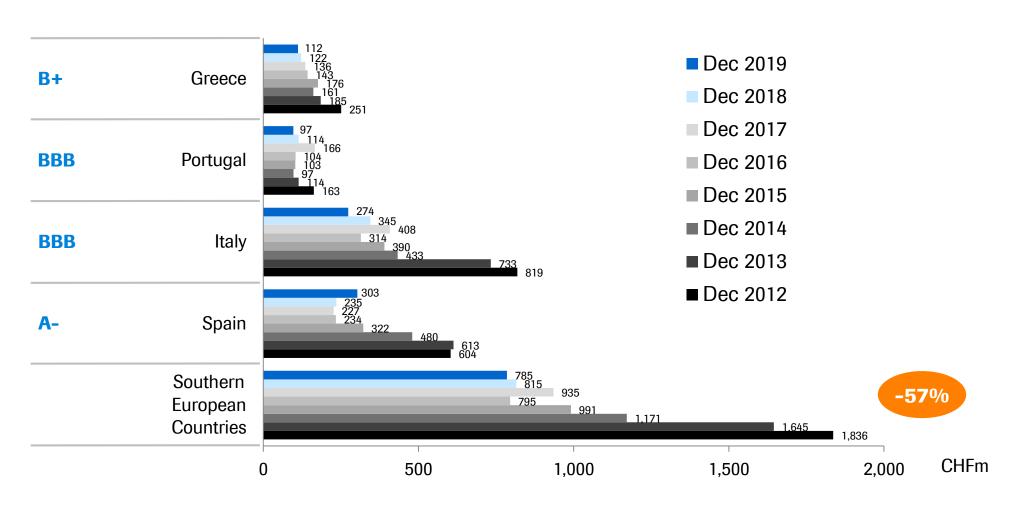


#### **2019 sales of CHF 876m**

- US: Growth driven by 1L new patient share reaching >70%
- EU: Growth driven by 1L launches
- Japan: Growth due to 1L new patient share reaching >70%
- International: Growth driven by launch in China

