




Roche Pharma Day 2020

Commercial Opportunities

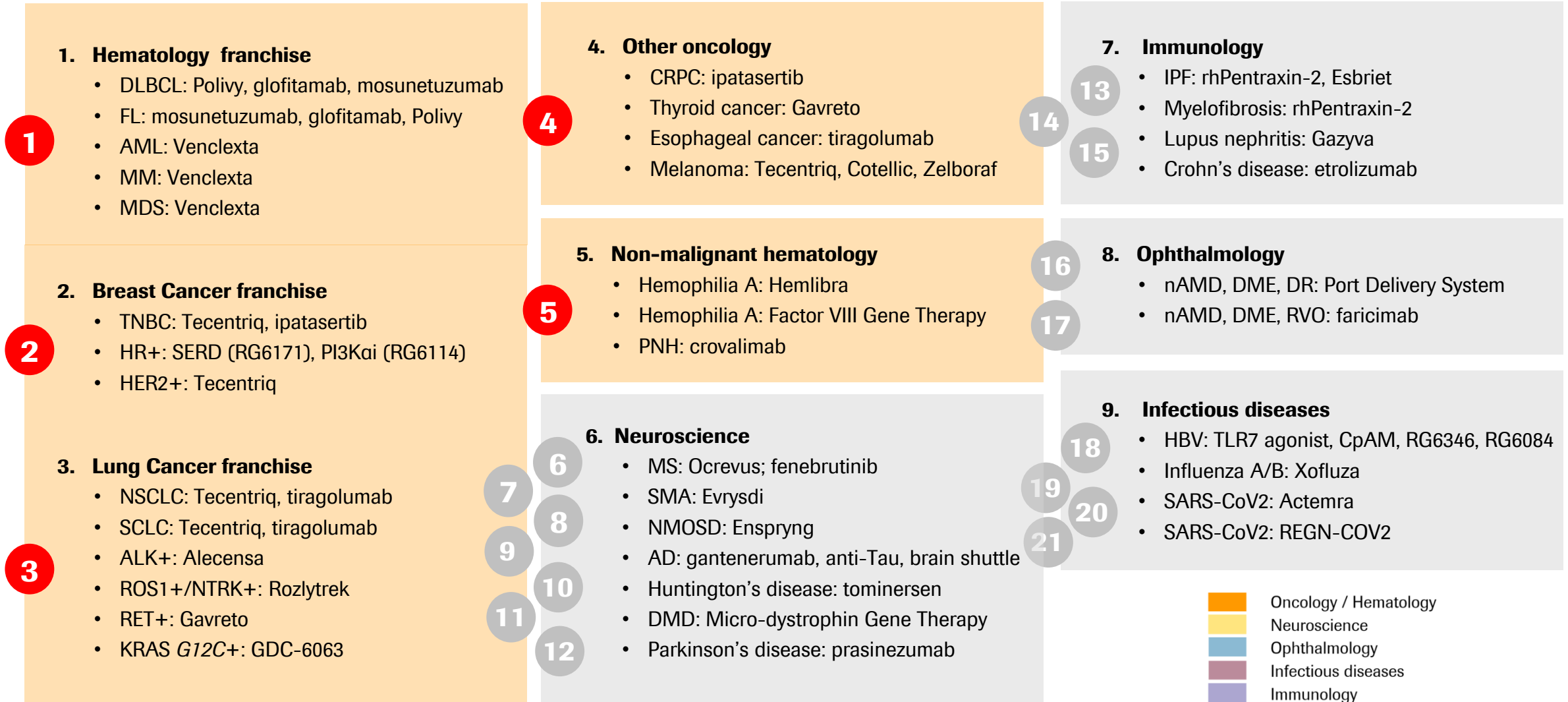
Teresa Graham | Head of Global Product Strategy

Supporting patient access during COVID-19

Expanding patient options to support continuity of care

 <p><small>ocrelizumab</small> OCREVUS Home Infusion Launched in Australia</p>	 <p>Patients are self-isolating to minimise their risk of becoming infected with COVID-19</p>
 <p>Home use filing accepted by FDA Aug 2020</p>	
 <p>At home liquid biopsy project initiated in Italy</p>	

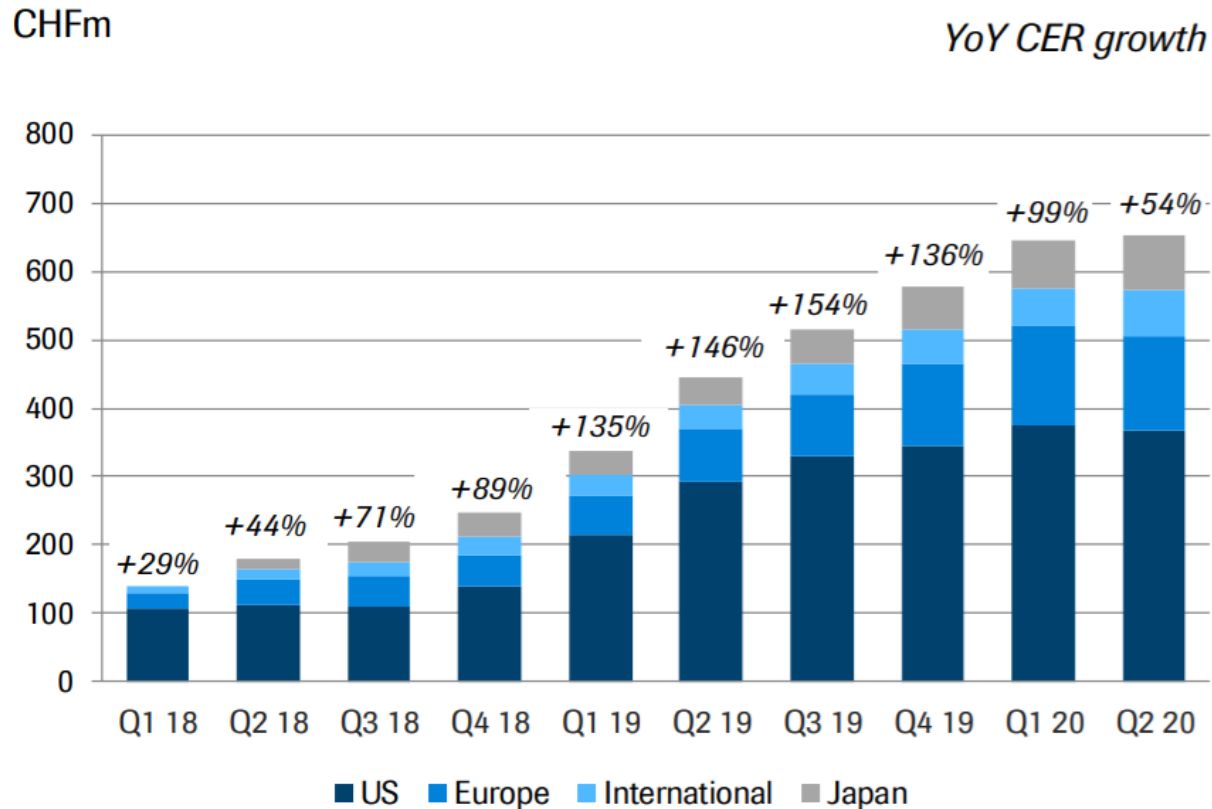
Oncology & non-malignant hematology



* For further information on target patient populations please consult the appendix; For further details on the late stage pipeline please consult the HY 20 results presentation appendix or visit the IR homepage

Tecentriq

Annualized sales >2b with significant growth opportunities ahead



1L combinations

1L SCLC, 1L TNBC, and 1L NSCLC continuing to drive growth ex-US; Launch of HCC next major growth driver with contributions from 1L mUC and BRAF+ Melanoma

Neoadjuvant / adjuvant

Continued readouts in early disease: TNBC, NSCLC, SCCHN, RCC, HCC, HER2+ BC

CIT combinations

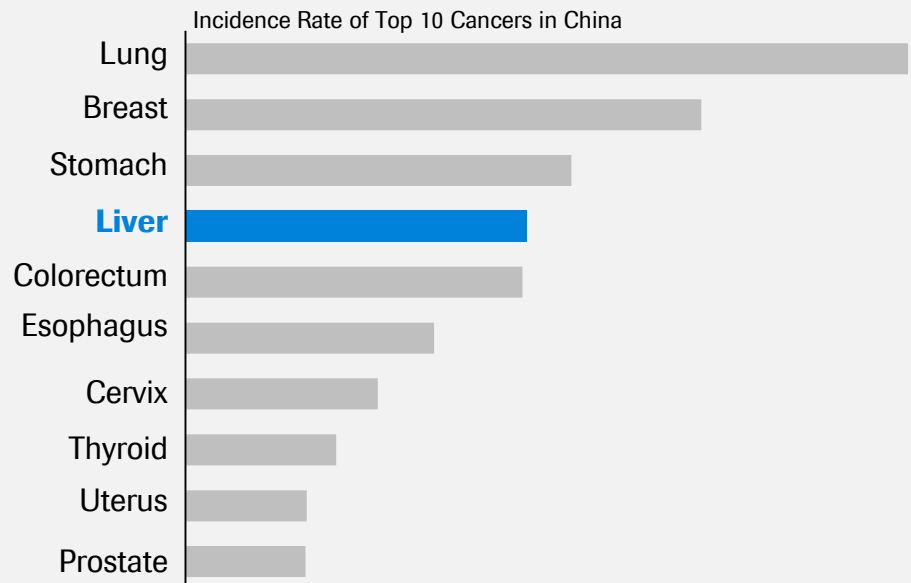
Tecentriq + Tiragolumab has the potential to reset the standard of care in markets where PD-1/PD-L1 already established