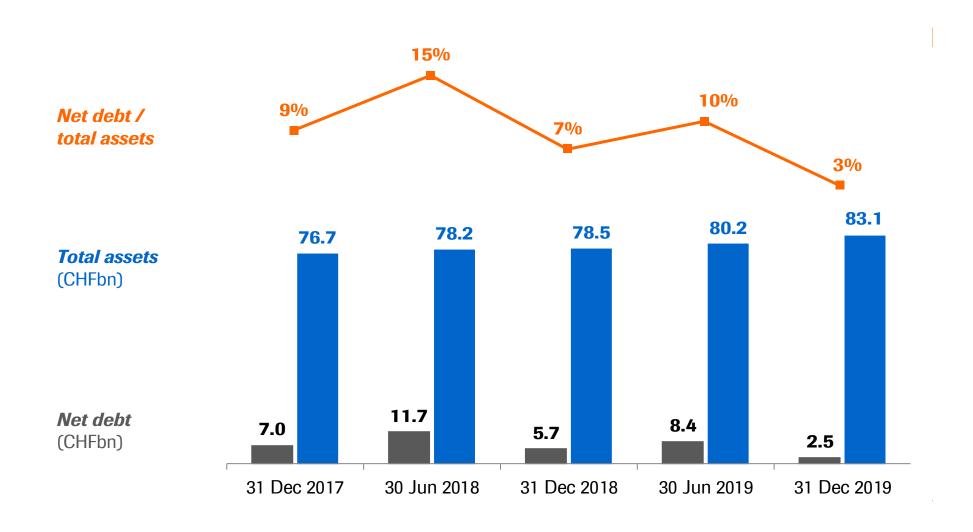


# 2019: Accounts receivable in Southern Europe decreased by -57% since Dec 2012



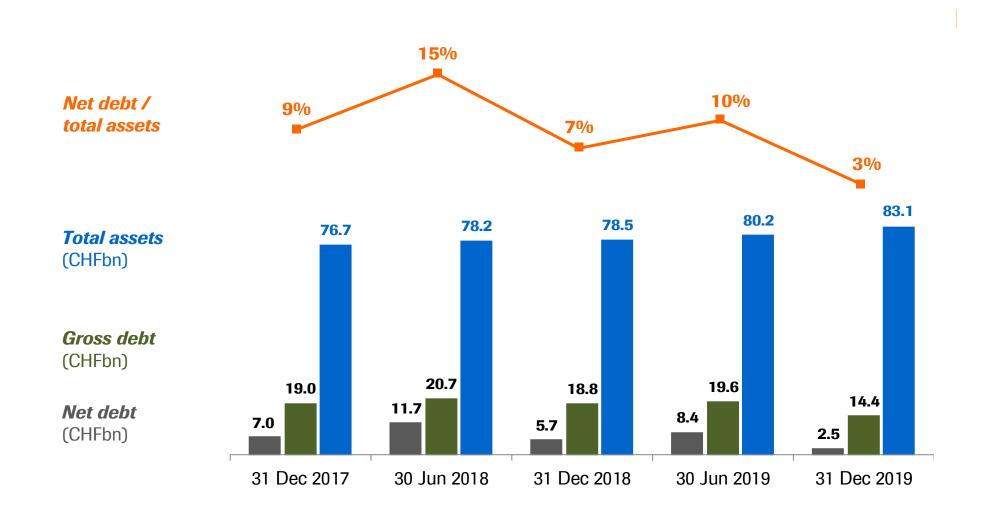








# Balance sheet: Net debt, gross debt, and total assets





#### **Pipeline summary**

Marketed products additional indications

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

#### **Diagnostics**

Foreign exchange rate information





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	Global		North Am	erica	<b>EMEA</b>	1	RoW	1	
	9/0	CER	0/	6 CER	0/	6 CER	% CER		
	CHFm gr	rowth	CHFm g	rowth	CHFm g	rowth	CHFm	growth	
Centralised and Point of Care Solutions	7,819	3	1,523	-3	2,714	3	3,582	5	
Molecular Diagnostics	2,109	6	807	4	783	6	519	10	
Diabetes Care	1,918	1	309	15	1,120	-5	489	5	
Tissue Diagnostics	1,104	0	614	-6	280	4	210	13	
Diagnostics Division	12,950	3	3,253	0	4,897	2	4,800	6	

CER=Constant Exchange Rates; <sup>1</sup> Europe, Middle East and Africa

# Diagnostics Division quarterly sales and CER growth<sup>1</sup>



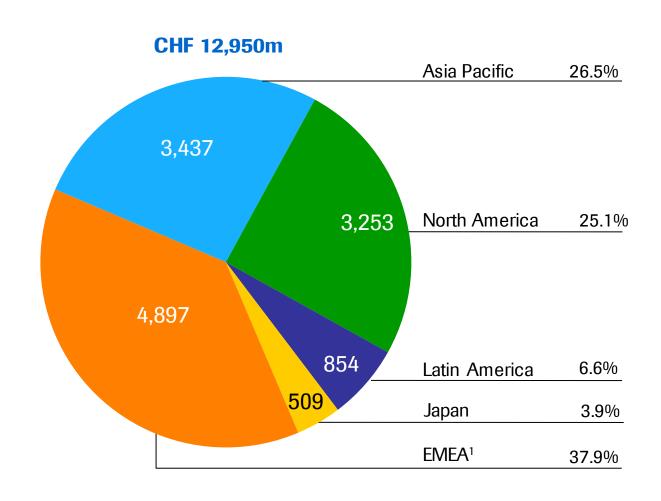
	<b>Q1 18</b> CHFm % (	B CER	<b>Q2</b> 18		<b>Q3 18</b> CHFm % 0		<b>Q4</b> 18		<b>Q1 1</b> 9	9 CER	<b>Q2</b> 19 CHFm %	<b>O</b> CER	<b>Q3 19</b> CHFm %	OER	<b>Q4 19</b> CHFm %	
Centralised and Point of Care Solutions	1,716	4	2,039	9	1,870	8	2,143	12	1,681	-1	2,081	5	2,004	9	2,053	-2
Molecular Diagnostics	468	6	511	4	489	5	551	6	502	7	527	6	518	8	562	4
Diabetes Care	478	5	513	-3	493	1	496	5	465	1	493	0	437	-8	523	9
Tissue Diagnostics	249	7	290	15	262	4	311	13	251	-1	275	-4	273	6	305	-1
Diagnostics Division	2,911	5	3,353	7	3,114	6	3,501	10	2,899	1	3,376	4	3,232	6	3,443	1

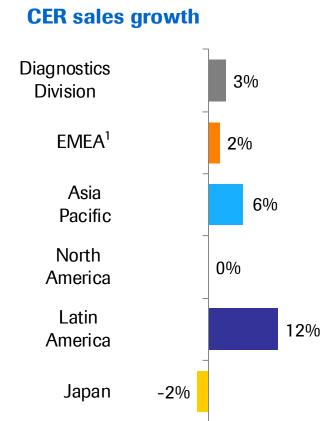
CER=Constant Exchange Rates; 1 versus same period of prior year





# Growth driven by Asia Pacific and Latin America



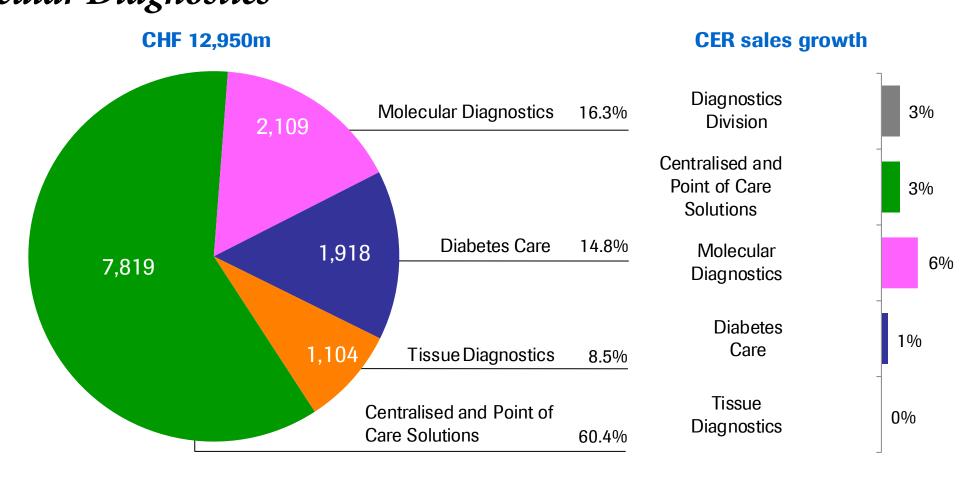


CER=Constant Exchange Rates; 1 Europe, Middle East and Africa



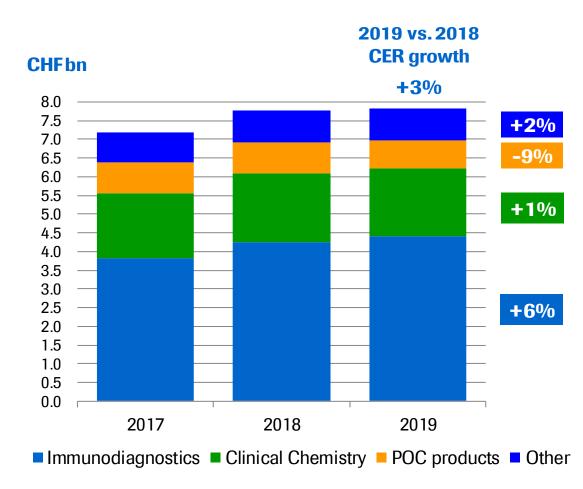
# **2019: Diagnostics Division sales**

# Growth due to Centralised and Point of Care Solutions and Molecular Diagnostics



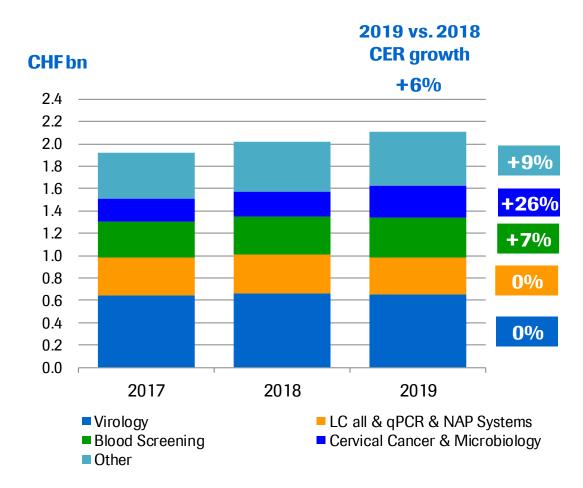
#### **Centralised and Point of Care Solutions**