Tecentriq + Avastin: A new standard in HCC treatment

First new therapy with survival benefit in HCC in over a decade



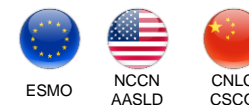
HCC is the fourth most common cancer in China



>750k people / year diagnosed with HCC globally



Tecentriq+Avastin approved in 25 countries. Approval in China and EU expected early Q4



All major global guidelines recommend T+A as a new SOC in HCC

Ongoing development in earlier lines and new combinations




Adjuvant	Intermediate	Unresectable	TML	New pipeline
T+A	T+A	T+A	T+A	T+A+X

Note: A green checkmark is present in the 'Unresectable' column of the second row.

Tecentriq in early disease

Curative potential for the largest number of patients



<p><i>Breast</i></p> 	<p>✓ Positive data in neoadjuvant TNBC will be shared with health authorities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • >50% of TNBC pts treated in neoadjuvant setting • Ongoing trials for Tecentriq in adjuvant TNBC and neoadjuvant HER2+ BC
<p><i>Lung</i></p> 	<p>Interim Ph III results for neoadjuvant and adjuvant NSCLC expected 2020/2021</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 25-35% of NSCLC patients have resectable disease
<p><i>GI/GU</i></p> 	<p>Trials initiated in NMIBC, adjuvant RCC, and adjuvant HCC</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • >2.5x more patients with early UC than metastatic UC

Tiragolumab (anti-TIGIT) development program

First program with randomized data showing benefit on top of PD-L1

6 randomized trials of tiragolumab + Tecentriq initiated

Trial	Indication	Market size
SKYSCRAPER-01	1L NSCLC: PD-L1 high	
SKYSCRAPER-02	ES-SCLC	
→ SKYSCRAPER-03	Stage III unresectable NSCLC	
SKYSCRAPER-04	PD-L1+ Cervical Cancer	
→ SKYSCRAPER-07	Locally advanced ESCC	
→ SKYSCRAPER-08	China 1L ESCC	

Market Size: <500m
 Market Size: 500m-1b
 Market Size: >1b

Development strategy

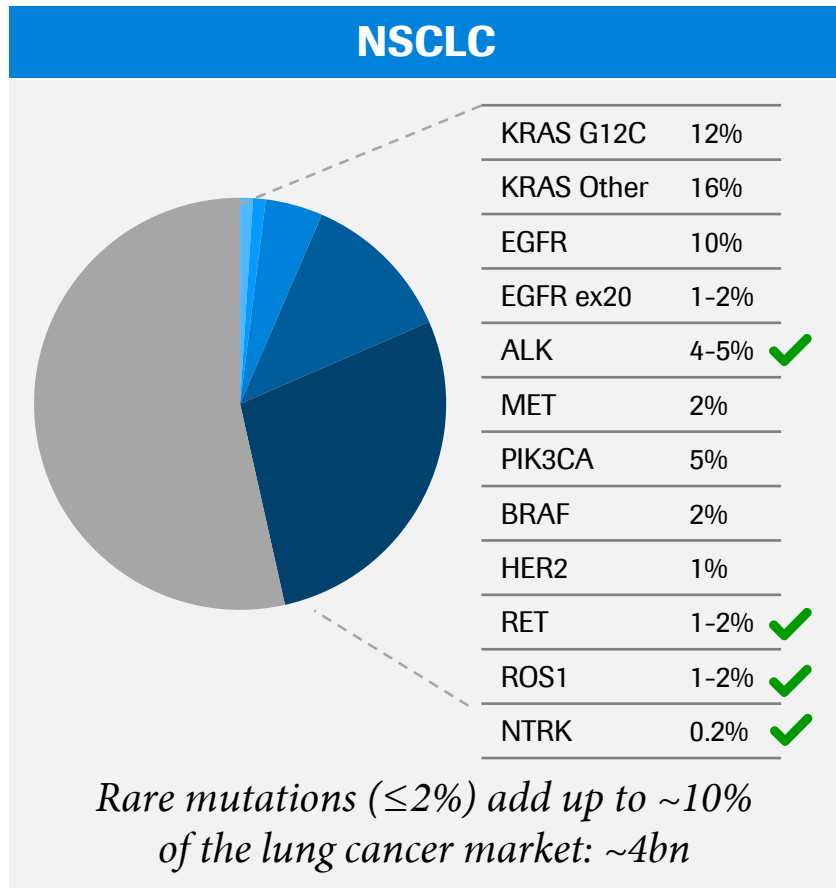
1 Build on Tecentriq

2 Expand into early disease

3 Compete in new indications

Additional trials ongoing in HCC, mUC, PDAC, and hematology (MM, NHL)

Solid business case for oncogenic driver mutations



High ORR and durable benefit drives long duration of therapy

- Alecensa PFS ~35m in 1L NSCLC vs. ~8m for PD-1/PD-L1; opportunity in early disease

NGS testing rate increasing with new technologies and therapeutics

- FMI liquid biopsy approved (30% of NSCLC patients with insufficient tissue for testing)

Lean and innovative trial design supported by Real World Data

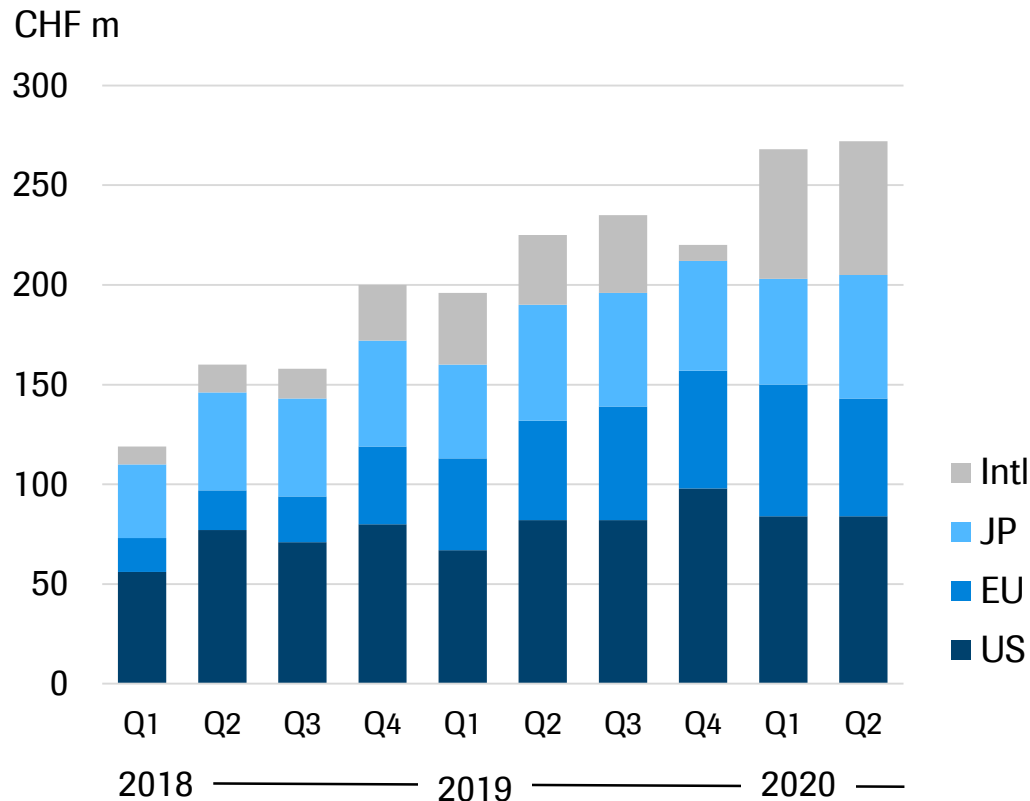
- Comparative RWD for Rozlytrek submitted in US, Europe, Japan, and Canada
- B-FAST study with multiple driver mutation cohorts

Pan-tumor potential across multiple programs

- TAPISTRY: tumor agnostic basket trial across multiple driver mutations and CIT

Alecensa annualized sales >1b with further growth catalysts

Market leader with >70% market share in US, EU, Japan



China driving further growth in international markets

- Significant volume uptake in 2020, following NRDL reimbursement

Expanding into early disease

- ALINA trial in ALK+ adjuvant NSCLC has potential to address 25-35% of ALK+ NSCLC patients