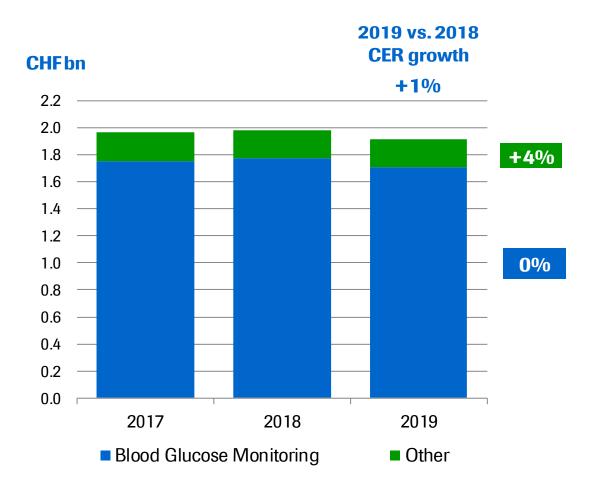
# **Molecular Diagnostics**





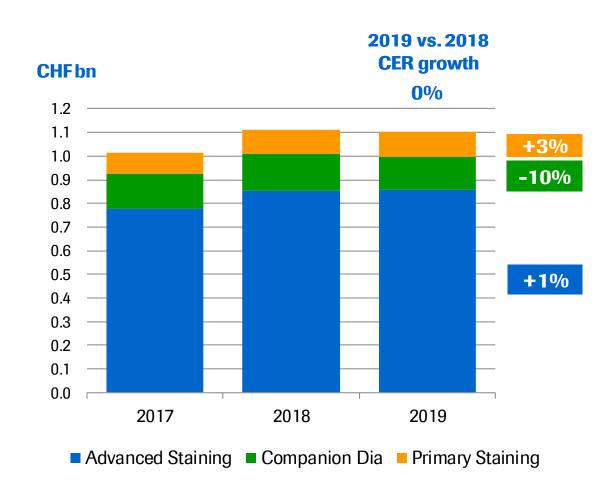
### **Diabetes Care**





# **Tissue Diagnostics**







#### **Pipeline summary**

Marketed products additional indications

**Global Development late-stage trials** 

pRED (Roche Pharma Research & Early Development)

gRED (Genentech Research & Early Development)

**Spark** 

**Roche Group 2019 results** 

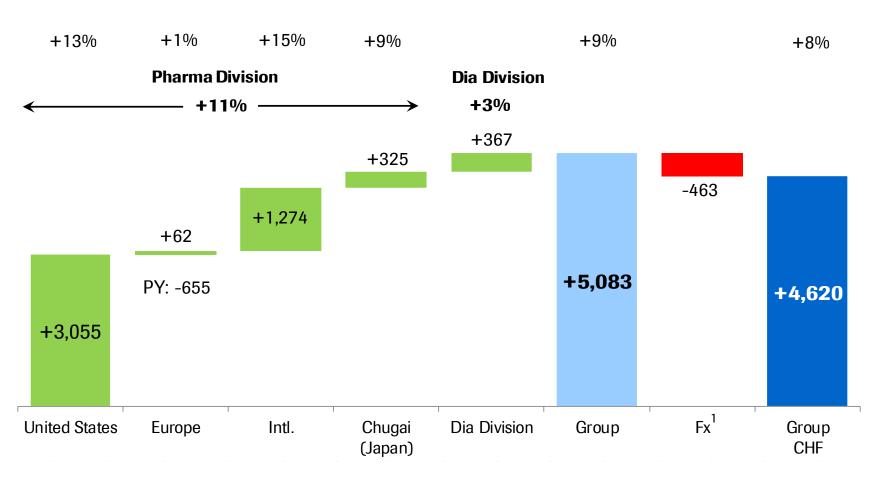
**Diagnostics** 

#### Foreign exchange rate information





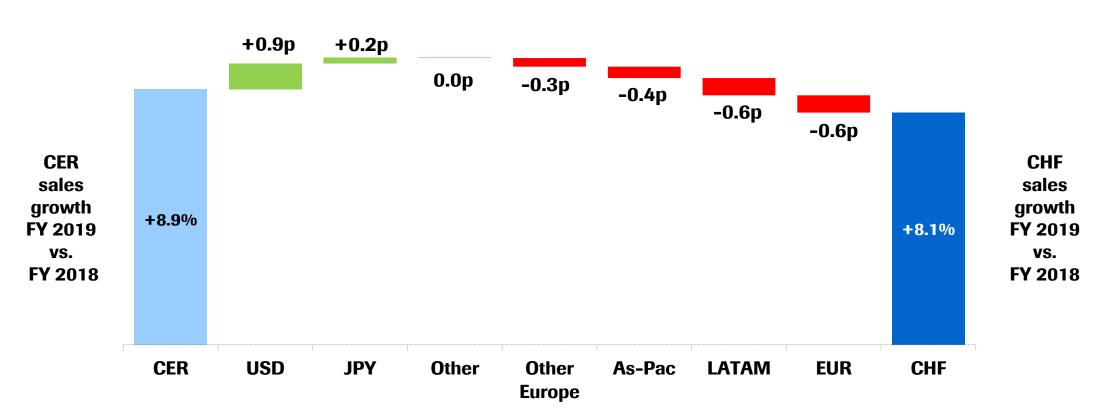
# CER sales increase of +9% driven by US and International





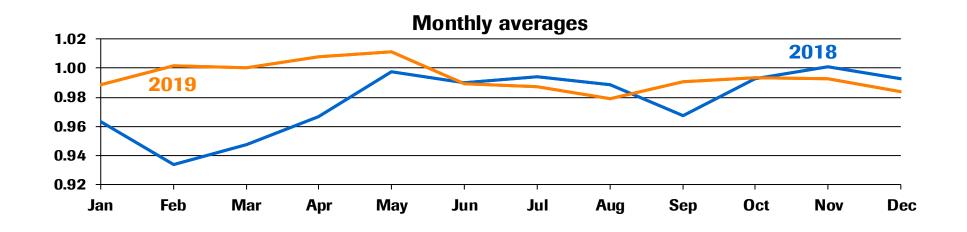


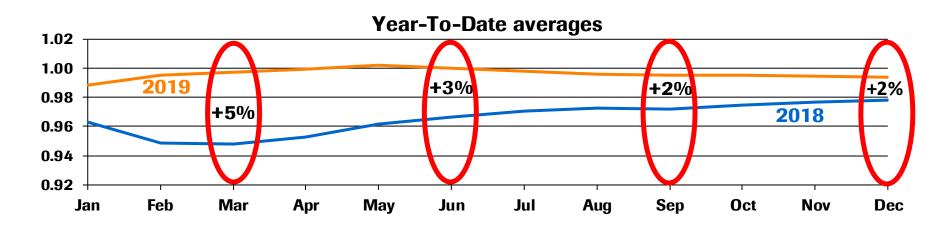
Negative impact driven by EUR and LATAM currencies, partially offset by USD