Expanding testing to more patients

- B-FAST trial: Alecensa data in ALK+ patients tested by FMI liquid biopsy presented at ESMO

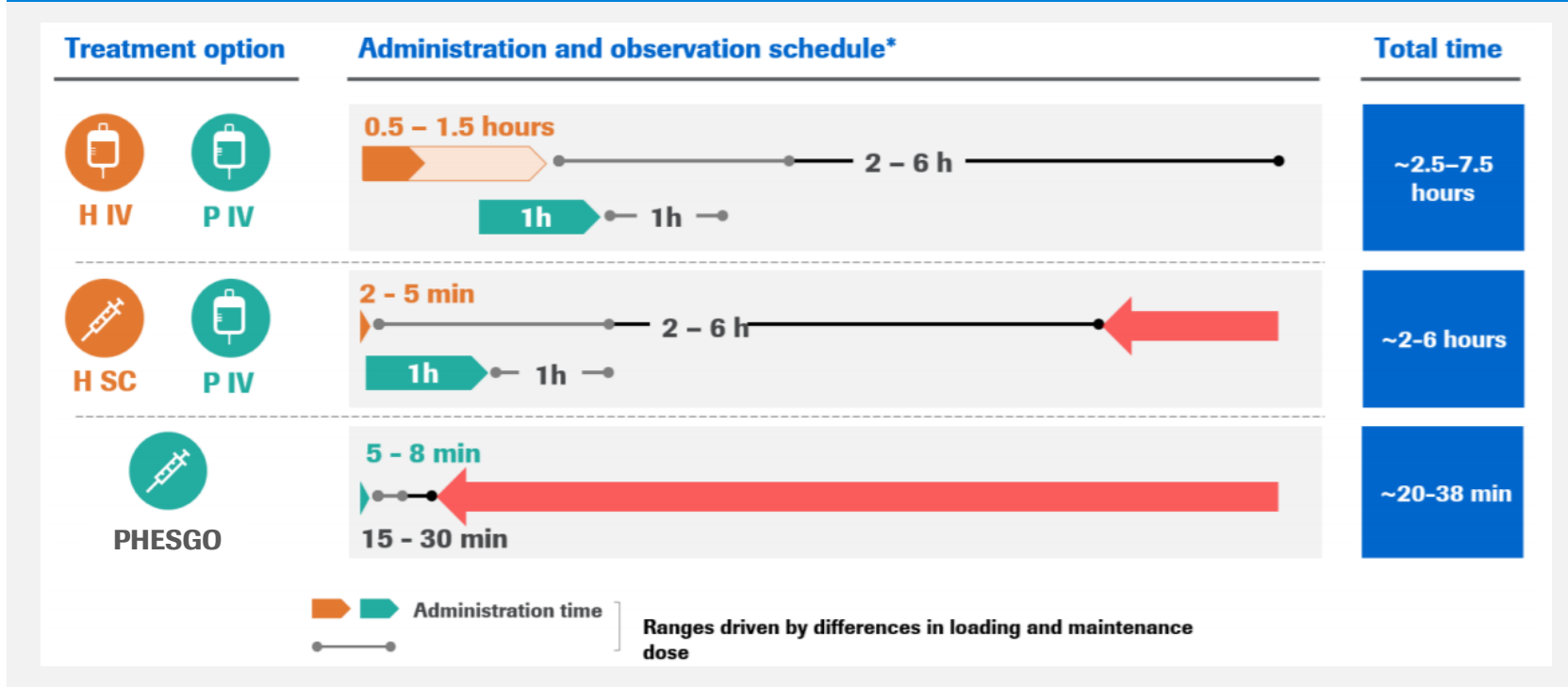
Tumor agnostic development

- Alecensa arm added to TAPISTRY basket trial: ALK fusion prevalence < 1% (excluding NSCLC)

Phesgo US approval

Approved by FDA in June, filed in EU

Administration and observation time reduced from 2.5-7.5 hours to 20-38 minutes



PHESGO™

 pertuzumab/trastuzumab/hyaluronidase-zzxf

 SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION / 1,200 mg/600 mg/30,000 units

 600 mg/600 mg/20,000 units

85%

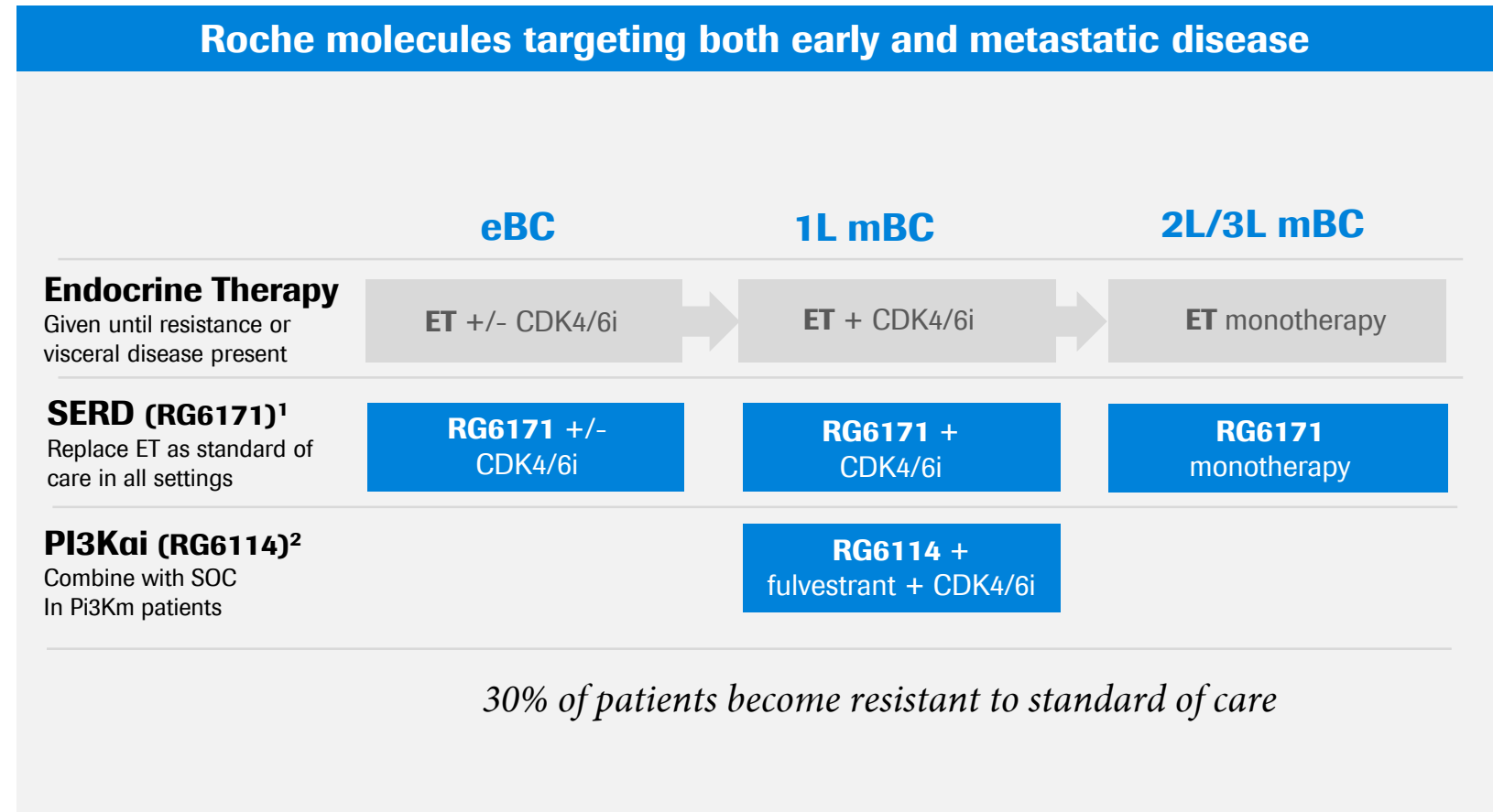
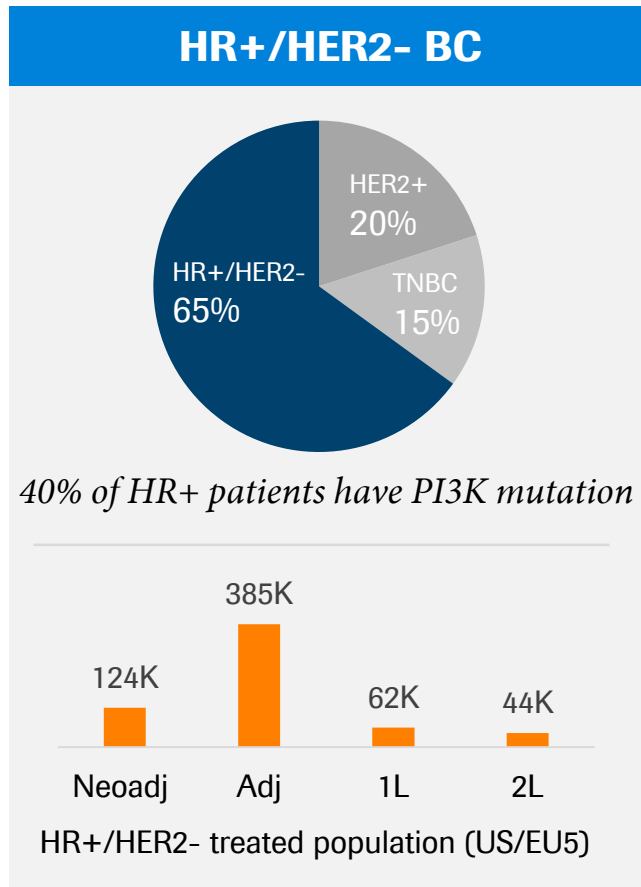
 of patients

 prefer Phesgo

vs. standard IV administration

High unmet need remains across HR+/HER2- BC

Large addressable population for SERD and PI3K programs



Polivy readout in 1L DLBCL in 2021

Opportunity to establish Polivy as standard of care in curative setting



Rapid uptake in R/R DLBCL



Strong efficacy: only agent in R/R DLBCL with OS benefit

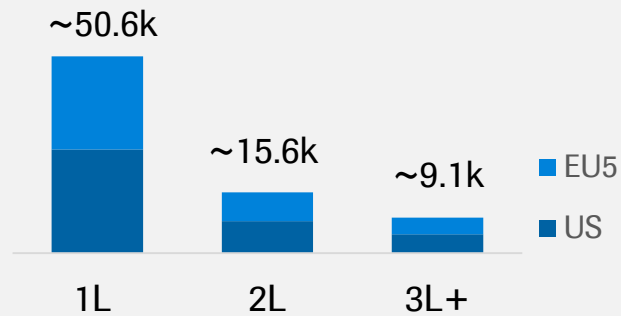


Well tolerated: combines with standard of care (BR); no unique safety monitoring requirements



Off the shelf: readily available; administered in any oncology facility, with no hospitalization required

POLARIX is the only Ph III trial in 1L DLBCL (non-biomarker)






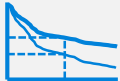


1L DLBCL treated population is >3x the size of 2L

	Polivy+R/G-CHP (Ph Ib/II)	R-CHOP (GOYA trial)
ORR	89%	80%
CR	76%	34%

Ph Ib/II data in 1L DLBCL compares favorably to historical controls despite older population and sicker patients

Mosunetuzumab and glofitamab (CD20xCD3)

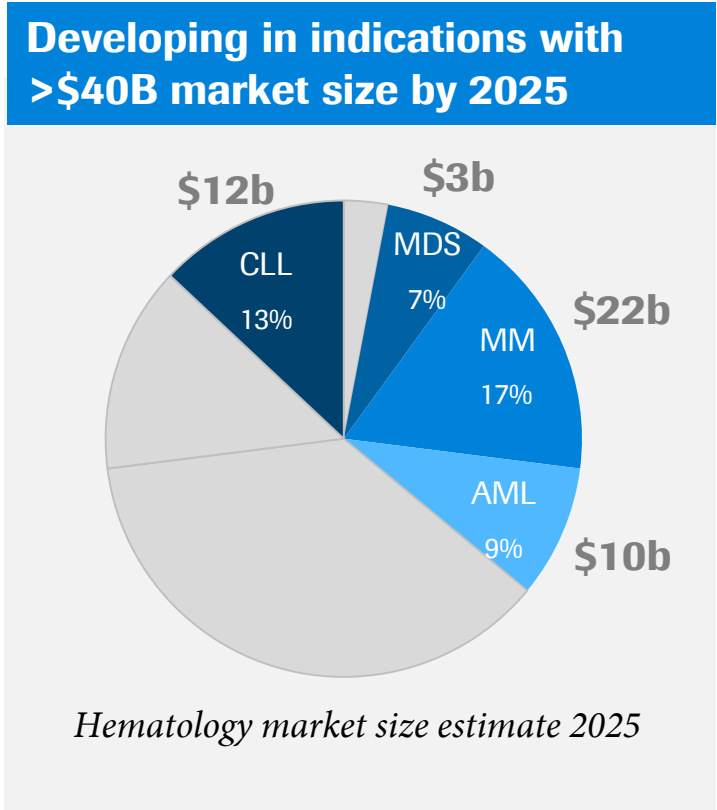
Potential first in class bispecifics in DLBCL and FL

Indication	Unmet Need	Lead Program
R/R FL	 <p>Reduction of chemo and quality of life are important for patients</p>	 <p>Mosunetuzumab BTD in 3L+ FL; Ph III safety run-in initiated in 2L+ FL</p> 
R/R DLBCL	 <p>Highly aggressive disease: patient need for durable efficacy</p>	 <p>Glofitamab Glofitamab Ph III safety run-in initiated in combination with GemOx</p>
1L DLBCL	 <p>High efficacy bar established; need therapy which is combinable</p>	<p>Chemo free regimens being explored in Ph Ib for both glofitamab and mosunetuzumab including combinations with Polivy, Gazyva, Tecentriq</p>

Furthest advanced bispecific portfolio with >1000 patients dosed and randomized trials being initiated

Venclexta

Annualized sales >1bn driven by CLL and AML



✓ **1L CLL**

Fixed duration, chemo free regimen, with high MRD-negative responses

✓ **1L AML**

First new medicine in AML in 20 years; >40% US market share in 1L unfit patients

Multiple Myeloma

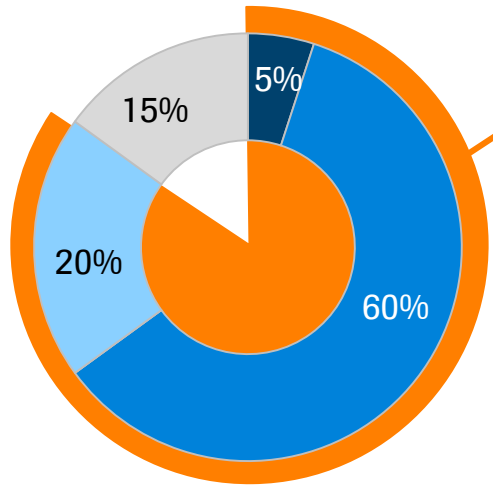
Ph III CANOVA trial underway in ~20% of patients with t11:14 translocation

MDS

Encouraging early data in high unmet need population

Hemlibra is a transformational advance for Hemophilia A patients

Continued increase in patients with zero bleeds to >85% after 72 weeks

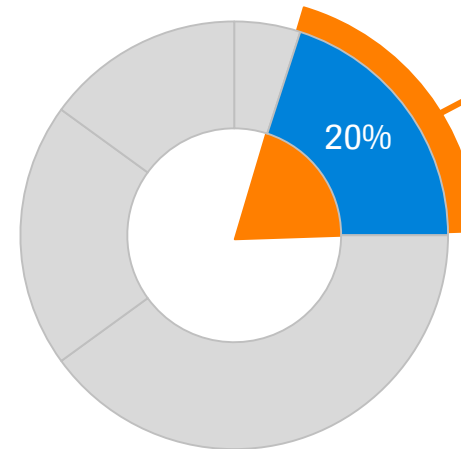


~85%
Hemlibra target population

- US: Nearly 25% total market share
- 95% of patients surveyed preferred Hemlibra to their prior therapy