### **CHF / USD**

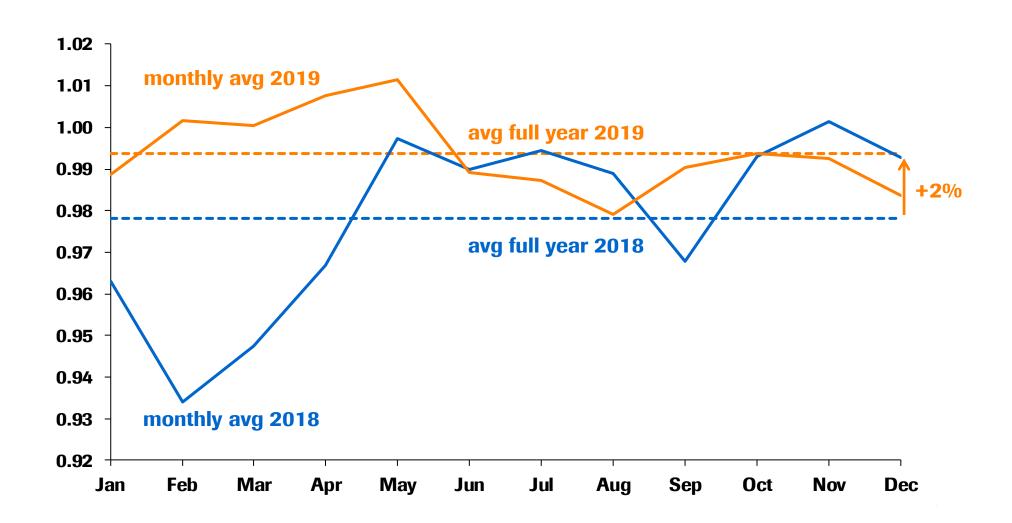






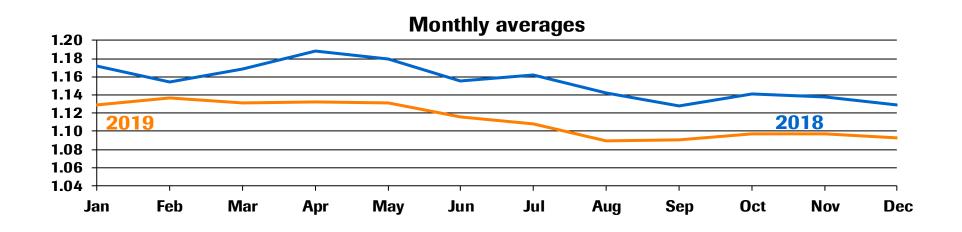
# **CHF / USD**

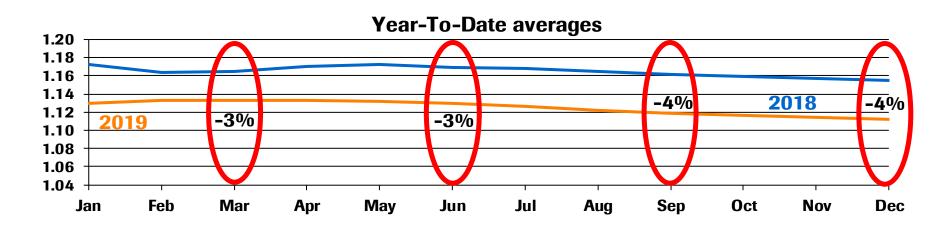




#### **CHF / EUR**

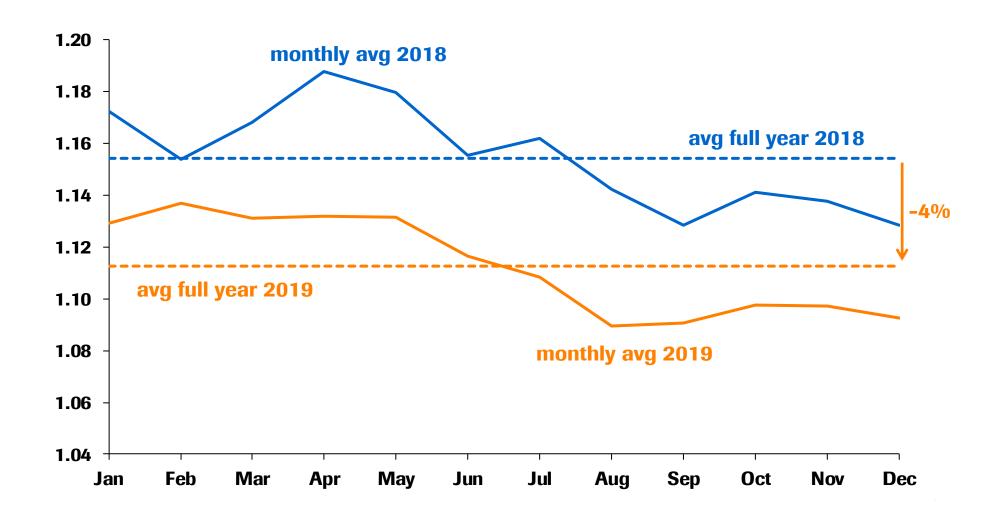






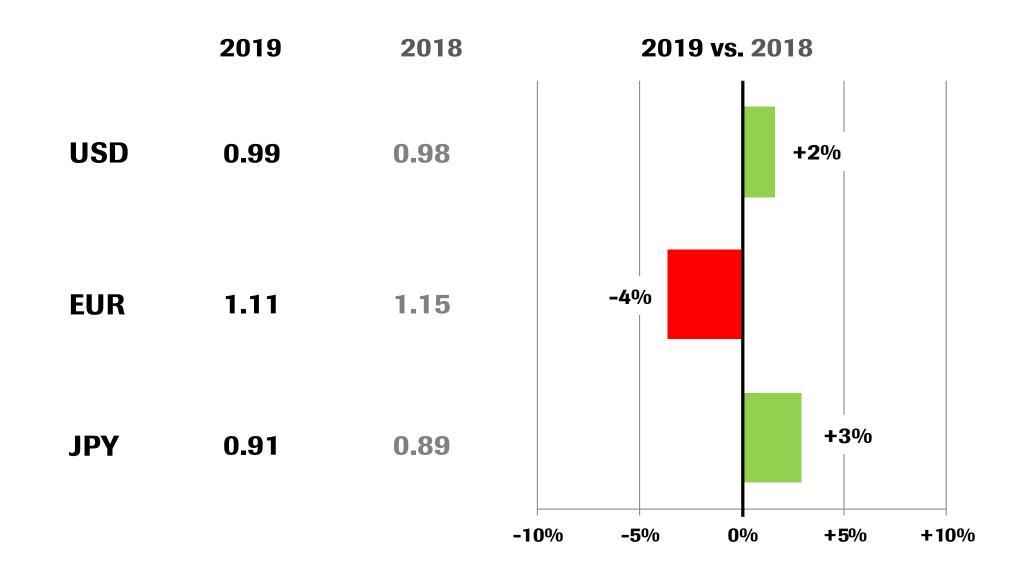
# **CHF / EUR**





# **Average CHF exchange rates**





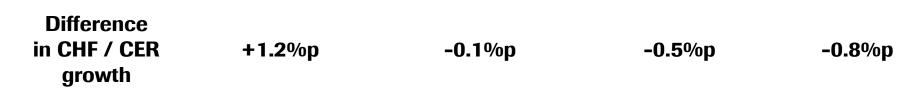


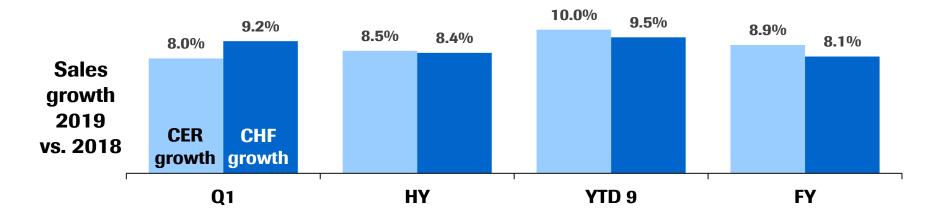