■ Inhibitors ■ Severe PwHA
■ Moderate PwHA ■ Mild PwHA

Gene therapy



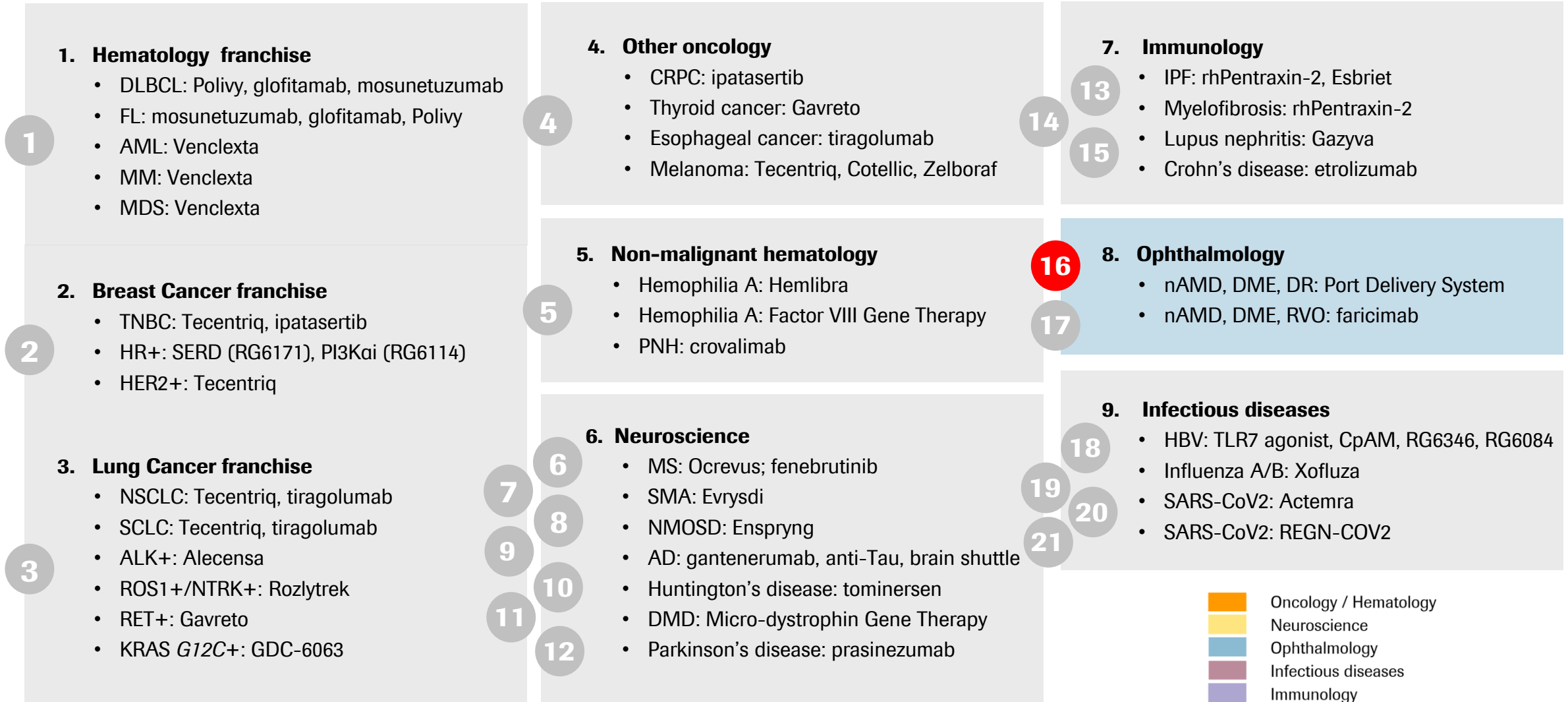
~20%
Gene therapy eligible population

Adult patients with moderate-severe disease and no comorbidities (HIV/HCV/HVP/AAV+)

Ideal gene therapy target profile

- Works in all eligible patients
- Reliable and predictable expression of FVIII across all patients
- Long-term durability
- Manageable immune-modulatory regimen

Ophthalmology

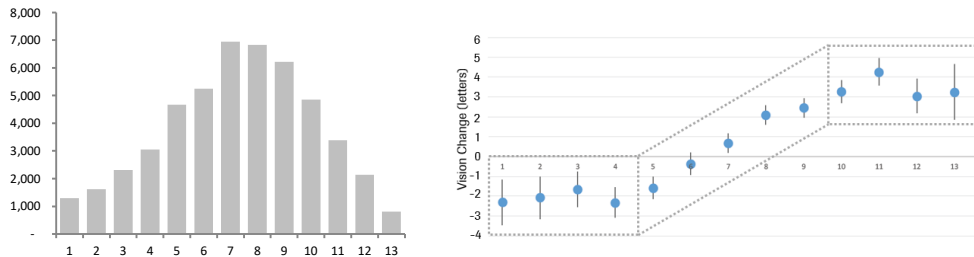


* For further information on target patient populations please consult the appendix; For further details on the late stage pipeline please consult the HY 20 results presentation appendix or visit the IR homepage

Port Delivery System (PDS)

Potential to improve real world outcomes with twice yearly dosing

Adherence to IVT therapies is low and infrequent dosing in the real world correlates with vision loss

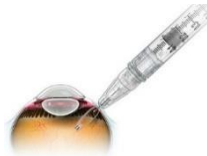


Only 50% of patients can be extended to Q3M dosing with current IVT therapies

With PDS, nearly all patients can be maintained on 6m dosing, improving patient compliance and real world outcomes



- **PDS implant:** permanent, refillable intraocular implant. One-time ~30 min outpatient surgical procedure. Patients from Ph I study have had PDS implanted for >10 years.



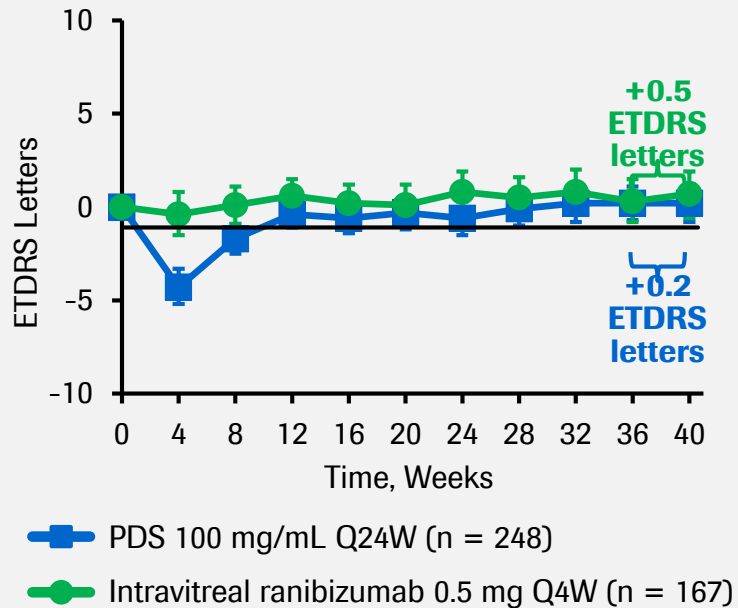
- **Refill exchange:** twice yearly in-office refill of the device using proprietary needle assembly. Can only be refilled with proprietary formulation (not other molecules or biosimilars)

PDS efficacy equivalent to monthly Lucentis for nearly all patients

Strong patient preference for PDS

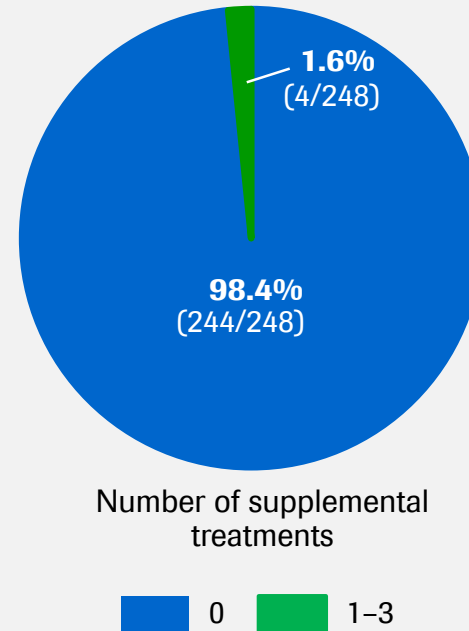
Equivalent vision

Adjusted mean BCVA change from baseline



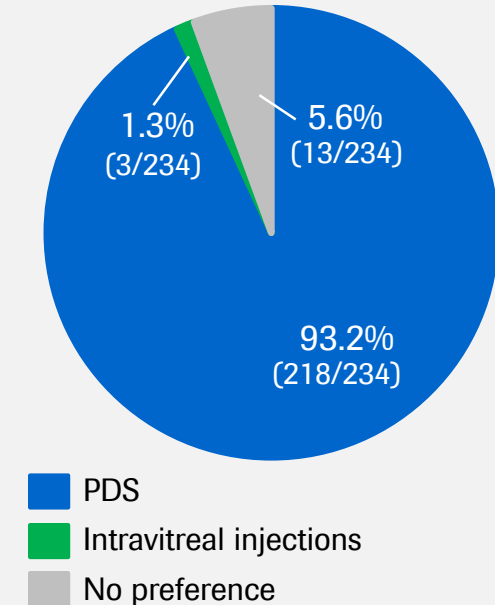
Treatment durability

Percentage of PDS patients who received supplemental treatment before first refill-exchange at week 24



Patient preference

Preference among patients in the PDS arm at week 40



Preparing for a purposeful global launch in nAMD

US launch planned for 2021, ex-US for 2022

Virtual reality training



- Virtual reality (VR) technology enables preoperative training of surgeons on PDS procedures (implant insertion and refill)
- >200 US surgeons trained in Ph III across ~100 sites

Field-based support



- Surgical Device Liaisons (SDLs) support training on site, and facilitate peer to peer discussion and education
- Focus on ensuring consistency in outcomes and enhancing the patient experience

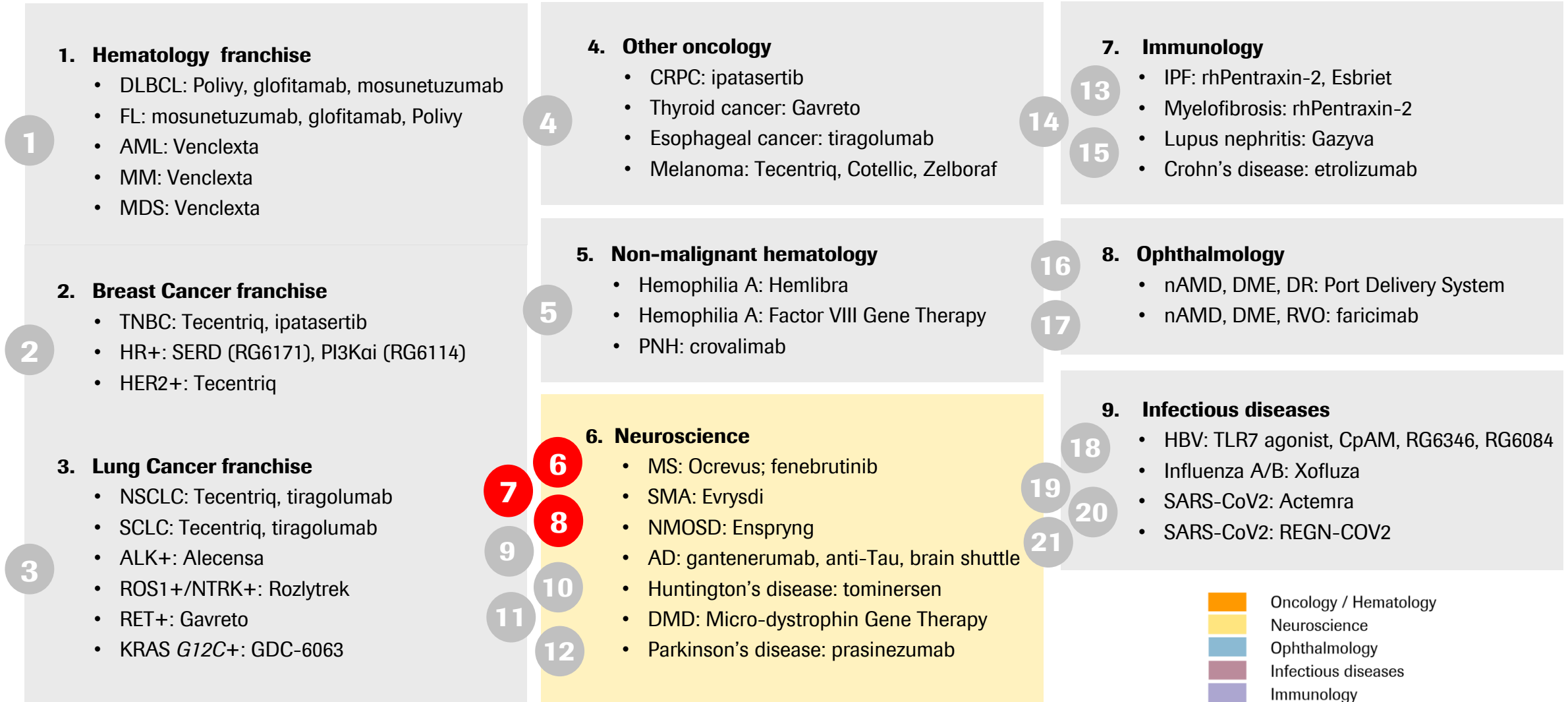
Remote vision monitoring



- App-based designed test to detect changes in vision in-between office visits
- Vision alerts sent to doctor
- Pilot programs underway

Global retina market growing to ~\$14b by 2024

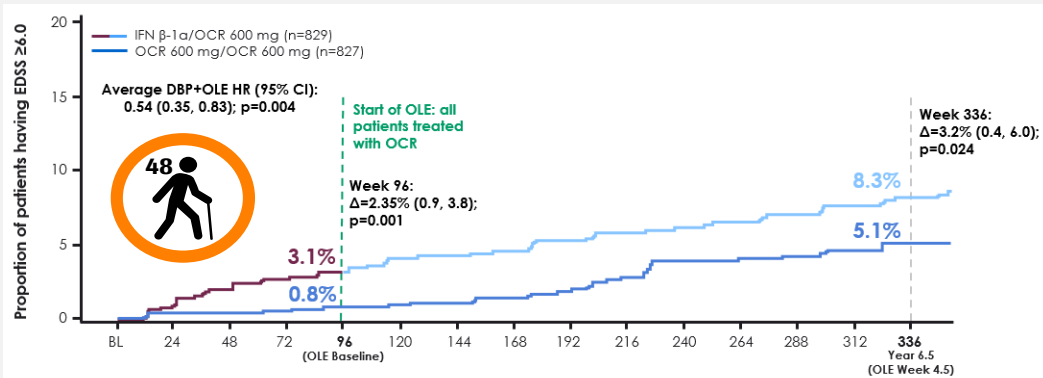
Neuroscience and Rare Diseases



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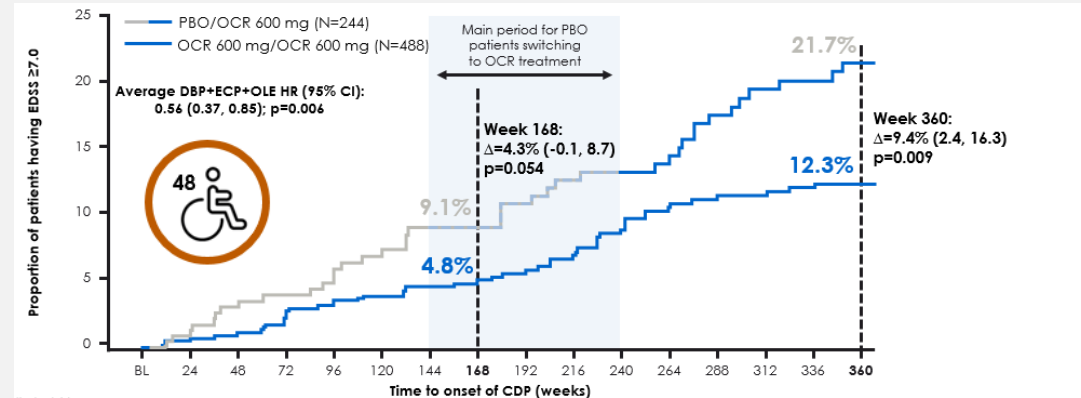
Ocrevus: Best in disease efficacy with robust, consistent, and sustained delay in disability progression

Sustained effect on disease progression >6 yrs in RMS



- 46% lower risk of requiring a walking-aid in those patients who initiated OCR earlier vs delayed treatment (those switching from IFN β-1a)

Ocrevus is the only therapy approved in PPMS



- 44% lower risk of requiring a wheelchair in those patients who initiated OCR earlier vs delayed treatment (those switching from PBO)
- ~35% of US sales in PPMS

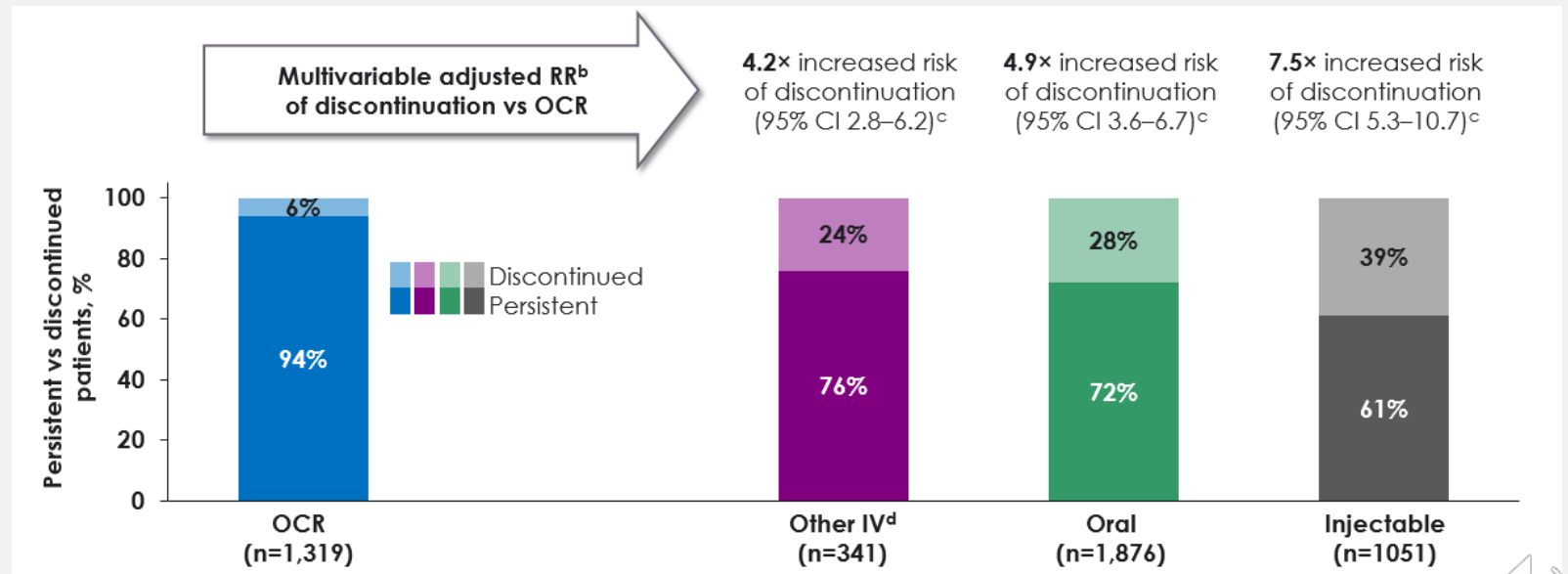
> 170K patients treated with consistent and favorable benefit risk profile