# **Exchange rate impact on sales growth**

# In 2019 negative impact of EUR and positive impact of USD and JPY



CHF / USD	+5.1%	+3.5%	<b>+2.4</b> %	+1.6%
CHF / EUR	<b>-2.8</b> %	-3.4%	<b>-3.7</b> %	-3.6%
CHF / JPY	+3.4%	+2.2%	+2.8%	+2.9%







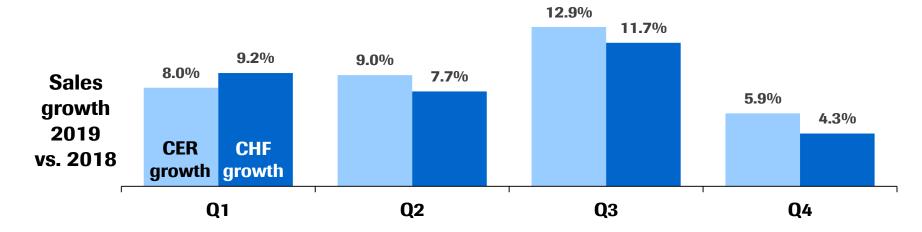


# In Q4 2019 negative impact of EUR and USD and positive impact of JPY



CHF / USD	+5.1%	+1.8%	+0.2%	<b>-0.6</b> %
CHF / EUR	<b>-2.8</b> %	<b>-4.1</b> %	<b>-4.2</b> %	-3.5%
CHF / JPY	+3.4%	+1.0%	+4.1%	+3.0%







# Doing now what patients need next