Ocrevus twice yearly dosing drives better compliance

Total Yearly Dosing

OCREVUS		x2
TECFIDERA		x730
AUBAGIO		x365
TYSABRI		x13
COPAXONE		x365 (or 156)
KESIMPTA		x12

>90% persistence/adherence after 1 yr; superior to oral and injectable medicines



- Superior persistence and adherence and the lowest discontinuation rate at both 12 and 18 months of follow-up compared with patients initiating other classes of MS DMTs
- Persistence and adherence to treatment are critical for achieving therapeutic goals in MS

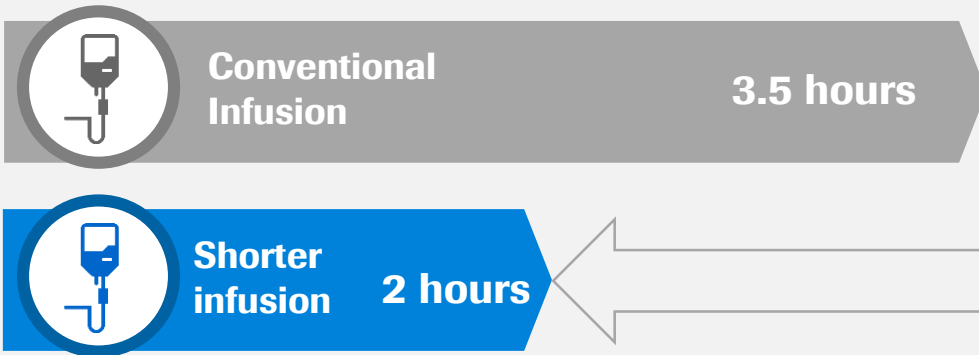
*Total yearly dosing after the first year; DMT = disease modifying therapy

Continuing to improve patient convenience with shorter infusion

Favorable access with no price increases since launch



Ocrevus short infusion nearly halves administration time



Approved by EMA, FDA approval expected before end of the year

Ocrevus pricing in US results in broad access



\$65k per year

- Priced ~32% below US market average WAC of \$94k
- >80% RMS and 98% PPMS covered without step edits



Expansion in infusion options for patients

- Ocrevus has been infused in >46K locations in the US
- ~50% of infusions occur outside of the hospital

Enspryng: First and only subcutaneous treatment for NMOSD



Significant unmet need still exists with NMOSD



- 200K patients worldwide
- 70-80% of patients are AQP4+
- Half of patients are blind or require a wheelchair within 5 yrs
- 40% of patients with NMOSD are first misdiagnosed as having MS
- 50% of patients treated with steroids/immunosuppressants

Approved in US, Canada, Japan, Switzerland

Additional applications are under review including the EU and China

- ✓ **Highly effective**
 - Comparable efficacy to best in disease treatments
- ✓ **Flexible and convenient**
 - Q4w SC dosing at home
 - Studied as monotherapy and in combination with immunosuppressants
- ✓ **Well tolerated safety profile**
 - No black box warning; lower rate of infections incl. serious infections than placebo group
- ✓ **Competitively priced**
 - Priced 72% below eculizumab and 27% below inebilizumab after first year

Proven efficacy in infants, children and adults with SMA



Best-in-class efficacy and safety potential

Durably increases SMN protein in CNS and periphery

Out of 450+ patients studied, none withdrew from treatment due to treatment-related AEs



Broad population studied

Newborn to 60 years old, Type 1/2/3, naïve and pre-treated

Real world population that exhibits a broad range of disease severity & functional ability



Advantages of oral administration

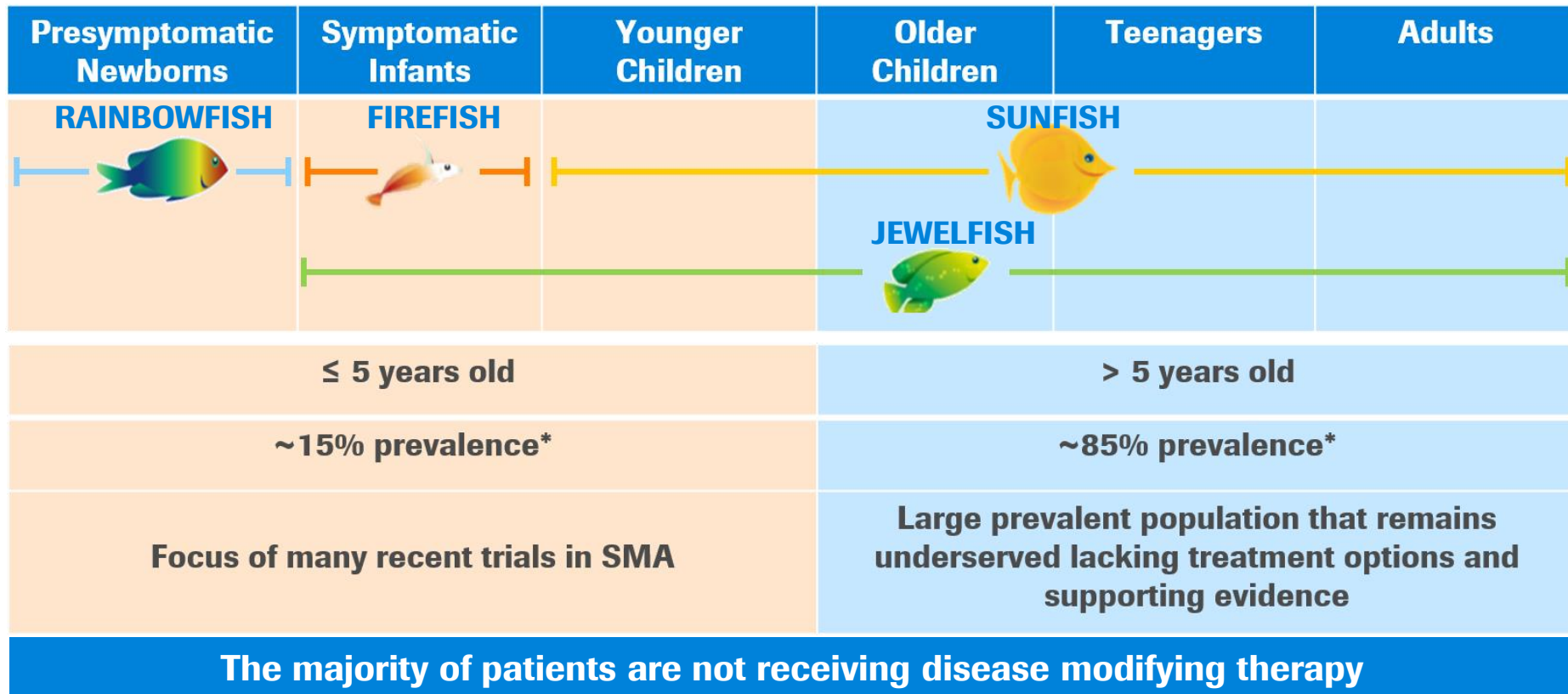
Oral liquid solution, administered at home

Delivered directly to patient, with contactless delivery

Evrysdi: Evidence being generated across all SMA patients



Representative range of ages, type, prior treatment, disease severity



* Estimated 2020 prevalence in US and EU5

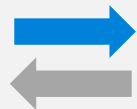
Successful virtual launch of Evrysdi in the US

SMA patients being treated across all segments

Broad uptake across segments in first month of approval



Patients treated with all SMA types
~25% of patients with Type I SMA



Treatment naïve and switch patients

Have treated pts switching from both Spinraza / Zolgensma

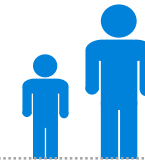


Broad range of ages

5m old infants to 70+ year old adults

Access supported by responsible pricing

25% discount *to current SOC over 5-yrs*
(at max Evrysdi price)



Infants
 <\$100K / year
 15lbs/7kg (~2 yrs old)*

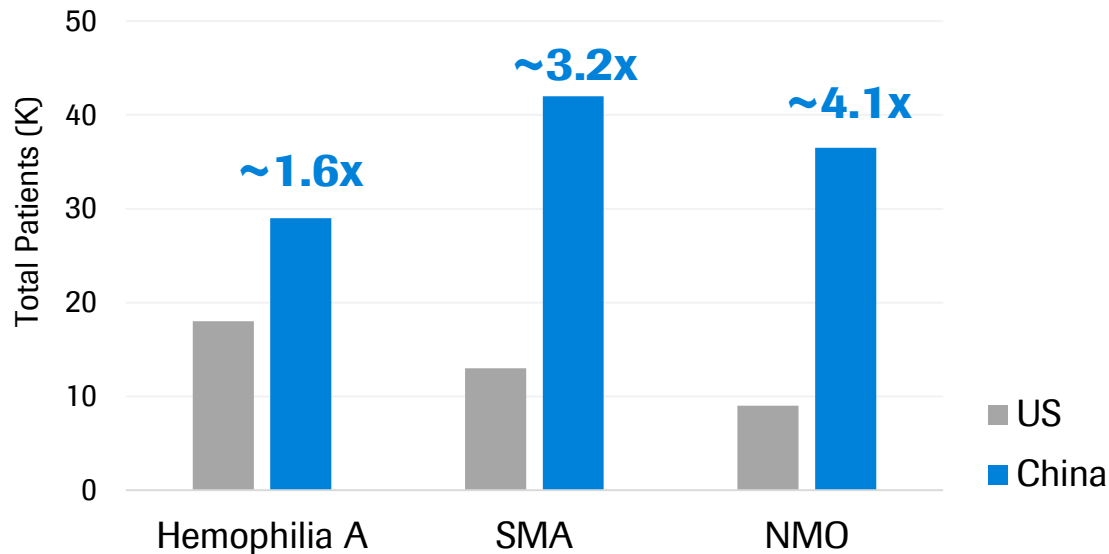
Maximum Price
 \$340k / year
 >44lbs/20kg (~6 yrs old)

- No additional administration costs
- Commercial and state Medicaid plans moving fast to establish coverage policies

* Based on the average infant weight from the FIREFISH trial

Rare diseases present significant opportunity in China

Large populations of patients with rare diseases



China Rare Disease List established to enable faster filing and approval timelines



- China was the #1 enrolling country in FIREFISH Part II trial
- Regulatory submission completed in China with approval expected H1 2021



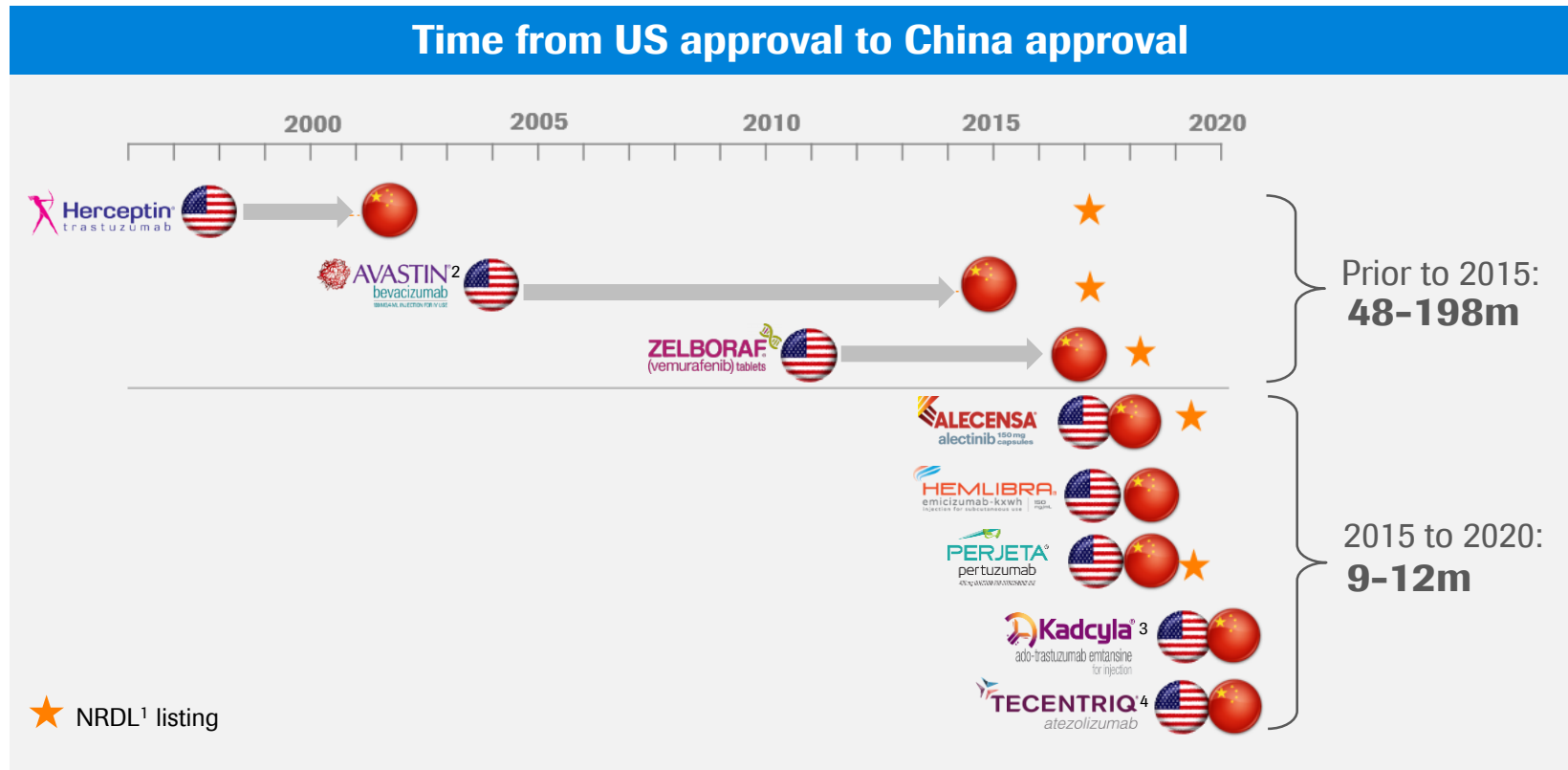
- Enspryng China filing dossier accepted with priority review
- NMOSD included on China Rare Disease List



- NRDL negotiations for Inhibitor expected in 2020
- Regulatory submission completed for Non-Inhibitor label expansion with approval expected in H1 2021

Closing the approval gap in China

Bringing innovative medicines to Chinese patients faster



NRDL negotiations expected in 2020 for Kadcylla, Tecentriq, Hemlibra

3-5x volume growth seen with other Roche medicines within 2 years of addition to NRDL

Tecentriq+Avastin 1L HCC approval expected in 2020 (within 5-6 months of US approval)

¹ NRDL: National Reimbursed Drug List; ² Refers to Avastin Lung Cancer Indication; ³ Refers to Kadcylla Early Breast Cancer Indication; ⁴ Refers to Tecentriq Small Cell Lung Cancer Indication

Strong short- and mid-term news flow

Diversifying the late stage pipeline and setting new standards of care

Product	Indication	Filing	Market potential	Product	Indication	Filing	Market potential
tominersen	Huntington's	latest 2022	● ● ●	Gavreto	RET+ NSCLC	filed	● ● ●
gantenerumab	Alzheimer's	2022	● ● ●		thyroid cancer	filed	● ● ●
SRP-9001	DMD	latest 2023	● ● ●	Tecentriq	NeoAdj TNBC	2020	● ● ●
etrolizumab	Crohn's	2022	● ● ●		Adj SCCHN	2021	● ● ●
PDS	nAMD	2020	● ● ●		Adj RCC	2021	● ● ●
	DME	2022			(Neo)Adj NSCLC	2021/22	● ● ●
faricimab	DME nAMD	2021	● ● ●		Adj HCC	2022	● ● ●
Actemra + remdesivir	COVID-19	2021	● ● ●	Tecentriq + P+H	NeoAdj HER2+ BC	2021	● ● ●
REGN-COV2	COVID-19	2021	● ● ●	ipatasertib	1L/2L TNBC	2020	● ● ●
crovalimab	PNH	2022	● ● ●		1L mCRPC	2020	● ● ●
				Polivy	1L DLBCL	2021	● ● ●
				tiragolumab + T	1L SCLC	2022	● ● ●
				mosunetuzumab	R/R FL	2021	● ● ●
				glofitamab	R/R DLBCL	2022	● ● ●
				Venclexta	R/R MM t(11;14)	2022	● ● ●
				SERD (RG6171)	2L/3L mBC	2022	● ● ●

 Neuroscience	 Ophthalmology	
 Immunology	 Oncology/Hematology	
 Infectious diseases		

Source: Roche/Genentech, incidence/prevalence in the major markets (US, FR, DE, IT, ES, GB); DMD=duchenne muscular dystrophy; nAMD=neovascular age-related macular degeneration; DME=diabetic macular edema; NSCLC=non-small cell lung cancer; TNBC=triple-negative breast cancer; SCCHN=squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck; RCC=renal cell carcinoma; HCC=hepatocellular carcinoma; mCRPC=metastatic castration resistant prostate cancer; DLBCL=diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; SCLC=small cell lung cancer; FL=follicular lymphoma; PNH=paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria

Doing now what patients need next